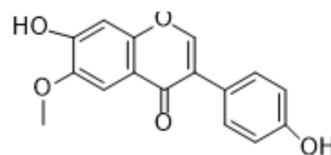


Glycitein

Cat. No.:	HY-N0016
CAS No.:	40957-83-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₆ H ₁₂ O ₅
Molecular Weight:	284.26
Target:	Apoptosis; Autophagy
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Autophagy
Storage:	4°C, protect from light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 25 mg/mL (87.95 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	<div><div>Solvent</div><div>Concentration</div></div>	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	3.5179 mL	17.5895 mL	35.1791 mL	
		5 mM	0.7036 mL	3.5179 mL	7.0358 mL	
		10 mM	0.3518 mL	1.7590 mL	3.5179 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (8.79 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic					
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (8.79 mM); Clear solution					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Glycitein is a soy isoflavone used to study apoptosis and antioxidant ^{[1][2][3]} .	
In Vitro	<p>Glycitein (0-30 μM, 4 days/20 h) inhibits the dextran-coated charcoal/fetal bovine serum (DDC-FBS)-induced growth (4 days) and DNA synthesis (20 h) of aortic smooth muscle cells (SMC) from stroke-prone spontaneously hypertensive rats (SHRSP)^[3]. Glycitein (0-100 μM, 24 h) inhibits the viability in human gastric cancer cells, induces apoptosis and induces G0/G1 phase arrest^[4].</p> <p>Glycitein (100 μg/mL, 2 days) protects against Aβ-induced toxicity and oxidative stress in transgenic C. elegans^[6]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay^[4]</p>	
	Cell Line:	human gastric cancer cells (AGS, MKN-28, MKN-45, NCI-N87, YCC-1, YCC-6, SNU-5, SNU-

		216, SNU-484, SNU-668)
	Concentration:	24 h
	Incubation Time:	0-100 μ M
	Result:	IC ₅₀ : 30.98, 60.17, 35.07, 36.05, 33.11, 88.62, 97.68, 83.02, 46.87, 87.55 μ M respectively.
	Apoptosis Analysis ^[4]	
	Cell Line:	AGS cells
	Concentration:	30 μ M
	Incubation Time:	3, 6, 12, and 24 hr
	Result:	Increased the expression of Bax, Caspase-3 and cleaved PARP protein, and decreased levels of Bcl-2. Increased the fluorescence intensity of PI staining.
In Vivo	<p>Glycitein (3 mg/day, oral gavage, 4 days) has weak estrogenic activity, and increases uterine weight in weaning female B6D2F1 mice^[1].</p> <p>Glycitein (15, 30, or 45 mg/kg in diet) in sows during late pregnancy and lactation enhances antioxidative indices, decreases the content of MDA in sow's plasma and milk, improves milk composition, and enhances the growth performance of the sucking piglets^[5].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>	

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Front Cell Dev Biol. 2021 Jun 11;9:684393.
- Biol Reprod. 2022 Aug 10;ioac157.

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REFERENCES

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- [3]. Gutierrez-Zepeda A, et al. Soy isoflavone glycitein protects against beta amyloid-induced toxicity and oxidative stress in transgenic Caenorhabditis elegans. BMC Neurosci. 2005 Aug 25;6:54.
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- [6]. Pan W, et al. Genistein, daidzein and glycitein inhibit growth and DNA synthesis of aortic smooth muscle cells from stroke-prone spontaneously hypertensive rats. J Nutr. 2001 Apr;131(4):1154-8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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