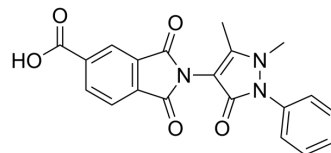


BV02

Cat. No.:	HY-101985		
CAS No.:	292870-53-2		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₀ H ₁₅ N ₃ O ₅		
Molecular Weight:	377		
Target:	Bcr-Abl		
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 12.5 mg/mL (33.16 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Concentration	Solvent	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.6525 mL	13.2626 mL	26.5252 mL
	5 mM	0.5305 mL	2.6525 mL	5.3050 mL
	10 mM	0.2653 mL	1.3263 mL	2.6525 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.32 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.32 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.32 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

BV02 is a potent 4-3-3 PPI (14-3-3 protein-protein interaction) inhibitor. BV02 shows cytotoxicity for hematopoietic cells expressing the IM (imatinib mesylate)-sensitive wild type Bcr-Abl and the IM-resistant T315I mutation. BV02 has the potential for the research of chronic myeloid leukemia^{[1][2]}.

REFERENCES

[1]. Valensin D, et al. Molecular insights to the bioactive form of BV02, a reference inhibitor of 14-3-3 σ protein-protein interactions. *Bioorg Med Chem Lett*. 2016 Feb 1;26(3):894-898.

[2]. Mancini M, et al. A new nonpeptidic inhibitor of 14-3-3 induces apoptotic cell death in chronic myeloid leukemia sensitive or resistant to imatinib. *J Pharmacol Exp Ther*. 2011 Mar;336(3):596-604.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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