Proteins

Product Data Sheet

ACOT13 Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P7452

Synonyms: rHuAcyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 13, His; ACOT-13; Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 13

Species: **HEK293** Source:

Q9NPJ3 (T2-N140) Accession:

Gene ID: 55856

Molecular Weight: Approximately 15.9 kDa

PROPERTIES

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ΔΔ	Sea	IIIΔr	\sim

TSMTQSLREV IKAMTKARNF ERVLGKITLV SAAPGKVICE MKVEEEHTNA IGTLHGGLTA TLVDNISTMA LLCTERGAPG VSVDMNITYM SPAKLGEDIV ITAHVLKQGK TLAFTSVDLT

NKATGKLIAQ GRHTKHLGNH HHHHH

Biological Activity

The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.

Appearance

Lyophilized powder

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 8% Sucrose, 100 mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 80, pH7.0.

Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH₂O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 13 (ACOT13), also known as thioesterase superfamily member 2 (Them2), belongs to the mammalian acyl-CoA thioesterase family. ACOT13 is a homotetrameric hotdog fold thioesterase, and is enriched in oxidative tissues, associated with mitochondria, and relatively specific for long chain fatty acyl-CoA substrates. ACOT13 plays a key role in hepatic lipid and glucose metabolism. ACOT13 is essential for the cell sustained proliferation and is colocalized with microtubules^{[1][2]}.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Wei J, et al. Thioesterase superfamily member 2 (Them2)/acyl-CoA thioesterase 13 (Acot13): a homotetrameric hotdog fold thioesterase with selectivity for long-chain fatty acyl-CoAs. Biochem J. 2009 Jun 26;421(2):311-22.

[2]. Cheng Z, et al. Human thioesterase superfamily member 2 (hTHEM2) is co-localized with beta-tubulin onto the microtubule. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2006 Dec 1;350(4):850-3.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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