## Pyr10

Cat. No.:	HY-19408		
CAS No.:	1315323-00-	2	
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>13</sub> F <sub>6</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S		
Molecular Weight:	449.37		
Target:	TRP Channe	l	
Pathway:	Membrane T	ransport	er/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year

## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (222.53 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	2.2253 mL	11.1267 mL	22.2534 mL	
		5 mM	0.4451 mL	2.2253 mL	4.4507 mL	
		10 mM	0.2225 mL	1.1127 mL	2.2253 mL	
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	<ol> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 40% PEG300 &gt;&gt; 5% Tween-80 &gt;&gt; 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.56 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.56 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY		
Description	Pyr10 is a pyrazole derivative and a selective TRP cation 3 (TRPC3) inhibitor. Pyr10 inhibits Ca <sup>2+</sup> influx in carbachol- stimulated TRPC3-transfected HEK293 cells with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 0.72 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> of 13.08 μM for store operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in BRL- 2H3 cells). Pyr10 has the ability to distinguish between receptor-operated TRPC3 and native stromal interaction molecule 1 (STIM1)/Orai1 channels <sup>[1]</sup> .	
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	TRPC3 0.72 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	
In Vitro	Pyr10 has the ability to discriminate between the classical Orai-mediated, highly Ca <sup>2+</sup> selective signalling pathway and the phospholipase C-dependent Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry-mediated by TRPC channels, specifically by TRPC3. Pyr10 (3 μM) completely	

Inhibitors • Screening Libraries • Proteins

	eliminates TRPC3 currents as well as Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry while exerting modest effects on Orai-mediated responses. The selective block of TRPC3 channels by Pyr10 barely affected mast cell activation <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	Genetic deletion (TRPC3 <sup>-/-</sup> ) and pharmacological channel blockade with Pyr10 blunts ventricular cardiac fibroblast activation and myocardial fibrosis in N( $\omega$ )-nitro-l-arginine methyl ester (l-NAME) hypertensive mice <sup>[2]</sup> .

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- J Cell Mol Med. 2020 Jan;24(1):488-510.
- Lab Invest. 2021 Sep 8.
- Environ Toxicol. 2023 Sep 26.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

## REFERENCES

[1]. Schleifer H, et al. Novel pyrazole compounds for pharmacological discrimination between receptor-operated and store-operated Ca(2+) entry pathways. Br J Pharmacol. 2012 Dec;167(8):1712-1722.

[2]. Saliba Y, et al. Transient Receptor Potential Canonical 3 and Nuclear Factor of Activated T Cells C3 Signaling Pathway Critically Regulates Myocardial Fibrosis. Antioxid Redox Signal. 2019 Jun 1;30(16):1851-1879.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.