Proteins

Product Data Sheet

Diethylcarbamazine citrate

Cat. No.: HY-12642 CAS No.: 1642-54-2 Molecular Formula: C₁₆H₂₉N₃O₈ 391.42 Molecular Weight: Target: Parasite

Pathway: Anti-infection

Storage: 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H₂O: 100 mg/mL (255.48 mM; Need ultrasonic)

DMSO: ≥ 39 mg/mL (99.64 mM)

* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.5548 mL	12.7740 mL	25.5480 mL
	5 mM	0.5110 mL	2.5548 mL	5.1096 mL
	10 mM	0.2555 mL	1.2774 mL	2.5548 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.39 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.39 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.39 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Diethylcarbamazine citrate is an orally active anthropoidal compound. Diethylcarbamazine citrate is an inhibitor of arachidonic acid metabolism of filaria microfilaria. Diethylcarbamazine citrate has anti-inflammatory and antiparasitic activity[1][2][3].

In Vivo

Diethylcarbamazine citrate (250 mg/kg intravenously, single dose) induces a sharp early decrease in mf count in albinoinfected rats, followed by an increase^[2].

Diethylcarbamazine citrate (50 mg/kg orally, twice weekly) can improve insulin resistance in obese mice induced by high-fat

MCE has not independe	ently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
Animal Model:	HFD-induced obese mice ^[3]
Dosage:	50 mg/kg
Administration:	p.o. twice a week
Result:	Reduced glucose, triglycerides and insulin levels.
	Reduced the levels of TNF- α , IL-6 and MCP-1.
	Reduced COX activity and inhibited this translocated or activated NF-кВр65.

REFERENCES

- [1]. El-Shahawi GA, et al. Setaria equina: in vivo effect of diethylcarbamazine citrate on microfilariae in albino rats. Exp Parasitol. 2010 Dec;126(4):603-10.
- [2]. Abdul-Razek N, et al. Enhancement of Anti-allergic Effect of Diethylcarbamazine Citrate in Asthmatic Mouse Model: Testing of Anti-drug Antibodies and Quercetin. Iran J Allergy Asthma Immunol. 2020 Aug 25;19(4):373-385.
- [3]. Abdel-Latif M. Diethylcarbamazine citrate ameliorates insulin resistance in high-fat diet-induced obese mice via modulation of adipose tissue inflammation. Int Immunopharmacol. 2015 Dec;29(2):607-612.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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