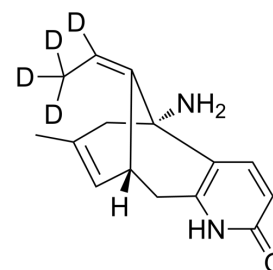


(-)-Huperzine A-d₄ hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-17387S1
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ D ₄ ClN ₂ O
Molecular Weight:	282.8
Target:	iGluR; Cholinesterase (ChE); Apoptosis; Isotope-Labeled Compounds
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling; Apoptosis; Others
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



HCl

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	(-)-Huperzine A-d ₄ hydrochloride is deuterated labeled (-)-Huperzine A (HY-17387). (-)-Huperzine A (Huperzine A) is an alkaloid isolated from <i>Huperzia serrata</i> , with neuroprotective activity. (-)-Huperzine A is a potent, highly specific, reversible and blood-brain barrier penetrant inhibitor of acetylcholinesterase (AChE), with an IC ₅₀ of 82 nM. (-)-Huperzine A also is non-competitive antagonist of N-methyl-D-aspartate glutamate (NMDA) receptor. (-)-Huperzine A is developed for the research of neurodegenerative diseases, including Alzheimer's disease ^{[1][2][3][4][5]} .
In Vitro	Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs ^[1] . (-)-Huperzine A (1 μM; 2 hours) attenuates Aβ ₂₃₋₃₅ (20 μM)-induced neuronal injury ^[3] . (-)-Huperzine A (100 μM) reversibly inhibits the NMDA-induced current (IC ₅₀ =126 μM) in whole-cell voltage-clamp recording in CA1 pyramidal neurons acutely dissociated from rat hippocampus ^[4] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	(-)-Huperzine A (0.1-0.2 mg/kg; i.p.; daily; for 12 days) can alleviate the cognitive dysfunction and neuronal degeneration induced by i.c.v. infusion of beta-amyloid protein-(1-40) in rats ^[6] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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