## PRT062607 acetate

Cat. No.:	HY-15324	H <sub>2</sub> N
CAS No.:	1370261-98-5	o
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>27</sub> N <sub>9</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	N
Molecular Weight:	453.5	
Target:	Syk; Syk; Src; Mixed Lineage Kinase; PAK; Pyk2; FAK; Apoptosis	H <sub>2</sub> N <sup>40</sup>
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK; MAPK/ERK Pathway; Cell Cycle/DNA Damage;	
	Cytoskeleton; Apoptosis	Ŭ
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture	OH
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)	

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY			
Description	PRT062607 (P505-15) acetate is an orally available Syk inhibitor (IC <sub>50</sub> : 1 nM) that inhibits inflammation and induction Apoptosis. PRT062607 acetate exerts potent antitumor activity in tumor xenograft mouse models <sup>[1]</sup> . <sup>[2]</sup> .		
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	Lck 249 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> , <sup>[2]</sup> )	PAK5 166 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> , <sup>[2]</sup> )	
In Vitro	<ul> <li>PRT062607 acetate also has significant activity against multiple kinases, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 81 nM (Fgr), 88 nM (MLK1), 123 nM (Yes), 139 nM (Flt3), 166 nM (PAK5), 192 nM (Lyn), 244 nM (cSRC), 249 nM (Lck), 108 nM (Pyk), 415 nM (FAK), 1.05 nM (ZAP-70) [1].</li> <li>PRT062607 acetate (0.01-2 μM; 3 d) inhibits Phosphorylation of ERK(Y204), AKT(S473) and SYK(Y352) in Ramos cells, and inhibition of BLNK Tyr84 phosphorylation<sup>[1][2]</sup>.</li> <li>PRT062607 acetate (2 μM; 24 h) in SU-DHL6 cells Induces apoptosis in human whole blood<sup>[1]</sup>.</li> <li>In human whole blood, P505-15 can effectively inhibit B cell antigen receptor-mediated B cell signaling and activation (IC<sub>50</sub>: 0.27 and 0.28 μM) and Fc receptor 1-mediated induced basophil degranulation (IC<sub>50</sub>: 0.15 μM)<sup>[2]</sup>.</li> <li>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</li> <li>Western Blot Analysis</li> </ul>		
	Cell Line:	Ramos cells <sup>[1]</sup> , SUDHL4 cells <sup>[2]</sup>	
	Concentration:	0.01, 0.025, 0.064, 0.16, 0.4, 2.5 μM	
	Incubation Time:	3 days	
	Result:	Resulted not entirely concentration-dependent and complete inhibition on ERK (Y204)and AKT (S473) phosphorylation, Lyn phosphorylation of SYK at Y352. Inhibited BLNK Tyr84 phosphorylation in a concentration dependent manner, while whitout inhibitory effect on Lyn activity. Potently inhibited BCR-mediated pERK Tyr204 in the Ramos B cell line, without suppressing PMA-mediated pERK Tyr204.	
In Vivo	PRT062607 acetate produced dose-dependent anti-inflammatory activity in two rodent models of rheumatoid arthritis. PRT062607 acetate (15, 30 mg/kg; po; bid; 5 d) causes SYK inhibition in mice and prevents BCR-induced splenomegaly in mice <sup>[1]</sup> .		



PRT062607 acetate (15 mg/kg; po; bid; 5 d) SYK inhibition in mice prevents Ramos tumor formation in mouse xenograft models<sup>[1]</sup>. PRT062607 acetate (10-20 mg/kg; po; bid) prevents BCR mediated splenomegaly and significantly inhibited NHL tumor growth in xenograft models<sup>[2]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Animal Model: anti-IgD Stimulated Mouse Inflammation Model<sup>[1]</sup> Dosage: 10 mg/kg, 15 mg/kg, 20 mg/kg Administration: po; bid for 5 days Result: Suppressed mouse B-cell activation following stimulation with this anti-IgD. Ramos Tumor Xenograft Model in NOD/SCID mice<sup>[1]</sup> Animal Model: Dosage: 15 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg Administration: po; bid; terminated when tumor weights began reaching approximately 1.5 mg, at which time tumors were excised and weighed. Result: Protected mouse from Ramos tumor growth in vivo.

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2022 Oct 25;119(43):e2207280119.
- Int J Ophthalmol. 2022 Jul 18;15(7):1044-1052.
- Harvard Medical School LINCS LIBRARY

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

## REFERENCES

[1]. Spurgeon SE, et al. The selective SYK inhibitor P505-15 (PRT062607) inhibits B cell signaling and function in vitro and in vivo and augments the activity of fludarabine in chronic lymphocytic leukemia. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2013 Feb;344(2):378-87.

[2]. Coffey G, et al. Specific inhibition of spleen tyrosine kinase suppresses leukocyte immune function and inflammation in animal models of rheumatoid arthritis. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2012 Feb;340(2):350-9.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA