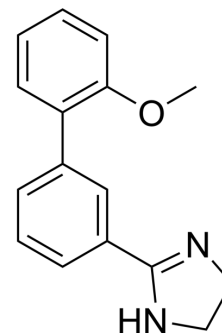


## 5-HT7R antagonist 2

Cat. No.:	HY-163345
CAS No.:	1448808-50-1
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O
Molecular Weight:	252.31
Target:	5-HT Receptor
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

5-HT7R antagonist 2 (compound 4h) is a 5-HT7R antagonist that antagonizes the G protein and  $\beta$ -arrestin signaling pathways, with a  $K_i$  of 67 nM, the  $IC_{50}$  values in cAMP and Tango tests were 2.59  $\mu$ M and 39.57  $\mu$ M, respectively. 5-HT7R antagonist 2 has an effect on neurogenesis and can reduce repetitive behaviors related to autism spectrum disorder (ASD) and restore neurogenesis of ASD impairment<sup>[1]</sup>.  
Pharmacokinetic Analysis ICR Male Mice<sup>[1]</sup>

☒☒☒☒☒☒<sup>[1]</sup>

	Plasma	Intravenous Administration	Intraperitoneal Administration
$T_{max}$ (h)		0.08	0.25
$T_{1/2}$ (h)		0.77	1.06
$C_{max}$ (ng/mL)		33.07	156.44
$AUC_{last}$ (ng·h/mL)		28.31	143.27
CL (L/h/kg)		41.61	-
$V_{ss}$ (L/kg)		32.43	-
MRT (h)		0.79	0.93
F (%)		50.60	

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

5-HT<sub>7</sub> Receptor  
67 nM (K<sub>i</sub>)

#### In Vitro

5-HT7R antagonist 2 (compound 4h) (microsomes, 30 min) has significant metabolic stability and is not cytotoxic<sup>[1]</sup>.

5-HT7R antagonist 2 is a competitive antagonist in both G protein and  $\beta$ -arrestin signaling pathways<sup>[1]</sup>.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Line:

Concentration:

Incubation Time:

Result:

Cell Line:

Concentration:

Incubation Time:

Result:

#### In Vivo

5-HT7R antagonist (compound 4h) (intraperitoneal injection, 5 mg/kg, 30 min) has the potential to regulate the repetitive behavior of ASD in the animal model of ASD, and can increase the number of immature ASD neurons<sup>[1]</sup>.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model: ASD animal models

Dosage: 5 mg/kg

Administration: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: 4h can increase the number of immature ASD neurons

## REFERENCES

[1]. Jeong JH, et al. Identification of an Antagonist Targeting G Protein and  $\beta$ -Arrestin Signaling Pathways of 5-HT7R. ACS Chem Neurosci. 2024;15(5):1026-1041.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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