Product Data Sheet

Cyclic somatostatin

Cat. No.: HY-P0084 CAS No.: 38916-34-6

Molecular Formula: $C_{76}H_{104}N_{18}O_{19}S_2$

1637.88 Molecular Weight:

Sequence: Ala-Gly-Cys-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Cys (Disulfide bridge: Cys3-Cys

Sequence Shortening: AGCKNFFWKTFTSC (Disulfide bridge: Cys3-Cys14)

Target: Others Others Pathway:

Sealed storage, away from moisture and light Storage:

> Powder -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year

* In solvent: -80°C, 1 year; -20°C, 6 months (sealed storage, away from moisture and

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H₂O: 100 mg/mL (61.05 mM; Need ultrasonic) DMF: 100 mg/mL (61.05 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	0.6105 mL	3.0527 mL	6.1055 mL
	5 mM	0.1221 mL	0.6105 mL	1.2211 mL
	10 mM	0.0611 mL	0.3053 mL	0.6105 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Cyclic somatostatin (SRIF-14) is a growth hormone-release inhibiting factor used in the research of severe, acute Description

> hemorrhages of gastroduodenal ulcers. Cyclic somatostatin is a neuropeptide co-stored with acetylcholine in the cardiac parasympathetic innervation, exerts influences directly on contraction of ventricular cardiomyocytes. Cyclic somatostatin inhibits the contractile response of isoprenaline with an IC₅₀ value of 13 nM. Cyclic somatostatin can be used for the

research of cardiovascular disease [1][2][3].

IC₅₀ & Target IC50: 13 nM (contractile response of isoprenaline)^[1]

In Vitro Cyclic somatostatin (0-10 μM; 15 min) dose-dependently inhibits the contractile response to isoprenaline in rat ventricular

	cardiomyocytes with an IC_{50} value of? 13 $nM^{[1]}$. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
In Vivo	Cyclic somatostatin (5 μ g/kg; i.v. per hour once for 18-22 hours) affects visceral metabolism in ruminants ^[3] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Polypay sheeps ^[3]	
	Dosage:	5 μg/kg	
	Administration:	Intravenous injection; 5 μg/kg per hour once; for 18-22 hours	
	Result:	Decreased net portal-drained viscera release of glucose, a-amino N, ammonia N, b-hydrox ybutyrate, oxygen consumption, liver oxygen consumption, and total splanchnic a-amino N release and oxygen consumption. Increased lactate release and net hepatic glucose output.	

REFERENCES

- [1]. Murray F, et al. Positive and negative contractile effects of somatostatin-14 on rat ventricular cardiomyocytes. J Cardiovasc Pharmacol. 2001 Mar;37(3):324-32.
- [2]. Bell D, et al. SRIF receptor subtype expression and involvement in positive and negative contractile effects of somatostatin-14 (SRIF-14) in ventricular cardiomyocytes. Cell Physiol Biochem. 2008;22(5-6):653-64.
- [3]. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/9374319/

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

 $\hbox{E-mail: } tech @ Med Chem Express.com$

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA