

# Product Data Sheet

## Acetylcholinesterase/ACHE Protein, Mouse (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P72811		
Synonyms:	Acetylcholinesterase; AChE		
Species:	Mouse		
Source:	HEK293		
Accession:	NP_033729.1 (E32-L614)		
Gene ID:	11423		
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 80 kDa		

### PROPERTIES

AA Sequence						
An Sequence	EGREDPQLLV	RVRGGQLRGI	RLKAPGGPVS	AFLGIPFAEP		
	P V G S R R F M P P	EPKRPWSGVL	DATTFQNVCY	Q Y V D T L Y P G F		
	EGTEMWNPNR	ELSEDCLYLN	VWTPYPRPAS	PTPVLIWIYG		
	GGFYSGAASL	DVYDGRFLAQ	VEGAVLVSMN	YRVGTFGFLA		
	LPGSREAPGN	VGLLDQRLAL	QWVQENIAAF	G G D P M S V T L F		
	GESAGAASVG	MHILSLPSRS	LFHRAVLQSG	ΤΡΝGΡWΑΤVS		
	AGEARRRATL	LARLVGCPPG	GAGGNDTELI	ACLRTRPAQD		
	LVDHEWHVLP	QESIFRFSFV	P V V D G D F L S D	TPEALINTGD		
	FQDLQVLVGV	VKDEGSYFLV	YGVPGFSKDN	ESLISRAQFL		
	AGVRIGVPQA	SDLAAEAVVL	HYTDWLHPED	P T H L R D A M S A		
	V V G D H N V V C P	VAQLAGRLAA	QGARVYAYIF	EHRASTLTWP		
	LWMGVPHGYE	IEFIFGLPLD	PSLNYTTEER	IFAQRLMKYW		
	TNFARTGDPN	D P R D S K S P Q W	ΡΡΥΤΤΑΑQQΥ	VSLNLKPLEV		
	RRGLRAQTCA	FWNRFLPKLL	SATDTLDEAE	RQWKAEFHRW		
	S S Y M V H W K N Q	F D H Y S K Q E R C	SDL			
Biological Activity	Measured by its ability to cleave Acetylthiocholine. The specific activity is > 250 nmoL/min/µg, as measured under the described conditions.					
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.					
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.					
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.					
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH_2O.					
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.					

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

#### DESCRIPTION

#### Background

Acetylcholinesterase (ACHE) protein, with its diverse functional repertoire, exhibits acetylcholinesterase activity, identical protein binding activity, and the ability for protein self-association. Its involvement in positive regulation of cold-induced thermogenesis positions it upstream of critical processes such as acetylcholine catabolic processes, acetylcholine receptor signaling pathways, and the regulation of receptor recycling. ACHE is found in various cellular components, including the basement membrane, cell surface, and neuromuscular junction. Its expression spans across multiple structures, including the alimentary system, genitourinary system, musculature, nervous system, and sensory organs. Notably, human orthologs of ACHE are implicated in significant health conditions such as Alzheimer's disease, epilepsy, and myasthenia gravis, highlighting the importance of this protein in various physiological contexts. Broad expression patterns further emphasize its fundamental role in multiple tissues, particularly in the cerebellum and thymus.

#### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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