## (S,R,S)-AHPC-C6-PEG3-C4-Cl

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Cat. No.:	HY-103605			
CAS No.:	1835705-55-9			
Molecular Formula:	$C_{_{38}}H_{_{59}}CIN_{_{4}}O_{_{7}}S$			
Molecular Weight:	751.42			
Target:	E3 Ligase Ligand-Linker Conjugates			
Pathway:	PROTAC			
Storage:	Pure form	-20°C	3 years	
		4°C	2 years	
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months	
		-20°C	1 month	

## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (133.08 mM) Ethanol : 100 mg/mL (133.08 mM; Need ultrasonic) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.						
Prepari Stock S	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
		1 mM	1.3308 mL	6.6541 mL	13.3081 mL		
		5 mM	0.2662 mL	1.3308 mL	2.6616 mL		
		10 mM	0.1331 mL	0.6654 mL	1.3308 mL		
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	<ol> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 40% PEG300 &gt;&gt; 5% Tween-80 &gt;&gt; 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.33 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.33 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>						

Description	(S,R,S)-AHPC-C6-PEG3-C4-Cl (VH032-C6-PEG3-C4-Cl) is a conjugate of ligands for E3 and 20-atom-length linker. The connector of linker is Halogen group. (S,R,S)-AHPC-C6-PEG3-C4-Cl incorporates the (S,R,S)-AHPC based VHL ligand and an alkyl/ether-based linker. (S,R,S)-AHPC-C6-PEG3-C4-Cl is capable of inducing the degradation of GFP-HaloTag7 in cell-based assays <sup>[1]</sup> .
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	VHL
In Vitro	(S,R,S)-AHPC-C6-PEG3-C4-Cl uses the cereblon ligand <sup>[1]</sup> . The linker is 6-2-2-6. The linkers contain a mixture of hydrophobic

Motecular i ormata.	C <sub>38</sub> H <sub>59</sub> CHV <sub>4</sub> C	70		
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CI-

and hydrophilic moieties to balance the hydrophobicity/hydrophilicity of the resulting hybrid compounds. PROTACs that induce the degradation of an oncogenic tyrosine kinase, BCR-ABL has been developed. (S,R,S)-AHPC-C6-PEG3-C4-Cl can be attached to potent TKIs (bosutinib and dasatinib) that mediate the degradation of c-ABL and BCR-ABL by hijacking either CRBN or VHL E3 ubiquitin ligase <sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## REFERENCES

[1]. US 20170121321 A1

[2]. Lai AC, et al. Modular PROTAC Design for the Degradation of Oncogenic BCR-ABL. Angew Chem Int Ed Engl. 2016 Jan 11;55(2):807-10.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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