

Cytochrome P450

CYPs

Cytochrome p450 comprises a superfamily of heme-thiolate proteins named for the spectral absorbance peak of their carbon-monoxide-bound species at 450 nm. Having been found in every class of organism, including Archaea, the p450 superfamily is believed to have originated from an ancestral gene that existed over 3 billion years ago. Repeated gene duplications have subsequently given rise to one of the largest of multigene families. These enzymes are notable both for the diversity of reactions that they catalyze and the range of chemically dissimilar substrates upon which they act. Cytochrome p450s support the oxidative, peroxidative and reductive metabolism of such endogenous and xenobiotic substrates as environmental pollutants, agrochemicals, plant allelochemicals, steroids, prostaglandins and fatty acids. In humans, Cytochrome p450s are best known for their central role in phase I drug metabolism where they are of critical importance to two of the most significant problems in clinical pharmacology: drug interactions and interindividual variability in drug metabolism.

Cytochrome P450 Inhibitors, Activators, Modulators & Inducers

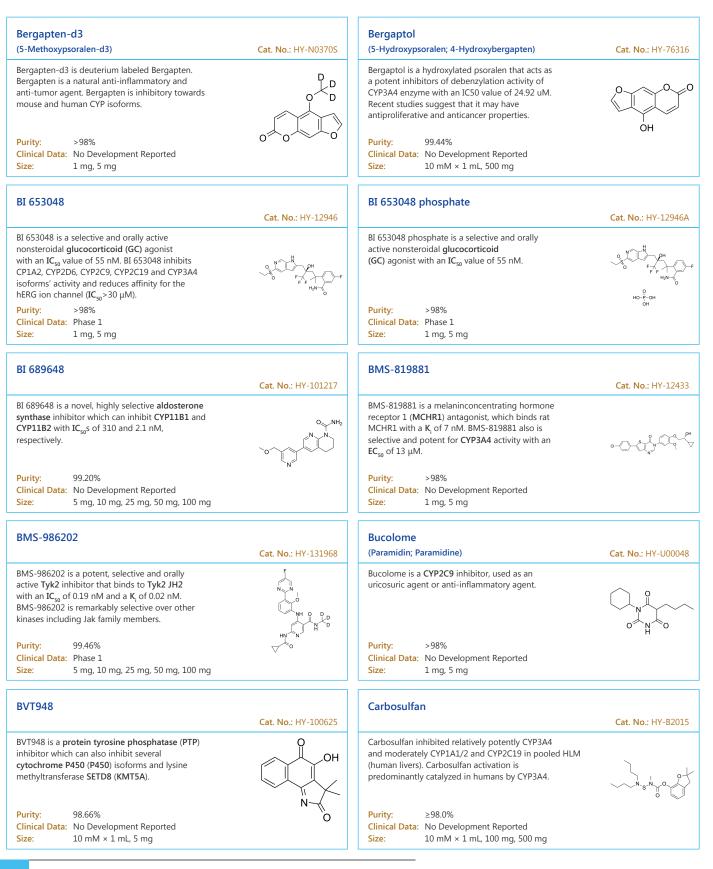
(+)-Ketoconazole ((+)-Ketoconazol; (+)-R 41400)		(3S,5S)-Atorvastatin	
(+)-Ketoconazole ((+)-R 41400) is an imidazole anti-fungal agent, a CYP3A4 inhibitor.	Cat. No.: HY-B0105A	(3S,5S)-Atorvastatin is a inactive enantiomer of Atorvastatin. (3S,5S)-Atorvastatin can activate pregnane X receptor (PXR) . Atorvastatin is an orally active HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor, has the ability to effectively decrease blood lipids.	Cat. No.: HY-B0589C
Purity:99.77%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg		Purity: ≥95.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
(R)-Mephenytoin ((-)-Mephenytoin)	Cat. No.: HY-126043	(Rac)-Brassinazole	Cat. No.: HY-121161
(R)-Mephenytoin ((-)-Mephenytoin), the R-enantiomer of Mephenytoin. Mephenytoin is an Anticonvulsant agent.	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	(Rac)-Brassinazole, triazole-type compound, is a brassinosteroid (BR) biosynthesis inhibitor. (Rac)-Brassinazole increases inhibition of CYP90B in BR biosynthesis.	
Purity:99.89%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity:99.88%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg	
1-Aminobenzotriazole (ABT; 3-Aminobenzotriazole)	Cat. No.: HY-103389	1-Ethynylnaphthalene	Cat. No .: HY-111430
1-Aminobenzotriazole is a nonspecific and irreversible inhibitor of cytochrome P450 (P450).	ŅH ₂ N	1-Ethynylnaphthalene is a selective inhibitor of cytochrome P450 1B1 .	
Purity:99.88%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 50	0 mg	Purity:99.27%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg	
1-Ethynylpyrene	Cat. No.: HY-131452	17-ODYA	Cat. No .: HY-101016
1-Ethynylpyrene is an aryl acetylenic inhibitor of cytochromes P450 1A1, 1A2, and 2B1 with IC_{50} s of 0.18, 0.32, and 0.04 μ M, respectively.		17-ODYA is a CYP450 ω-hydroxylase inhibitor.	<i>م</i> رومی ا
Purity:96.20%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity:≥95.0%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg	
2,6-Dimethylquinoline	Cat. No.: HY-W010195	2-Phenyl-2-(1-piperidinyl)propane	Cat. No.: HY-W040468
2,6-Dimethylquinoline, a nature constituent from the roots of Peucedantu praeruptorum, is a CYP1A2 inhibitor with an IC _{s0} of 3.3 μ M. 2,6-Dimethylquinoline also inhibits CYP2B6 activity with an IC _{s0} of 480 μ M.	N	2-Phenyl-2-(1-piperidinyl)propane is a selective and reversible human CYP2B6 inhibitor with an IC _{s0} of 5.1 μ M and a K _i of 5.6. 2-Phenyl-2-(1-piperidinyl)propane inhibits CYP2D6 (IC _{s0} =74 μ M), CYP3A (IC _{s0} =200 μ M).	
Purity:98.19%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg		Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	~ ~

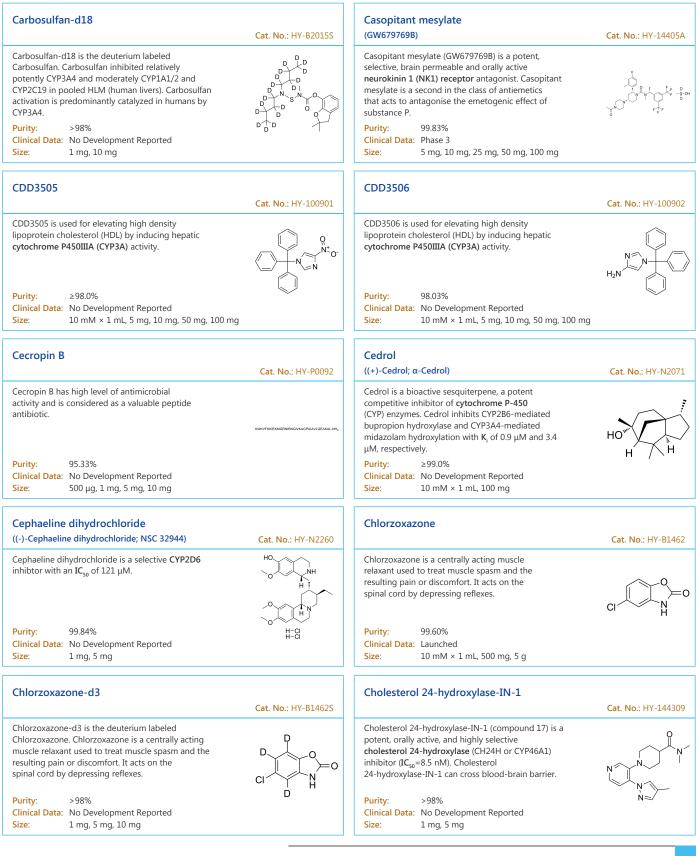
4'-Methylchrysoeriol		4,5-Dimethoxycanthin-6-one	
	Cat. No.: HY-112734		Cat. No.: HY-N1882
4'-Methylchrysoeriol is a potent inhibitor of Cytochrome P450 enzymes, with an IC ₅₀ of 19 nM for human P450 1B1-dependent EROD.		4,5-Dimethoxycanthin-6-one is a potent and uncompetitive inhibitor of CYP1A2-mediated phenacetin O-deethylation with an IC ₅₀ value of 1.7 μ M and a K ₁ value of 2.6 μ M.	
Purity: 99.17% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 10	04 0 00 mg	Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	
5,7-Dimethoxyflavone	Cat. No. : HY-N5011	7-Ethoxyresorufin (Resorufin ethyl ether)	Cat. No.: HY-D0145
5,7-Dimethoxyflavone is one of the major components of Kaempferia parviflora, has anti-obesity, anti-inflammatory, and antineoplastic effects. 5,7-Dimethoxyflavone inhibits cytochrome P450 (CYP) 3As .		7-Ethoxyresorufin (Resorufin ethyl ether) is a fluorometric substrate and competitive inhibitor of cytochrome P450 , especially CYP1A1 . 7-Ethoxyresorufin also inhibits NO synthase .	
Purity:99.86%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 25 mg, 50 mg		Purity:98.83%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg	, 100 mg
7-Ethoxyresorufin-d5		8-Geranyloxypsoralen	
(Resorufin ethyl ether-d5)	Cat. No.: HY-D0145S		Cat. No.: HY-N2262
7-Ethoxyresorufin-d5 is deuterium labeled 7-Ethoxyresorufin. 7-Ethoxyresorufin (Resorufin ethyl ether) is a fluorometric substrate and competitive inhibitor of cytochrome P450, especially CYPLA1. 7-Ethoxyresorufin also inhibits NO synthase.		8-Geranyloxypsoralen is a furanocoumarin isolated from grapefruit, acts as a potent inhibitor of P450 3A4 (CYP3A4) with an IC _{so} of 3.93 μ M.	
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:99.93%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg	o C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Abiraterone		Abiraterone acetate	
(CB-7598)	Cat. No.: HY-70013	(CB7630)	Cat. No.: HY-75054
Abiraterone is a potent and irreversible CYP17A1 inhibitor with antiandrogen activity, which inhibits both the 17 α -hydroxylase and 17,20-lyase activity of the cytochrome p450 enzyme CYP17 with IC ₅₀ s of 2.5 nM and 15 nM, respectively.	N A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Abiraterone acetate (CB7630) is an oral, potent, selective, and irreversible inhibitor of CYP17A1 with antiandrogen activity. Abiraterone acetate is a prodrug form of Abiraterone (CB7598).	
Purity: 99.88% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg	но - нон н	Purity: 99.92% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200	mg, 500 mg
Abiraterone acetate-d4 (CB7630-d4)	Cat. No.: HY-75054S	Abiraterone decanoate	Cat. No.: HY-145786
Abiraterone acetate-d4 (CB7630-d4) is the deuterium labeled Abiraterone acetate. Abiraterone acetate (CB7630) is an oral, potent, selective, and irreversible inhibitor of CYP17A1 with antiandrogen activity. Abiraterone acetate is a prodrug form of Abiraterone (CB7598).		Abiraterone decanoate is a potent Abiraterone prodrug. Abiraterone decanoate provide a controlled release of Abiraterone and long-acting CYP17 inhibition with intramuscular (IM) delivery.	
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg		Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	

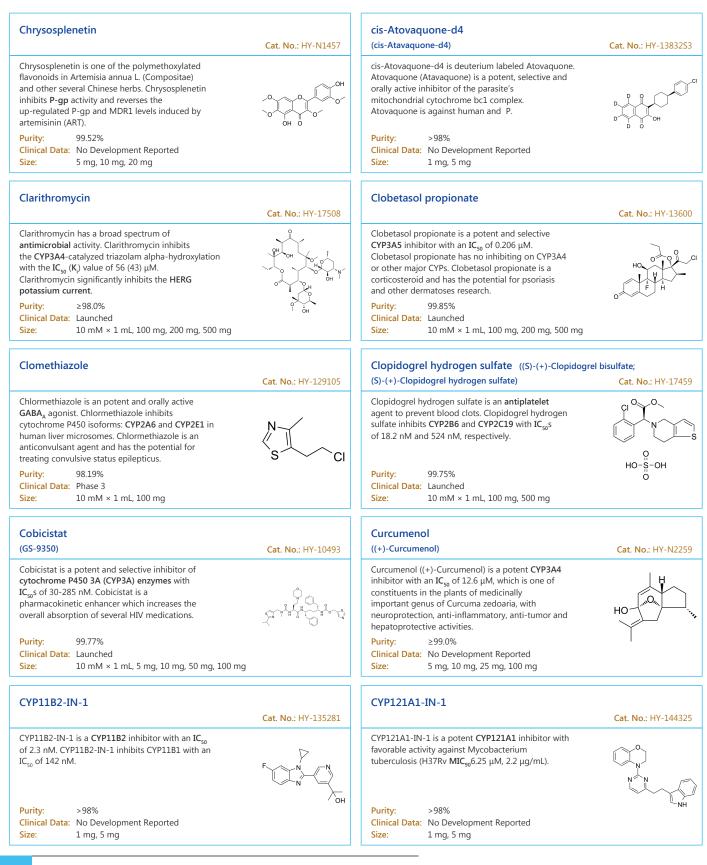
Abiraterone-D4		Acetylshikonin	
(CB-7598-D4)	Cat. No.: HY-70013S		Cat. No.: HY-N2181
Abiraterone-D4 (CB-7598-D4) is the deuterium labeled Abiraterone.		Acetylshikonin, derived from the root of Lithospermum erythrorhizon, has anti-cancer and antiinflammation activity. Acetylshikonin is a non-selective cytochrome P450 inhibitor against all P450s (IC _{so} values range from 1.4-4.0 μM).	HO O O O O O O O HO
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	но	Purity:98.10%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg	, 0. , <u> </u>
ACP-5862	Cat. No.: HY-135334	ACP-5862-d4	Cat. No.: HY-135334S
ACP-5862 is a major active, circulating, pyrrolidine ring-opened metabolite of Acalabrutinib with an IC ₅₀ of 5.0 nM for Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK) . ACP5862 is a weak timedependent inactivator of CYP3A4 and CYP2C8 .		ACP-5862-d4 is deuterium labeled ACP-5862. ACP-5862 is a major active, circulating, pyrrolidine ring-opened metabolite of Acalabrutinib with an IC50 of 5.0 nM for Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK).	
Purity:98.09%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:Size:1 mg, 5 mg	
AMG-208		Antihistamine-1	
	Cat. No.: HY-12035		Cat. No.: HY-100238
AMG-208 is an orally active c-Met/RON dual selective inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 9 nM for c-Met. AMG-208 is a CYP3A4 inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 32 μ M. AMG-208 has anti-cancer activity.		Antihistamine-1 is a H1-antihistamine (K_i =6.9 nM) with acceptable blood-brain barrier penetration and also an inhibitor of CYP2D6 and hERG channel with IC _{so} s of 5.4 and 0.8 μ M, respectively.	
Purity: 99.34% Clinical Data: Phase 2 Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	
APD668	Cat. No.: HY-15565	Apigenin (4',5,7-Trihydroxyflavone; Apigenol; C.I. Natural Yellow 1)	Cat. No.: HY-N1201
APD668 is a potent, selective and orally active agonist of G-protein coupled receptor GPR119, with EC_{so} s of 2.7 nM and 33 nM for hGPR119 and rGPR119, respectively.		Apigenin (4',5,7-Trihydroxyflavone) is a competitive CYP2C9 inhibitor with a $K_{_{\rm I}}$ of 2 $\mu M.$	НО ОН О
Purity:99.71%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	0-\$- 0	Purity: 99.22% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg,	500 mg
AS1810722	Cat. No.: HY-134772	Atazanavir (BMS-232632)	Cat. No.: HY-17367
AS1810722 is an orally active and potent STAT6 inhibitor with an IC _{so} of 1.9 nM. AS1810722 shows a good profile of CYP3A4 inhibition. AS1810722, a derivative of fused bicyclic pyrimidine, has the potential for allergic diseases such as asthma and atopic diseases research. Purity: 98.56% Clinical Data: No Development Reported	HANG NO NEW C	Atazanavir (BMS-232632), a highly selective HIV-1 protease inhibitor, is the first protease inhibitor approved for once-daily administration. Atazanavir (BMS-232632) is a substrate and inhibitor of CYP3A4, and an inhibitor and inducer of P-glycoprotein (P-gp). Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Launched	
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 10	0 mg	Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	

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Atazanavir sulfate (BMS-232632 sulfate)	Cat. No.: HY-17367A	Atazanavir-d5	Cat. No.: HY-17367S3
Atazanavir (BMS-232632) sulfate, a highly selective HIV-1 protease inhibitor, is the first protease inhibitor approved for once-daily administration. Atazanavir sulfate is a substrate and inhibitor of CYP3A4 , and an inhibitor and inducer of P-glycoprotein (P-gp).		Atazanavir-d5 is the deuterium labeled Atazanavir. Atazanavir (BMS-232632), a highly selective HIV-1 protease inhibitor, is the first protease inhibitor approved for once-daily administration.	
Purity: 99.94% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	0	Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 10 mg	N D
Atazanavir-d6 (BMS-232632-d6)	Cat. No.: HY-17367S4	Atazanavir-d9 (BMS-232632-d9)	Cat. No. : HY-17367S2
Atazanavir-d6 is deuterium labeled Atazanavir. Atazanavir (BMS-232632), a highly selective HIV-1 protease inhibitor, is the first protease inhibitor approved for once-daily administration.		Atazanavir-d9 (BMS-232632-d9) is the deuterium labeled Atazanavir. Atazanavir (BMS-232632), a highly selective HIV-1 protease inhibitor, is the first protease inhibitor approved for once-daily administration.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	
Atovaquone (Atavaquone)	Cat. No .: HY-13832	Atovaquone (4-chlorophenyl-2,3,5,6-d4)	Cat. No.: HY-13832S1
Atovaquone (Atavaquone) is a potent, selective and orally active inhibitor of the parasite 's mitochondrial cytochrome bc1 complex .		Atovaquone (4-chlorophenyl-2,3,5,6-d4) is the deuterium labeled Atovaquone. Atovaquone is a potent, selective and orally active inhibitor of the parasite's mitochondrial cytochrome bc1 complex.	
Purity: 99.73% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg	Ö	Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:2.5 mg, 500 μg, 1 mg, 5 mg	D Y CI
Atovaquone-d5 (Atavaquone-d5)	Cat. No.: HY-13832S2	AZD7325	Cat. No .: HY-111052
Atovaquone-d5 (Atavaquone-d5) is the deuterium labeled Atovaquone. Atovaquone (Atavaquone) is a potent, selective and orally active inhibitor of the parasite's mitochondrial cytochrome bc1 complex.		AZD7325 is a potent and orally active partial selective PAM of GABAA α 2 and A α 3 receptor (K_i =0.3 and 1.3 nM, respectively), and has less antagonistic efficacy at the A α 1 and A α 5 receptor subtypes.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:2.5 mg, 1 mg, 5 mg	CI	Purity: 98.88% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
Bergamottin (5-Geranoxypsoralen; Bergamotine; Bergaptin)	Cat. No.: HY-N2194	Bergapten (5-Methoxypsoralen)	Cat. No.: HY-N0370
Bergamottin is a potent and competitive CYP1A1 inhibitor with a \mathbf{K}_{i} of 10.703 nM.		Bergapten is a natural anti-inflammatory and anti-tumor agent. Bergapten is inhibitory towards mouse and human CYP isoforms.	
Purity:99.80%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	Ŷ	Purity: 99.96% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g	0~0^0







CYP17-IN-1	Cat. No.: HY-101516	CYP3cide (PF-4981517)	Cat. No.: HY-18642
CYP17-IN-1 (compound 9c) is a potent and orally active CYP17 inhibitor against rat and human CYP17 with IC_{50} s of 15.8 and 20.1 nM.	F S N	CYP3cide (PF-4981517) is a potent, selective and time-dependent inhibitor of cytochrome P4503A4 (CYP3A4). The IC ₅₀ values for Midazolam 1'-hydroxylase activity are 0.03 μ M, 17 μ M, and 71 μ M for CYP3A4, CYP3A5, and CYP3A7, respectively.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	$\langle \rangle$
CYP51/HDAC-IN-1	Cat. No.: HY-144643	D4-abiraterone (Δ4-Abiraterone; CB-7627; Abiraterone D4A metabolite)	Cat. No. : HY-109619
CYP51/HDAC-IN-1 is a potent, orally active CYP51/HDAC dual inhibitor. CYP51/HDAC-IN-1 inhibits important virulence factors and down-regulated resistance-associated genes.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	D4-abiraterone is a major metabolite of abiraterone. D4-abiraterone is an inhibitor of CYP17A1, 3b-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase (3βHSD) and steroid-5a-reductase (SRD5A) and also an antagonist of androgen receptor .	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg		Purity: 99.27% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	0
Dafadine-A	Cat. No.: HY-16670	Dagrocorat (PF-00251802)	Cat. No.: HY-16718
Dafadine-A, an analog of dafadine, is a novel inhibitor of DAF-9 cytochrome P450 in the nematode Caenorhabditis elegans; also inhibits the mammalian ortholog of DAF-9(CYP27A1).	\mathcal{C}°	Dagrocorat (PF-00251802) is an orally active and selective high-affinity partial agonist of the glucocorticoid receptor.	HN
Purity:98.94%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg		Purity:99.90%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	₽ ₽ ₽
Dagrocorat hydrochloride (PF-00251802 hydrochloride)	Cat. No.: HY-16718A	Dapaconazole	Cat. No. : HY-16719
Dagrocorat (PF-00251802) hydrochloride is an orally active and selective high-affinity partial agonist of the glucocorticoid receptor .	HN HN H-CI	Dapaconazole, as an antifungal agent, inhibits sterol 14 $lpha$ -demethylase cytochrome P450 activity with an IC ₅₀ of 1.4 μ M.	
Purity:99.85%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	F∱F H	Purity:98.95%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	FĂ F
Dihydromethysticin ((+)-Dihydromethysticin)	Cat. No.: HY-N0921	Diosmetin	Cat. No.: HY-N0125
Dihydromethysticin is one of the six major kavalactones found in the kava plant; has marked activity on the induction of CYP3A23.		Diosmetin is a natural flavonoid which inhibits human CYP1A enzyme activity with an IC_{50} of 40 μ M in HepG2 cell.	
Purity:98.89%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	,	Purity: 99.80% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg	Un U

Diosmetin-d3		DMU2105	
	Cat. No.: HY-N0125S		Cat. No.: HY-101284
Diosmetin-d3 is the deuterium labeled Diosmetin. Diosmetin is a natural flavonoid which inhibits human CYP1A enzyme activity with an IC ₅₀ of 40 μM in HepG2 cell.	HO C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	DMU2105 is a potent and specific CYP1B1 inhibitor, with $IC_{so}s$ of 10 nM and 742 nM for CYP1B1 and CYP1A1, respectively.	
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg		Purity:99.61%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
DMU2139	Cat. No.: HY-101285	Doxepin D3 Hydrochloride	Cat. No.: HY-B07255
DMU2139 is a potent and specific CYP1B1 inhibitor, with $IC_{50}s$ of 9 nM and 795 nM for CYP1B1 and CYP1A1, respectively.	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Doxepin D3 Hydrochloride is a deuterium labeled Doxepin Hydrochloride. Doxepin hydrochloride is an orally active tricyclic antidepressant. Doxepin hydrochloride is a potent and selective histamine receptor H1 antagonist.	
Purity: ≥98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	H-CI 🤝
Doxepin Hydrochloride	Cat. No.: HY-B0725	Dronedarone (SR 33589)	Cat. No.: HY-A0016
Doxepin hydrochloride is an orally activetricyclic antidepressant agent. Doxepinhydrochloride is a potent and selectivehistamine receptor H1 antagonist. Doxepinhydrochloride is also a potent CYP450 inhibitorand significantly inhibits CYP450 2C19 and 1A2.Purity:99.84%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g, 10 g		Dronedarone (SR 33589), a derivative of amiodarone (HY-14187), is a class III antiarrhythmic agent for the study of atrial fibrillation (AF) and atrial flutter. Purity: 99.81% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg	
Dronedarone D6 hydrochloride	Cat. No.: HY-A0016S	EMT inhibitor-2	Cat. No. : HY-128859
Dronedarone D6 hydrochloride is the deuterium labeled Dronedarone. Dronedarone hydrochloride, a derivative of Amiodarone (HY-14187), is a class III antiarrhythmic agent for the study of atrial fibrillation (AF) and atrial flutter. Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg		EMT inhibitor-2 (Compound 1) inhibits epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) induced by substances such as IL -1 β and TGF- β released from the immunocytes. EMT inhibitor-2 inhibits CYP3A4 testosteron and CYP2C9 with IC ₅₀ S of 49.72 and 5.54 μ M, respectively.Purity:>98% Clinical Data:Size:1 mg, 5 mg	
Fenofibrate	Cat. No.: HY-17356	Fenofibrate-d6	Cat. No.: HY-173565
Fenofibrate is a selective PPAR α agonist with an EC _{s0} of 30 μ M. Fenofibrate also inhibits human cytochrome P450 isoforms, with IC _{s0} s of 0.2, 0.7, 9.7, 4.8 and 142.1 μ M for CYP2C19, CYP2B6, CYP2C9, CYP2C8, and CYP3A4, respectively.	a C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Fenofibrate-d6 is the deuterium labeled Fenofibrate. Fenofibrate is a selective PPAR α agonist with an EC _{so} of 30 μ M.	
Purity: 99.92% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 200 mg, 5 g, 10 g		Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	

Fipronil		Fomepizole	
Fipronil is an insecticide that acts as a selective antagonist of insect GABA receptors	Cat. No.: HY-B0822	(4-Methylpyrazole) Fomepizole (4-Methylpyrazole) is a potent cytochrome P450 (CYP2E1) inhibitor. Fomepizole	Cat. No.: HY-B0876
$(IC_{so}s = 30 \text{ nM} \text{ and } 1,600 \text{ nM} \text{ for cockroach and rat receptors, respectively}).$		is a competitive inhibitor of the enzyme alcohol dehydrogenase . Fomepizole blocks further conversion of methanol and ethylene glycol to toxic metabolites.	N HN
Purity: ≥98.0% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg	F	Purity: 99.67% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g	
Fraxinol	Cat. No. : HY-N2372	Friedelin	Cat. No.: HY-N4110
Fraxinol is isolated from Lobelia chinensis.		Friedelin is isolated from isolated from the leaves of Maytenus ilicifolia(Mart). Friedelin is a noncompetitive inhibitor of CYP3A4 with IC _{so} and K ₁ values of 10.79 μ M and 6.16 μ M, respectively.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg	<i>,</i>	Purity: ≥98.00% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	o, 11~
Furafylline	Cat. No.: HY-107204	Galangin (Norizalpinin; 3,5,7-Trihydroxyflavone)	Cat. No.: HY-N0382
Furafylline is a potent and selective inhibitor of human cytochrome P450IA2 with an IC_{50} of 0.07 μ M.		Galangin (Norizalpinin) is an agonist/antagonist of the arylhydrocarbon receptor. Galangin (Norizalpinin) also shows inhibition of CYP1A1 activity.	но о о
Purity:99.86%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	° T o	Purity: 99.96% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	он о
Galangin-13C3	Cat. No.: HY-N0382S	Galeterone (TOK-001; VN-124-1)	Cat. No.: HY-70006
Galangin-13C3 is the 13C-labeled Galangin. Galangin (Norizalpinin) is an agonist/antagonist of the arylhydrocarbon receptor. Galangin (Norizalpinin) also shows inhibition of CYP1A1 activity.	но 930 130 130 он	Galeterone (TOK-001) is a multifunctional antiandrogen and CYP17 inhibitor (IC_{so} =47 nM) in castration resistant prostate cancer (CRPC).	
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	он о	Purity: 99.90% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 2	но с
Gemfibrozil (CI-719)	Cat. No.: HY-B0258	Gemfibrozil 1-O-β-glucuronide	Cat. No.: HY-129993
Gemfibrozil is an activator of PPAR- α , used as a lipid-lowering drug; Gemfibrozil is also a nonselective inhibitor of several P450 isoforms, with K ₁ values for CYP2C9, 2C19, 2C8, and 1A2 of 5.8, 24, 69, and 82 μ M, respectively.	I Contraction	Gemfibrozil 1-O- β -Glucuronide, a metabolite of Gemfibrozil (CI-719; HY-B0258), is a potent and competitive P450 (CYP) isoform CYP2C8 inhibitor with an IC _{s0} of 4.07 μ M.	
Purity: 99.91% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg		Purity:96.99%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg	

Gemfibrozil-d6		Gentiopicroside	
(CI-719-d6)	Cat. No.: HY-B0258S	(Gentiopicrin)	Cat. No.: HY-N0494
Gemfibrozil-d6 (CI-719-d6) is the deuterium labeled Gemfibrozil.		Gentiopicroside, a naturally occurring iridoid glycoside, inhibits P450 activity, with an IC ₅₀ and a K ₁ of 61 μ M and 22.8 μ M for CYP2A6; Gentiopicroside has antianti-inflammatoryand antioxidative effects.	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 50 mg		Purity: 99.52% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
Ginsenoside C-K		Ginsenoside F1	
(Ginsenoside compound K; Ginsenoside K)	Cat. No.: HY-N0904	(20(S)-Ginsenoside F1)	Cat. No.: HY-N0598
Ginsenoside C-K, a bacterial metabolite of G-Rb1, exhibits anti-inflammatory effects by reducing iNOS and COX-2. Ginsenoside C-K exhibits an inhibition against the activity of CYP2C9 and CYP2A6 in human liver microsomes with IC ₅₀ s of 32.0 \pm 3.6 μ M and 63.6 \pm 4.2 μ M, respectively.		Ginsenoside F1, an enzymatically modified derivative of Ginsenoside Rg1, demonstrates competitive inhibition of CYP3A4 activity and weaker inhibition of CYP2D6 activity.	
Purity:98.04%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg		Purity:98.09%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg	01
Ginsenoside Rd		GSK2945	
(Gypenoside VIII)	Cat. No.: HY-N0043	G3K2943	Cat. No.: HY-117147
Ginsenoside Rd inhibits TNFα-induced NF-κB transcriptional activity with an IC ₅₀ of 12.05±0.82 μM in HepG2 cells. Ginsenoside Rd inhibits expression of COX-2 and iNOS mRNA. Ginsenoside Rd also inhibits Ca^{2*} influx.Purity:98.02% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg	$\substack{HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\HO\\H$	GSK2945 is a class of tertiary amine, and is a highly specific Rev-erba/REV-ERBa (mouse/human reverse erythroblastosis virus a) antagonist with EC_{sp5} of 21.5 μ M and 20.8 μ M, respectively. GSK2945 enhances cholesterol 7 α -hydroxylase (CYP7A1) level and cholesterol metabolism.Purity:>98%Clinical Data: Size:No Development Reported Size:	
GSK2945 hydrochloride	Cat. No. : HY-117147A	GYKI-47261 dihydrochloride	Cat. No. : HY-19435A
$\label{eq:GSK2945} \begin{array}{ll} GSK2945 \ hydrochloride \ is a class of tertiary \\ amine, and \ is a highly specific \ Rev-erb\alpha/REV-ERB\alpha \\ (mouse/human reverse erythroblastosis virus \alpha) \\ antagonist with \ EC_{so} \ of \ 21.5 \ \mu\text{M} \ and \ 20.8 \ \mu\text{M}, \\ respectively. \end{array}$	0: 0=N ⁺ S CI H-CI	GYKI-47261 dihydrochloride is a competitive, orally active, and selective AMPA receptor antagonist with an IC _{so} of 2.5 μM. GYKI-47261 has broad spectrum anticonvulsive activity and neuroprotective effects. Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	$\begin{array}{c} H_2N\\ CI \\ \leftarrow \\ H-CI\\ H-CI \end{array}$
HET0016	Cat. No.: HY-124527	ΙΗΜΤ-ΡΙ3Κδ-372	Cat. No.: HY-131910
HET0016 is a potent and selective 20-hydroxyeicosatetraenoic acid (20-HETE) synthase inhibitor, with IC_{s0} values of 17.7 nM, 12.1 nM and 20.6 nM for recombinant CYP4A1-, CYP4A2- and CYP4A3-catalyzed 20-HETE synthesis, respectively.	HO'N N	IHMT-PI3K δ -372 is a potent and selective PI3Kδ inhibitor with an IC _{so} of 14 nM. IHMT-PI3K δ -372 shows high selectivity over other class I PI3Ks (5683 fold) and other protein kinases. IHMT-PI3K δ -372 can be uesd for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) research.	
Purity:99.78%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 1	00 mg	Purity:99.75%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	ŢŢŢ FO

Inz-1	Cat Na LIV 110000	Isavuconazole	
Inz-1 is a potent and selective mitochondrial	Cat. No.: HY-116686	(BAL-4815; RO-0094815) Isavuconazole (BAL-4815) is a triazole prodrug	Cat. No.: HY-14273
cytochrome bc1 inhibitor for yeast (IC ₅₀ =8.092 μM) over humans (IC ₅₀ =45.320 μM). Inz-1 reverses Fluconazole (HY-B0101) or other triazole antifungals' resistance in the pathogenic fungus Candida albicans.	N O-	with antifungal activity against yeasts, molds, and dimorphic fungi. Isavuconazole inhibits ergosterol biosynthesis and results in the disruption of fungal membrane structure and function.	
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg	ő	Purity: 99.99% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg	
Isavuconazole-d4		Isoglycycoumarin	
(BAL-4815-d4; RO-0094815-d4)	Cat. No.: HY-14273S		Cat. No.: HY-N6989
Isavuconazole D4 (BAL-4815 D4) is a deuterium labeled Isavuconazole (BAL-4815). Isavuconazole is a triazole prodrug with antifungal activity against yeasts, molds, and dimorphic fungi.		Isoglycycoumarin is a flavonoid isolated from the roots of Glycyrrhiza uralensis. Isoglycycoumarin is a highly selective probe for human cytochrome P450 2A6 (CYP2A6).	
Purity:99.88%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	
Isosilybin		Itraconazole	
(Isosilybinin)	Cat. No.: HY-N0779	(R51211)	Cat. No.: HY-17514
Isosilybin (Isosilybinin) is a flavonoid from milk thistle; inhibits CYP3A4 induction with an IC_{s0} of 74 $\mu\text{M}.$	HO CH CH	Itraconazole (R51211) is a triazole antifungal agent and a potent and orally active Hedgehog (Hh) signaling pathway antagonist with an IC_{so} of ~800 nM.	ujo ^{ner} to.
Purity: 99.10% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg,	100 mg	Purity:99.15%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:100 mg, 500 mg	
Itraconazole-d5		К777	
	Cat. No.: HY-17514S		Cat. No.: HY-119293
Itraconazole-d5 (R51211-d5) is the deuterium labeled Itraconazole. Itraconazole (R51211) is a triazole antifungal agent and a potent and orally active Hedgehog (Hh) signaling pathway antagonist with an IC ₅₀ of ~800 nM.		K777 is a potent, orally active and irreversible cysteine protease inhibitor. K777 is also a potent CYP3A4 inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 60 nM and a selective CCR4 antagonist featuring the potent chemotaxis inhibition.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:500 µg, 1 mg		Purity:99.60%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	~
Ketoconazole		Ketoconazole-d4	
(Ketoconazol; R 41400)	Cat. No.: HY-B0105	(Ketoconazol-d4; R 41400-d4)	Cat. No.: HY-B0105S1
Ketoconazole (R-41400) is an imidazole anti-fungal agent, a CYP3A4 and CYP24A1 inhibitor.		Ketoconazole-d4 (Ketoconazol-d4) is the deuterium labeled Ketoconazole. Ketoconazole (R-41400) is an imidazole anti-fungal agent, a CYP3A4 and CYP24A1 inhibitor.	
Purity: 99.47% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 1 g, 5 g	relative stereochemistry	Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	۳N

Ketoconazole-d8		Kushenol K	
Ketoconazole-d8 is the deuterium labeled Ketoconazole. Ketoconazole (R-41400) is an imidazole anti-fungal agent, a CYP3A4 and CYP24A1 inhibitor.	Cat. No.: HY-B01055	Kushenol K, a flavonoid antioxidant isolated from the roots of Sophora flavescens. Kushenol K is a cytochrome P-450 3A4 (CYP3A4) inhibitor with a K, value of 1.35 µM. Kushenol K shows weak antiviral activity against HSV-2 (EC ₅₀ of 147	Cat. No.: HY-117010
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:2.5 mg, 25 mg	LN	μM). Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	_0 0
Kushenol M	Cat. No.: HY-N8094	Liarozole (R75251)	Cat. No. : HY-106019
Kushenol M is a flavonoid from Sophora flavescens. Kushenol M is a cytochrome P450 (CYP) inhibitor, with IC_{s_0} values of 1.29 μ M for CYP3A4 in human liver microsomes.	HO, OH HO, OH HO, OH	Liarozole (R75251; R85246) is an imidazole derivative and orally active retinoic acid (RA) metabolism-blocking agent (RAMBA) .	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	~~	Purity: 98.52% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg,	100 mg
Liarozole dihydrochloride (R75251 dihydrochloride)	Cat. No .: HY-106019C	Linderane	Cat. No.: HY-N0688
Liarozole (R75251) dihydrochloride is an imidazole derivative and orally active retinoic acid (RA) metabolism-blocking agent (RAMBA) .		Linderane, isolated from the root of Lindera strychnifolia, is an irreversible inhibitor cytochrome P450 2C9 (CYP2C9) . Linderane has the potential to relieve pain and cramp.	
Purity:98.66%Clinical Data:Phase 3Size:1 mg	H-CI H-CI	Purity:98.86%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg	
LKY-047	Cat. No.: HY-117026	MCH-1 antagonist 1	Cat. No.: HY-100331
LKY-047, a Decursin derivative, is a potent and selective reversible competitive cytochrome P45022J2 (CYP2J2) inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 1.7 μ M. LKY-047 is inactive against other human P450s, such as CYPs 1A2, 2A6, 2B6, 2C8, 2C9, 2C19, 2D6, 2E1, and 3A.	°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°	MCH-1 antagonist 1 is a potent melanin concentrating hormone (MCH-1) antagonist with a K _i of 2.6 nM. MCH-1 antagonist 1 also inhibits CYP3A4 with an IC ₅₀ of 10 μ M.	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	Ų
Mefentrifluconazole	Cat. No.: HY-136063	Mephenytoin	Cat. No.: HY-B1184
Mefentrifluconazole is a novel azole derivative and used as an agrochemical broad-spectrum antifungal agent . Mefentrifluconazole is a potent, selective and orally active fungal CYP51 (K_{g} = 0.5 nM) inhibitor, but shows less inhibitory activity on human aromatase (IC_{59} =0.92 μ M).		Mephenytoin, an anticonvulsant, is the CYP2C19 and CYP2B6 substrate.	
Purity: 99.86% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity: 99.96% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg	~

Mephenytoin-d3	Cat. No.: HY-B1184S	Mephenytoin-d5	Cat. No.: HY-B1184S1
(Rac)-Mephenytoin-d3 is a labelled racemic Mephenytoin. Mephenytoin, an anticonvulsant, is the CYP2C19 and CYP2B6 substrate.			
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:2.5 mg, 25 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 10 mg	Ď
Methoxsalen (8-Methoxypsoralen; Xanthotoxin; 8-MOP)	Cat. No. : HY-30151	Methysticin (DL-Methysticin; (±)-Methystici)	Cat. No. : HY-N0922
Methoxsalen (8-Methoxypsoralen) is a potent tricyclic furocoumarin suicide inhibitor of CYP (cytochrome P-450), is an agent used to treat psoriasis, eczema, vitiligo and some cutaneous Lymphomas in conjunction with exposing the skin to sunlight.		Methysticin is a major kavalactone in kava extract to induce CYP1A1.	
Purity:99.98%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	
Metyrapone (Su-4885)	Cat. No.: HY-B1232	MS-PPOH	Cat. No.: HY-114759
Metyrapone is an inhibitor of cytochrome P450-mediated ω/ω -1 hydroxylase activity and CYP11B1. Target: CYP11B1 Metyrapone is a drug used in the diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency and occasionally in the treatment of Cushing's syndrome (hypercortisolism).	N	MS-PPOH is a potent and selective cytochrome P450 (CYP) epoxygenase inhibitor. MS-PPOH inhibits CYP2C8 and CYP2C9 with IC_{s0} s of 15 and 11 μ M, respectively.	
Purity:99.84%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg	
N-Desmethyl-Apalutamide	Cat. No. : HY-135331	N-Nornuciferine	Cat. No. : HY-N2129
N-Desmethyl Apalutamide is an active metabolite of Apalutamide. N-Desmethyl Apalutamide is a less potent antagonist of the androgen receptor and is responsible for one-third of the activity of Apalutamide.		N-Nornuciferine is an aporphine alkaloid in lotus leaf that significantly inhibits CYP2D6 with IC ₅₀ and K ₁ of 3.76 and 2.34 μ M, respectively.	
Purity:97.24%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	H ₂ N-	Purity:99.82%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg	
Nampt-IN-5	Cat. No.: HY-130606	Naringin (Naringoside)	Cat. No.: HY-N0153
Nampt-IN-5 is a potent nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase (NAMPT) inhibitor. Nampt-IN-5 also inhibits CYP3A4 activity and has cellular IC ₅₀ s of 0.7 nM and 3.9 nM against A2780 and COR-L23, respectively.		Naringin is a major flavanone glycoside obtained from tomatoes, grapefruits, and many other citrus fruits. Naringin exhibits biological properties such as antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, and antiapoptotic activities.	
Purity: 99.21% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg,	100 mg	Purity:98.44%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 200 mg, 10 g	

Nav1.7-IN-8		ODM-204	
	Cat. No.: HY-141547		Cat. No.: HY-111421
Nav1.7-IN-8 is a potent blockage of NaV1.7 with high selectivity for the inhibition of NaV1.7 over the subtypes hNaV1.1 and hNaV1.5. Nav1.7-IN-8 inhibits CYP2C9 and CYP3A4 with an IC ₅₀ of 0.17 μ M and 0.077 μ M, respectively.		ODM-204 is novel nonsteroidal dual inhibitor of both androgen receptor and CYP17A1 enzyme, with IC_{s0} s of 80 nM and 22 nM, respectively.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	U	Purity:>98%Clinical Data:Phase 2Size:1 mg, 5 mg	
Olivetol		Orteronel	Cot No. 11/ 10505
	Cat. No.: HY-W008364	(TAK-700)	Cat. No.: HY-10505
Olivetol is a naturally phenol found in lichensand produced by certain insects, acting as acompetitive inhibitor of the cannabinoid receptorsCB1 and CB2. Olivetol also inhibits CYP2C19 andCYP2D6 activity, with IC_{sp5} of 15.3 μ M, 7.21 μ Mand K ₅ of 2.71 μ M, 2.87 μ M, respectively.Purity:99.81%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg	он	Orteronel (TAK-700) is a highly selective inhibitor of human 17,20-Iyase (CYP17) with IC _{so} of 38 nM, and exhibits >1000-fold selectivity over other CYPs such as 11-hydroxylase and CYP3A4. Purity: 99.46% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg	
Oteseconazole		PC945	
(VT-1161)	Cat. No.: HY-17643		Cat. No.: HY-117766
Oteseconazole (VT-1161) is an orally active anti-fungal agent, potently binds to and inhibits Candida albicans CYP51 ($K_{a'}$ <39 nM), shows no obvious effect on human CYP51.		PC945, a potent, long-acting antifungal triazole, possesses activity against a broad range of both azole-susceptible and azole-resistant strains of Aspergillus fumigatus.	\$. <i>""</i> ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Purity: 99.56% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg	F F	Purity: 99.62% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
Phillyrin	Cat. No.: HY-N0482	Phloracetophenone (2,4,6-trihydroxyacetophenone; 1-(2,4,6-Trihydroxyphenyl)ethanone)	Cat. No.: HY-W008226
Phillyrin is isolated from Forsythia suspensa Vahl (Oleaceae), has antibacterial and anti-inflammatory activities. Phillyrin has potential inductive effects on rat CYP1A2 and CYP2D1 activities, without affecting CYP2C11 and CYP3A1/2 activities.Purity:98.99% Clinical Data: Launched Size:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg		$\label{eq:philos} \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	он о но он
Phortress (NSC 710305)	Cat. No.: HY-103223	Phortress free base	Cat. No .: HY-128920
Phortress is a high affinity AhR ligand that elicits antitumor activity by inducing transcription of CYP1A1.	HALL HA	Phortress free base (NSC 710305) is a P450 CYP1A1 -activated antitumor prodrug with antitumor activity. Phortress free base leads to DNA damage and cell cycle arrest.	HAN. Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	

Piperonylic acid		Polygalaxanthone III	
	Cat. No.: HY-41404		Cat. No.: HY-N1407
Piperonylic acid is a natural molecule bearing a methylenedioxy function that closely mimics the structure of trans-cinnamic acid. Piperonylic Acid is a selective, mechanism-based inactivator of the trans. cinnamato 4. Hudrowlaco	но	Polygalaxanthone III is extracted from polygala tenuifolia wild, has inhibitory effect towards CYP450 enzyme. Polygalaxanthone III inhibits chlorzoxazone 6-hydroxylation catalyzed by CYP2E1 with ap IC of 56 fe M	HO-OH HO'-OH JO
trans-cinnamate 4-Hydroxylase. Purity: 99.85% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 500 mg	U O	with an IC ₅₀ of 50.56 μM. Purity: 99.76% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg	
Pradefovir mesylate (Remofovir mesylate)	Cat. No. : HY-112690A	Pregnenolone 16α-carbonitrile	Cat. No.: HY-131723
Pradefovir mesylate is a good substrate for liver CYP3A4. Pradefovir is converted to 9-(2-phosphonylmethoxyethyl)adenine (PMEA) in human liver microsomes with a K _m of 60 μM. Purity: 99.89%	NH2 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Pregnenolone 16α -carbonitrile is an orally active prototypical and effective rodent-PXR activator. Pregnenolone 16α -carbonitrile, a synthetic steroid, induces cytochrome P450 3A expression. Pregnenolone 16α -carbonitrile exhibits increased resistance to subsequent stressful insults. Purity: \geq 98.0%	
Clinical Data: Phase 2		Clinical Data: No Development Reported	
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg		Size: 5 mg, 10 mg	
Proadifen hydrochloride (SKF-525A; U-5446; RP-5171)	Cat. No.: HY-B1311	Pyributicarb (TSH-888)	Cat. No.: HY-111202
Proadifen hydrochloride is a Cytochrome P450 inhibitor (IC50 = 19μ M).		Pyributicarb, a carbamate-type herbicide, is a potent activator of both CYP3A4 gene and human pregnane X receptor (hPXR).	
Purity:99.98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 250 mg, 500 mg	К> н-сі	Purity:99.94%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg	
Quilseconazole		Quinidine sulfate dihydrate	
(VT-1129)	Cat. No.: HY-109040		Cat. No.: HY-B1751D
Quilseconazole (VT-1129) is a potent, orally active fungal Cyp51 (lanosterol 14-α-demethylase) inhibitor, binds tightly to cryptococcal CYP51, but weakly inhibits humans CYP450 enzymes.	NNN TOHN	Quinidine sulfate dihydrate is a potent and selective inhibitor of cytochrome P450db and inhibits amphetamine metabolism in vivo.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg	0.5 HO-9-0H H ² O-H
Ranitidine	Cat. No.: HY-B0693	Ranitidine hydrochloride	Cat. No.: HY-B0281A
Ranitidine is a potent, selective and orally active histamine H2-receptor antagonist with an IC _{so} of 3.3 μ M that inhibits gastric secretion. Ranitidine is a weak inhibitor of CYP2C19 and CYP2C9.	-N_S_N'O	Ranitidine hydrochloride is a potent, selective and orally active histamine H2-receptor antagonist with an IC_{so} of 3.3 μ M that inhibits gastric secretion. Ranitidine hydrochloride is a weak inhibitor of CYP2C19 and CYP2C9.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:≥98.0%Clinical Data:LaunchedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg	

Ranitidine-d6 hydrochloride		Resorufin methyl ether	
	Cat. No.: HY-B0281AS	(Methoxyresorufin)	Cat. No.: HY-D0144
Ranitidine-d6 hydrochloride is the deuterium labeled Ranitidine hydrochloride. Ranitidine		Resorufin methyl ether (Methoxyresorufin) is a cytochrome P450 fluorometric substrate. Resorufin	
hydrochloride is a potent, selective and orally	D, D	methyl ether is a relatively specific substrate	N
active histamine H2-receptor antagonist with		for CYP1A2 activity in rodents.	
an $\text{IC}_{_{50}}$ of 3.3 μM that inhibits gastric secretion.	-0, N H HCI		
Purity: >98%		Purity: >98%	
Clinical Data: No Development Reported		Clinical Data: No Development Reported	
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg		Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	
Revexepride		RG-12525	
	Cat. No.: HY-U00373	(NID 525)	Cat. No.: HY-101676
Revexepride is a highly selective 5-HT4 receptor		RG-12525 is a a specific, competitive and orally	
agonist, and a potential inducer of CYP3A4 enzyme, used for the treatment of	O N OH	effective antagonist of the peptidoleukotrienes , LTC4, LTD4 and LTE4, inhibiting LTC4-, LTD4-	,
gastroesophageal reflux disease.	~ " HNO	and LTE4-inducd guinea pig parenchymal strips	A CONTRACTOR OF
	$\langle \langle \langle \rangle \rangle$	contractions, with IC_{50} s of 2.6 nM, 2.5 nM and 7	N N N
Duritor 05.010'		nM, respectively; RG-12525 is also a	N-NH
Purity: 95.81% Clinical Data: No Development Reported		Purity: 98.39% Clinical Data: No Development Reported	
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg		Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg	, 100 mg
Rhapontigenin		RO6889678	
	Cat. No.: HY-N2229		Cat. No.: HY-124364
Rhapontigenin is a natural analog of resveratrol		RO6889678 is a highly potent HBV capsid formation	0
with anticancer, antioxidant, antifungal and antibacterial activities. Rhapontigenin is	\sim	inhibitor with a complex absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion (ADME) profile.	ОГОН
amechanism-based, potent and selective	но	RO6889678 is a potent inducer of CYP3A4 and	N O
cytochrome P450 1A1 inactivator (IC ₅₀		coregulated proteins in human hepatocytes.	HŅ ~ O
= 400 nM).	ÓН		S N N
Purity: 99.66%		Purity: >98%	^N CI
Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg		Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	
Size. 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg		Size. I mg, 5 mg	
Roquefortine C		S-(N-PhenethylthiocarbaMoyl)-L-cysteine	
	Cat. No.: HY-N6748	(PEITC-Cys)	Cat. No.: HY-115754
Roquefortine C, a fungal cyclopeptide isolated	HN N	S-(N-PhenethylthiocarbaMoyl)-L-cysteine	
from Penicillium roquefortii, activates P-gp and also inhibits P450-3A and other		(PEITC-Cys), an anticarcinogenic agent, has antileukemic activity.	
haemoproteins. Roquefortine C has bacteriostatic	₩ ų "Ľ	S-(N-PhenethylthiocarbaMoyl)-L-cysteine inhibits	a s
activities against Gram-positive bacteria.	HN	DNA synthesis in HL60 cells.	V V N S Y NH2
Purity: >98%	о́́ н — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Purity: >98%	
Clinical Data: No Development Reported	0	Clinical Data: No Development Reported	
Size: 500 μg, 1 mg		Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	
Salvianolic acid C		Schisandrin A	
	Cat. No.: HY-N0319	(Schizandrin-A; Wuweizisu-A; Deoxyschizandrin)	Cat. No.: HY-N0693
Salvianolic acid C is a noncompetitive Cytochrome		Schisandrin A inhibits CYP3A activity with an	1 9
P4502C8 (CYP2C8) inhibitor and a moderate mixed inhibitor of Cytochrome P45022J2 (CYP2J2), with	0,0 m	IC_{so} of 6.60 μM and K_{i} of 5.83 $\mu M,$ respectively.	
K_{is} of 4.82 μ M and 5.75 μ M for CYP2C8 and CYP2J2,	HO HO HO HO HO		`o
respectively.	UH CH OH		
Purity: 99.94%		Purity: 99.43%	/)' Q
Clinical Data: No Development Reported		Clinical Data: No Development Reported	N
		Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg	

Schisandrol B		SDZ285428	C + N - UV 100000
(Gomisin-A; TJN-101; Wuweizi alcohol-B) Schisandrol B (Gomisin-A) is a major active constituent of Schisandra sphenanthera with hepato-protective effects. Schisandrol B inhibits reactive oxygen species (ROS) production.	Cat. No.: HY-N0692	SDZ285428 is a CYP51 inhibitor. SDZ285428 inhibits Trypanosoma cruzi (TC) CYP51 with I/E2 <1 (5 min) and I/E2=9 (1 h). SDZ285428 inhibits Trypanosoma brucei (TB) CYP51 with I/E2 <1 (5 min) and I/E2=35 (1 h).	Cat. No.: HY-108938
Purity:99.57%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg	O	Purity:98.04%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 10	or 🗢
Seneciphylline	Cat. No.: HY-N1282	Seviteronel (VT-464)	Cat. No. : HY-15996
Seneciphylline is a toxic pyrrolizidine alkaloid in Senecio plants. Seneciphylline significantly increases the activities of epoxide hydrase and glutathione-S-transferase but causes reduction of cytochrome P-450 and related monooxygenase activities.		Seviteronel (VT-464) is a potent CYP17 lyase inhibitor(h-Lyase IC ₅₀ =69 nM) that demonstrated both exceptional in vitro lyase/hydroxylase selectivity (~10-fold) and oral activity in a hamster model of androgen biosynthesis inhibition.	F O HO NH
Purity: 99.88% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg	,	Purity: 99.85% Clinical Data: Phase 2 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
Seviteronel racemate (VT-464 (racemate))	Cat. No.: HY-15996B	Soticlestat (TAK-935; OV935)	Cat. No.: HY-109123
Seviteronel racemate (VT-464 racemate) is the racemate form of Seviteronel (VT-464), which is a potent CYP17 lyase inhibitor(h-Lyase $IC_{50}=nM$)inhibition.	F O HO N.N F O NH	Soticlestat (TAK-935; OV935) is a first-in-class, potent, selective, and orally active cholesterol 24-hydroxylase (CH24H) inhibitor. Soticlestat has the potential for epilepsy syndromes research.	
Purity: 98.11% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity: 99.25% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 10	он 00 mg
SR9186 (ML368)	Cat. No.: HY-120696	Stiripentol (BCX2600)	Cat. No.: HY-103392
SR9186 (ML368) is a potent CYP3A4 inhibitor with IC_{s0} s for inhibition of midazolam 1'hydroxymidazolam, testosterone 6 β -hydroxytestosterone, and vincristine vincristine M1 of 9, 4, and 38 nM, respectively.	N N NH	Stiripentol (STP) is an anticonvulsant agent, which can inhibit N-demethylation of CLB to NCLB mediatated by CYP3A4 (noncompetitively) and CYP2C19 (competitively) with K ₁ of 1.59 \pm 0.07 and 0.516 \pm 0.065 μ M and IC ₅₀ of 1.58 and 3.29 μ M, respectively.	H OH
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	[∟] n⊂ [™] H	Purity: 99.99% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 10	00 mg
Stiripentol-d9	Cat. No.: HY-103392S	Talarozole (R115866)	Cat. No.: HY-14531
Stiripentol-d9 (BCX2600-d9) is the deuterium labeled Stiripentol.		Talarozole (R115866) is an oral systemic all-trans retinoic acid metabolism blocking agent (RAMBA) which increases intracellular levels of endogenous all-trans retinoic acid (RA). Talarozole inhibits both CYP26A1 and CYP26B1 with IC _{so} s of 5.4 and 0.46 nM, respectively.	N N N N N N N H
Purity: >98%		Purity: 99.78% Clinical Data: Phase 2	L_s'

Talarozole (R enantiomer)		Tebuconazole	
((R)-Talarozole)	Cat. No.: HY-14802		Cat. No.: HY-B0852
Talarozole R enantiomer is a potent and selective inhibitor of cytochrome P450 26-mediated breakdown of endogenous all-trans retinoic acid for the treatment of psoriasis and acne.	S-NH	Tebuconazole is an agricultural azole fungicide which can also inhibit CYPS1 with IC _{so} s of 0.9 and 1.3 μ M for Candida albicans CYPS1 (CaCYPS1) and truncated Homo sapiens CYPS1 ($\Delta 60HsCYPS1$), respectively.	N-N OH
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	∬ N N _√ N	Purity:99.64%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 200 mg, 1 g	
Tebuconazole-d9	Cat. No.: HY-B0852S	Tetrahydrocurcumin (HZIV 81-2)	Cat. No.: HY-N0893
Tebuconazole-d9 is the deuterium labeled Tebuconazole. Tebuconazole is an agricultural azole fungicide which can also inhibit CYP51 with IC ₅₀ S of 0.9 and 1.3 μ M for Candida albicans CYP51 (CaCYP51) and truncated Homo sapiens CYP51 (Δ 60HsCYP51), respectively.		Tetrahydrocurcumin is a Curcuminoid found in turmeric (Curcuma longa) that is produced by the reduction of Curcumin. Tetrahydrocurcumin inhibit CYP2C9 and CYP3A4.	A COLOR OF
Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg		Purity: ≥95.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
Tetrahydrocurcumin D6		Tetrahydropiperine	
(HZIV 81-2 D6)	Cat. No.: HY-N0893S		Cat. No.: HY-N4205
Tetrahydrocurcumin D6 (HZIV 81-2 D6) is a deuterium labeled Tetrahydrocurcumin. Tetrahydrocurcumin is a Curcuminoid which displays inhibitory activity for CYP2C9 and CYP3A4. Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg		Tetrahydropiperine, a cyclohexyl analogue of piperine, is the first natural aryl pentanamide from Piper longum. Tetrahydropiperine (compound 14) inhibits the cytochrome P450 (CYP) isoform CYP1A1/arylhydrocarbon hydroxylase (AHH; IC _{so} =23 μM). Purity: 99.45% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg	
Thermopsoside	Cat. No.: HY-N6023	Ticlopidine (PCR 5332)	Cat. No .: HY-100386
Thermopsoside is a flavone derivative isolated from Aspalathus linearis. Thermopsoside exhibits inhibitory effects on CYP450 isozymes with IC _{so} values of 6.0 μM, 9.5 μM, 12.0 μM, 32.0 μM, for CYP3A4, CYP2C19, CYP2D6 and CYP2C9, respectively. Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg		Ticlopidine (PCR 5332), an antithrombotic prodrug, acts as an allosteric, noncompetitive inhibitor of CD39 with the IC_{s0} of 81.7µM. Ticlopidine blocks several NTPDase isoenzymes with IC_{s0} s of 170µM and 149µM for NTPDase2 and NTPDase3, respectively.Purity:>98% Clinical Data: Launched Size:1 mg, 5 mg	
Ticlopidine-d4 (PCR 5332-d4)	Cat. No.: HY-100386S	TMS ((E)-2,3',4,5'-tetramethoxystilbene)	Cat. No.: HY-19340
Ticlopidine-d4 (PCR 5332-d4) is the deuterium labeled Ticlopidine. Ticlopidine (PCR 5332), an antithrombotic prodrug, acts as an allosteric, noncompetitive inhibitor of CD39 with the IC_{50} of 81.7 μ M.		TMS ((E)-2,3',4,5'-tetramethoxystilbene) is a selective and competitive CYP1B1 inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 6 nM and a K ₁ value of 3 nM. TMS shows a lesser extent inhibitory effect on CYP1A1 (IC ₅₀ 50 nM) and CYP1A2 (IC ₅₀	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:2.5 mg, 25 mg		Purity: 99.21% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	

Topiroxostat (FYX-051)	Cat. No.: HY-14874	Topiroxostat-d4 (FYX-051-d4)	Cat. No.: HY-14874S
Topiroxostat (FYX-051) is a potent and orally active xanthine oxidoreductase (XOR) inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ value of 5.3 nM and a K, value of 5.7 nM. Topiroxostat exhibits weak CYP3A4-inhibitory activity (18.6%). Topiroxostat has the potential for hyperuricemia treatment.Purity:99.68% Clinical Data: 		Topiroxostat-d4 is deuterium labeled Topiroxostat.Topiroxostat (FYX-051) is a potent and orallyactive xanthine oxidoreductase (XOR) inhibitorwith an IC50 value of 5.3 nM and a Ki value of 5.7nM. Topiroxostat exhibits weak CYP3A4-inhibitoryactivity (18.6%).Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	
Troleandomycin (Triacetyloleandomycin)	Cat. No. : HY-108881	Uniconazole	Cat. No.: HY-B0873
Troleandomycin (Triacetyloleandomycin), a macrolide acrolide antibiotic, is a selective CYP3A inhibitor. Troleandomycin is an oral corticosteroid for asthma study. Purity: ≥97.0%		Uniconazole is a plant growth regulator that functions by inhibiting cytochrome P450 707As (K ₁ =68 nM), a family of enzymes that catabolize Abscisic acid, and thus, suppress gibberellin and sterol biosynthesis.	
Clinical Data: Launched Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	Ö	Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 500 mg, 1 g	
Veledimex (S enantiomer) (INXN-1001 (S enantiomer); RG-115932 (S enantiomer))	Cat. No.: HY-16785B	Veledimex racemate (INXN-1001 racemate; RG-115932 racemate)	Cat. No.: HY-16785A
Veledimex S enantiomer (INXN-1001 S enantiomer) is the S enantiomer of veledimex. Veledimex is an oral activator ligand for a proprietary gene therapy promoter system, and a moderate inhibitor of and substrate for CYP3A4/5.		Veledimex racemate (INXN-1001 racemate) is the racemate of veledimex. Veledimex is an orally available, small-molecule activator ligand for the RheoSwitch Therapeutic System. Purity: 97.82%	
Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg		Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	
Verapamil ((±)-Verapamil; CP-16533-1)	Cat. No. : HY-14275	Verapamil EP Impurity C hydrochloride (NSC-609249 hydrochloride)	Cat. No.: HY-136589
Verapamil ((±)-Verapamil) is a calcium channel blocker and a potent and orally active first-generation P-glycoprotein (P-gp) inhibitor. Verapamil also inhibits CYP3A4 . Verapamil has the potential for high blood pressure, heart arrhythmias and angina research.	P-C-N N-C-C-	NSC-609249 hydrochloride is an impurity of Verapamil (HY-14275). Verapamil is a calcium channel blocker and a potent and orally active first-generation P-glycoprotein (P-gp) inhibitor.	N H-Cl
Purity: 99.96% Clinical Data: Phase 4 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg		Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	
Verapamil hydrochloride ((±)-Verapamil hydrochloride; CP-16533-1 hydrochloride)	Cat. No.: HY-A0064	Verapamil-d3 hydrochloride ((±)-Verapamil-d3 hy CP-16533-1-d3 hydrochloride)	y <mark>drochloride;</mark> Cat. No.: HY-A0064S
Verapamil hydrochloride ((±)-Verapamil hydrochloride) is a calcium channe l blocker and a potent and orally active first-generation P-glycoprotein (P-gp) inhibitor. Verapamil hydrochloride also inhibits CYP3A4 .	P-CI N-L-CI	Verapamil-d3 ((±)-Verapamil-d3) hydrochloride is the deuterium labeled Verapamil hydrochloride. Verapamil hydrochloride ((±)-Verapamil hydrochloride) is a calcium channel blocker and a potent and orally active first-generation P-glycoprotein (P-gp) inhibitor.	
Purity: 99.98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	

α-Terpinyl acetate	Cat. No.: HY-N7136	<mark>β-Amyrenonol</mark> (11-Oxo-β-amyrin)	Cat. No.: HY-N2920
$\alpha\text{-}Terpinyl$ acetate is a monoterpene ester isolated from Laurus nobilis L. essential oil. $\alpha\text{-}Terpinyl$ acetate is a competitive P450 2B6 substrate which binding to the active site of P450 2B6 with a K _a value of 5.4 μM .	I v	β -Amyrenonol (11-Oxo- β -amyrin), an oleanolic-type triterpenoid in licorice roots, is a precursor of Glycyrrhetinic acid. β -Amyrenonol has anti-proliferative and anti-inflammatory activities, and β -Amyrenonol could function as the skeleton for the synthesis of many triterpenoids.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg		Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg	
β-Apo-8'-carotenal		ε-Viniferin	
(Apocarotenal)	Cat. No.: HY-N6677	(epsilon-Viniferin)	Cat. No.: HY-N3841
β -Apo-8'-carotenal (Apocarotenal), a provitamin A carotenoid, is an inducer of CYPIA1 and CYPIA2 in rat. β -Apo-8'-carotenal is present in many fruits and vegetables.	Jerry and all	ε-Viniferin, the dimer of Resveratrol and isolated from Vitis vinifera, displays a potent inhibitory for all the CYP activities, with K _i values from 0.5-20 μM. ε-Viniferin possesses potent antioxidant capacity.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:25 mg, 100 mg		Purity:≥98.0%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg	HOLOGIA