**Proteins** 

## Ilaprazole

Cat. No.: HY-101664 CAS No.: 172152-36-2 Molecular Formula:  $C_{19}H_{18}N_4O_2S$ Molecular Weight: 366.44

Target: Proton Pump; TOPK

Pathway: Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Cell Cycle/DNA Damage

-20°C Storage: Powder 3 years 4°C 2 years

\* The compound is unstable in solutions, freshly prepared is recommended.

**Product** Data Sheet

## **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO:  $\geq 35 \text{ mg/mL} (95.51 \text{ mM})$ 

Ethanol: 5 mg/mL (13.64 mM; Need ultrasonic) \* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.7290 mL	13.6448 mL	27.2896 mL
	5 mM	0.5458 mL	2.7290 mL	5.4579 mL
	10 mM	0.2729 mL	1.3645 mL	2.7290 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.41 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.41 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.41 mM); Clear solution

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description

Ilaprazole (IY-81149) is an orally active proton pump inhibitor. Ilaprazole irreversibly inhibits H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase in a dosedependent manner with an IC<sub>50</sub> of pump inhibitory activity of 6 µM in rabbit parietal cell preparation. Ilaprazole is used for the research of gastric ulcers. Ilaprazole is also a potent TOPK (T-lymphokine-activated killer cell-originated protein kinase)  $inhibitor^{[1][2]}$ .

IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

IC50: 6.0 μM (H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase)<sup>[1]</sup>

In Vitro	On cumulation of 14C-aminopyrine in histamine stimulated parietal cells, the $IC_{50}$ of Ilaprazole (IY-81149) sodium is 9 nM <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
In Vivo	Ilaprazole (3-30 mg/kg; i.d.) dose-dependently inhibits gastric acid secretion $^{[1]}$ . In anesthetized rats, Ilaprazole dose-dependently increased gastric pH which was lowered by histamine infusion. In the case of i.v. injection, the ED <sub>50</sub> of Ilaprazole and omeprazole is 1.2 and 1.4 mg/kg and in the case of i.d. administration, the ED <sub>50</sub> of Ilaprazole and omeprazole is 3.9 and 4.1 mg/kg, respectively. Ilaprazole also significantly inhibits pentagastrin-stimulated gastric secretion. Its ED <sub>50</sub> is 2.1 mg/kg and that of Omeprazole is 3.5 mg/kg with i.d. administration. In the case of i.v. injection, Ilaprazole is equipotent to Omeprazole. Ilaprazole also inhibits gastric acid secretion strongly in fistular rats. The ED <sub>50</sub> of Ilaprazole administered intraduodenally is 0.43 mg/kg and that of Omeprazole is 0.68 mg/kg $^{[1]}$ . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Male SD rat (after pylorus ligation) <sup>[1]</sup>	
	Dosage:	3, 10, 30 mg/kg	
	Administration:	Intraduodenally	
	Result:	The acid output and volume significantly inhibited by about 60 % and 46 % at 3 mg/kg were s, respectively. At 30 mg/kg, it showed 93 % and 73 % inhibition on acid output and volume, respectively.	

## **REFERENCES**

- [1]. Kwon D, et al. Effects of IY-81149, a newly developed proton pump inhibitor, on gastric acid secretion in vitro and in vivo. Arzneimittelforschung. 2001;51(3):204-13.
- [2]. Zheng M, et al. Proton pump inhibitor ilaprazole suppresses cancer growth by targeting T-cell-originated protein kinase. Oncotarget. 2017;8(24):39143-39153.

 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$ 

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA