## DiD perchlorate

Cat. No.: CAS No.: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: Target: Pathway:	HY-D1028 127274-91-3 C <sub>61</sub> H <sub>99</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> 959.9 Fluorescent Dye Others	
Storage:	4°C, protect from light, stored under nitrogen * The compound is unstable in solutions, freshly prepared is recommended.	

## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.0418 mL	5.2089 mL	10.4178 mL		
		5 mM	0.2084 mL	1.0418 mL	2.0836 mL		
		10 mM	0.1042 mL	0.5209 mL	1.0418 mL		
	Please refer to the so	lubility information to select the app	propriate solvent.	1	1		
n Vivo		one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PE( ng/mL (1.74 mM); Clear solution	G300 >> 5% Tween-80	) >> 45% saline			
		2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (1.74 mM); Clear solution					
		one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% cor ng/mL (1.74 mM); Clear solution	n oil				

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Description	DiD is a long-chain carbocyanine dye. Carbocyanine dyes are widely used as Di to label cells, organelles, liposomes, viruses and lipoproteins <sup>[2]</sup> .
In Vitro	General Protocol 1. Preparing Stain Solutions of Di 1) Prepare DMF, DMSO or ethanol stock solutions: The stock solutions should be prepared in dimethyl formamide (DMF), dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO, or ethanol DMSO at 1-5 mM. DMF is preferable to ethanol as a solvent for Di. The stock solution should be used promptly. Any unused solution need to be aliquoted and refrozen at least -20⊠. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycle. The solution can be stored for 6 months.

# Product Data Sheet



	<ol> <li>2) Prepare working solutions: Dilute the stock solutions into a suitable buffer such as serum-free culture medium, HBSS or PBS to make 1 to 5 μM working solutions. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day. Note: The final concentration of the working solution should be empirically determined for different cell types and/or experimental conditions.</li> <li>2. Suspension cells</li> <li>1) Centrifuge at 1000 g at 4½ for 3-5 minutes and then discard the supernatant. Wash twice with PBS, 5 minutes each time. The cell density is 1×10<sup>6</sup>/mL</li> <li>2) Add 1 mL of Di working solution, and then incubate at room temperature for 5-30 minutes.</li> <li>3) Centrifuge at 400 g at 4½ for 3-4 minutes and then discard the supernatant.</li> <li>4) Wash twice with PBS, 5 minutes each time.</li> <li>5) Resuspend cells with serum-free cell culture medium or PBS.Observation by fluorescence microscopy or flow cytometry.</li> <li>3. Adherent cells</li> <li>1) Culture adherent cells on sterile coverslips.</li> <li>2) Remove the coverslip from the medium and aspirate the excess medium.</li> <li>3) Add 100 μL of working solution, gently shake it to completely cover the cells, and then incubate at room temperature for 5-30 minutes.</li> <li>4) Wash twice with medium, 5 minutes each time. Observation by fluorescence microscopy or flow cytometry. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</li> </ol>
In Vivo	Two weeks after injection of stained cells, a single, bright, DiD perchlorate (DiD)-positive cells located between 15 to 40 μm from the endosteum is found. Results reveal a progressive appearance of cell clusters of decreased dye intensity, consistent with the partitioning of DiD perchlorate label on cell division <sup>[3]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL
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Administration <sup>[1]</sup>

### CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Chem Eng J. 2024 Feb 16, 149761.
- J Control Release. 2021 Jun 2;S0168-3659(21)00283-2.
- Discov Nano. 2024 Jan 4;19(1):4.
- Research Square Preprint. 2023 Aug 7.

See more customer validations on <a href="https://www.MedChemExpress.com">www.MedChemExpress.com</a>

#### REFERENCES

[1]. Gan WB, et al. Multicolor "DiOlistic" labeling of the nervous system using lipophilic dye combinations. Neuron. 2000 Aug;27(2):219-25.

[2]. Lo Celso C, et al. Live-animal tracking of individual haematopoietic stem/progenitor cells in their niche.

[3]. Kenji Yumoto, et al. A novel method for monitoring tumor dormancy using fluorescent dye DiD. Cytometry A. 2014 Jun; 85(6): 548–555.

[4]. Meng Li, et al. In Vivo Tracking of Human Adipose-derived Mesenchymal Stem Cells in a Rat Knee Osteoarthritis Model with Fluorescent Lipophilic Membrane Dye. J Vis Exp. 2017; (128): 56273.

#### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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