Product Data Sheet

Numidargistat

Cat. No.: HY-101979 CAS No.: 2095732-06-0

Molecular Formula: $C_{11}H_{22}BN_3O_5$ Molecular Weight: 287.12

Target: Arginase

Pathway: Immunology/Inflammation; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

Powder -20°C Storage: 3 years

2 years

-80°C In solvent 6 months

> -20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (348.29 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
	1 mM	3.4829 mL	17.4143 mL	34.8286 mL	
	5 mM	0.6966 mL	3.4829 mL	6.9657 mL	
	10 mM	0.3483 mL	1.7414 mL	3.4829 mL	

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (8.71 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (8.71 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (8.71 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description Numidargistat (CB-1158) is a potent and orally active inhibitor of arginase, with IC50s of 86 nM and 296 nM for recombinant human arginase 1 and recombinant human arginase 2, respectively. Immuno-oncology agent^[1].

IC50: 86 nM (Arginase 1), 296 nM (Arginase 2)[1] IC₅₀ & Target

In Vitro Numidargistat is a potent and orally-bioavailable inhibitor of arginase, with IC₅₀s of 86 and 296 nM for recombinant human arginase 1 and 2, respectively. Numidargistat inhibits native rginase 1 (Arg1) in human granulocyte, erythrocyte, and

hepatocyte lysate with IC $_{50}$ s of 178 nM, 116 nM and 158 nM, respectively, and blocks Arg1 in cancer patient plasma (IC $_{50}$, 122 nM). Numidargistat also exhibits potent inhibitory activity against arginase in human HepG2, K562 cell lines and primary human hepatocytes with IC $_{50}$ s of 32, 139, 210 μ M, respectively. Numidargistat show no effect on NOS. In addition, Numidargistat is not directly cytotoxic to murine cancer cell lines^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Numidargistat (100 mg/kg, p.o., twice per day) increases the number of tumor-infiltrating cytotoxic cells and decreases myeloid cells in mice. Numidargistat in combination with PD-L1 blockade or gemcitabine inhibits tumor growth in mice bearing CT26 cancer cells^[1].

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PROTOCOL

Cell Assay [1]

Intracellular arginase activity is determined for the arginase-expressing HepG2 and K-562 cell lines as follows. HepG2 cells are seeded at 100,000 cells per well one day prior to treatment with CB-1158. K-562 cells are seeded at 200,000 cells per well on the day of CB-1158 treatment. Cells are treated with a dose-titration of CB-1158 in SILAC RPMI-1640 media containing 5% heat-inactivated and dialyzed FBS, antibiotics/anti-mycotic, 10 mM L-arginine, 0.27 mM L-lysine, and 2 mM L-glutamine. The medium is harvested after 24 h and urea generated is determined. Wells containing media without cells are used as background controls. For assessing the effect of CB-1158 on Arg1 in primary hepatocytes, frozen human hepatocytes are thawed, allowed to adhere onto collagen-coated wells for 4 h, and then incubated for 48 h in SILAC-RPMI containing 10 mM L-ornithine, no L-arginine, and a dose-titration of CB-1158, at which time the media are analyzed for urea^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Administration [1]

Mice[1]

For the 4T1 tumor model, 10^5 cells are injected orthotopically into the mammary fat pad; for all other tumor models, 10^6 cells are injected subcutaneously (s.c.) in the right flank. For all studies, CB-1158 is administered by oral gavage twice per day at 100 mg/kg starting on study day 1 (1 day after tumor implant). Control groups receive vehicle (water) twice daily by gavage. Tumor volume measured by digital caliper (length × width × width/2) and body weight are recorded three times per week. Mice are euthanized when tumors necrotize or volumes reach 2000 mm³. For the CT26 model, anti-PD-L1 antibody (5 mg/kg) is injected intraperitoneally (i.p.) on days 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, and 15. For the 4T1 model, anti-CTLA-4 antibody (5 mg/kg) is injected i.p. on days 3, 6, and 9. 4T1 tumors are harvested on study day 25 into Fekete's solution and tumor nodules are enumerated visually. Gemcitabine is dosed 50 mg/kg i.p. on days 10 and 16 for the CT26 model, 60 mg/kg i.p. on days 6 and 10 for the LLC model, or 30 mg/kg i.p. on day 5 for the 4T1 model. With these regimens, gemcitabine modestly reduces tumor growth and spares most tumor-infiltrating immune cells, allowing for the evaluation of combination activity with CB-1158^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cancer Lett. 2023 May 5;216208.
- Cell Commun Signal. 2023 Sep 18;21(1):236.
- J Physiol. 2020 Nov;598(21):4907-4925.
- bioRxiv. 2023 Sep 10.
- Research Square Preprint. 2022 Mar.

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(2). Stoggerda 5M, et al. Inhibition of anginase by C8-1198 blocks myeloid cell-mediated immune suppression in the tumor microenvironment. J Immunother Cancer. 2017 et 195(1):101. Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only. Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech-@MedChemExpress.com Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA	REFERENCES						
Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com	[1]. Steggerda SM, et al. Inhibition of arginase by CB-1158 blocks myeloid cell-mediated immune suppression in the tumor microenvironment. J Immunother Cancer. 20 Dec 19;5(1):101.						
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