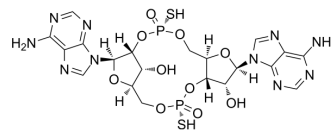


## ADU-S100

Cat. No.:	HY-12885
CAS No.:	1638241-89-0
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>10</sub> O <sub>10</sub> P <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub>
Molecular Weight:	690.54
Target:	STING
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation
Storage:	-20°C, protect from light
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)



## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	H <sub>2</sub> O : 20 mg/mL (28.96 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	<div><div>Solvent</div><div>Concentration</div></div>	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	1.4481 mL	7.2407 mL	14.4814 mL	
		5 mM	0.2896 mL	1.4481 mL	2.8963 mL	
		10 mM	0.1448 mL	0.7241 mL	1.4481 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						

## BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	ADU-S100 (MIW815), an activator of stimulator of interferon genes (STING), leads to potent and systemic tumor regression and immunity <sup>[1]</sup> .
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	STING <sup>[1]</sup>
In Vitro	<p>ADU-S100 is unstable in its free base form. ADU-S100 ammonium salt (HY-12885B) improves both stability and lipophilicity, promoting significantly increased STING signaling as compared to endogenous and pathogen-derived cyclic dinucleotides (CDNs)<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>ADU-S100 shows enhanced type I IFN production over CDA in THP-1 human monocytes. In contrast, the dithio, mixed-linkage CDN derivatives (ML RR-CDA, ML RR-S2 CDG, and ML RR-S2 cGAMP) potently activate all five hSTING alleles, including the refractory hSTING<sup>REF</sup> and hSTING<sup>Q</sup> alleles. ADU-S100 induces the highest expression of IFN-β and the pro-inflammatory cytokines TNF-α, IL-6, and MCP-1 on a molar equivalent basis, as compared to endogenous ML cGAMP and the TLR3 agonist poly I:C. ADU-S100 is also found to induce aggregation of STING and induce phosphorylation of TBK1 and IRF3 in mouse bone marrow macrophage (BMM). ADU-S100 induces significantly higher levels of IFN-α when compared to ML cGAMP<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
In Vivo	ADU-S100 shows higher anti-tumor control than the endogenous ML cGAMP. A dose response of the ADU-S100 compound is

performed in B16 tumor-bearing mice, which identifies an optimal antitumor dose level that also elicits maximum tumor antigen-specific CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell responses, and improves long-term survival to 50%<sup>[1]</sup>.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## PROTOCOL

### Cell Assay <sup>[1]</sup>

Cryopreserved hPBMCs are thawed and  $1 \times 10^6$  cells per well are plated in a 96 well plate in RPMI media. Cells are stimulated with 10  $\mu$ M ADU-S100 or ML cGAMP for 6 hours and supernatants are harvested. Supernatants are diluted 1:2 and assayed for IFN- $\alpha$  protein using Cytometric Bead Array (CBA) Human Flex Set. Data is collected using a FACSVerse cytometer and analyzed by FCAP Array Software<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### Animal Administration <sup>[1]</sup>

#### Mice<sup>[1]</sup>

WT C57BL/6 mice are inoculated with  $5 \times 10^4$  B16.F10 cells in the left flank (n=8). When tumor volumes are 100 mm<sup>3</sup> mice receive three IT doses of either ML RR-S2 CDG (25  $\mu$ g), ADU-S100 (50  $\mu$ g), or HBSS as control. WT C57BL/6 mice are inoculated with  $5 \times 10^4$  B16.F10 cells in the left flank (n=5). When tumor volumes are 100 mm<sup>3</sup> they received three IT doses of ADU-S100 at 5, 25, 50 or 100  $\mu$ g or HBSS as control. WT C57BL/6 mice are inoculated with  $5 \times 10^4$  B16.F10 cells in the left flank (n=8). When tumor volumes are 100 mm<sup>3</sup> they receive three IT doses of 100  $\mu$ g ADU-S100 or HBSS as control. Treatments are administered on days 13, 17 and 20 and tumor measurements are taken twice weekly. Results are shown as percent survival by Log-rank (Mantel-Cox) test (A and C)<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nature. 2023 Apr;616(7958):806-813.
- Cancer Cell. 2023 Jun 12;41(6):1073-1090.e12.
- Cancer Cell. 2020 Mar 16;37(3):289-307.e9.
- Nat Nanotechnol. 2021 Sep 30.
- Nat Commun. 2023 Oct 2;14(1):6132.

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## REFERENCES

[1]. Corrales L, et al. Direct Activation of STING in the Tumor Microenvironment Leads to Potent and Systemic Tumor Regression and Immunity. Cell Rep. 2015 May 19;11(7):1018-30.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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