

FAK

PTK2 protein tyrosine kinase 2; PTK2; Focal adhesion kinase

FAK (Focal Adhesion Kinase or PTK2) is a non-receptor and non-membrane associated protein tyrosine kinase that is activated at the sites of cell-matrix adhesions and integrin clustering by auto-phosphorylation (at Tyr397), Src, and other tyrosine kinases. FAK mediates integrin-based cell signaling by transferring signals regulating cell migration, adhesion, and survival from the extracellular matrix to the cytoplasm.

FAK is overexpressed in many tumors, including those derived from the head and neck, colon, breast, prostate, liver, and thyroid. Furthermore, FAK overexpression is highly correlated with an invasive phenotype in these tumors. Inhibition of FAK signaling by overexpression of dominant-negative fragments of FAK reduces invasion of glioblastomas and ovarian cancer cells. FAK therefore represents an important target for the development of anti-neoplastic and anti-metastatic drugs.

FAK Inhibitors

ALK inhibitor 1

Cat. No.: HY-15357

ALK inhibitor 1 (compound 17) is a potent pyrimidin ALK inhibitor. ALK inhibitor 1 is a potent inhibitor of testis-specific serine/threonine kinase 2 (TSSK2; IC_{so}=31 nM) and focal adhesion kinase (FAK; IC₅₀=2 nM).

Purity: 99 71%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg

ALK inhibitor 2

ALK inhibitor 2 (compound 18) is a potent pyrimidin ALK inhibitor. ALK inhibitor 2 is a potent inhibitor of testis-specific serine/threonine kinase 2 (TSSK2; IC_{so}=37 nM) and focal adhesion kinase (FAK; IC₅₀=5 nM).



Cat. No.: HY-15358

99 77% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg

AMP-945

Cat. No.: HY-145652

AMP-945 is an inhibitor of the enzyme focal adhesion kinase (FAK).

Purity: 98 96%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg Size

Batatasin III

Cat. No.: HY-122965

Batatasin III, a stilbenoid, inhibits cancer migration and invasion by suppressing epithelial to mesenchymal transition (EMT) and FAK-AKT signals. Batatasin III has anti-cancer activities.

Purity: 99 70%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

5 mg, 10 mg

BI-3663

Cat. No.: HY-111546

BI-3663 is a highly selective PTK2/FAK PROTAC (DC₅₀=30 nM), with Cereblon ligands to hijack E3 ligases for PTK2 degradation. BI-3663 inhibits PTK2 with an IC_{50} of 18 nM. BI-3663 is a PROTAC that composes of BI-4464 (HY-124625) linked to Pomalidomide (HY-10984) with a linker.

Purity: 98.14%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg

BI-4464

Cat. No.: HY-124625

BI-4464 is a highly selective ATP competitive inhibitor of PTK2/FAK, with an IC₅₀ of 17 nM. A PTK2 ligand for PROTAC.



99.27% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

CEP-37440

Cat. No.: HY-15841

CEP-37440 is a novel potent and selective Dual FAK/ALK inhibitor with IC50 s of 2.3 nM (FAK) and 120 nM(ALK cellular IC50 in 75% human plasma).

99.97% Purity: Clinical Data: Phase 1

Size 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Chloropyramine hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-B1305

Chloropyramine hydrochloride is a histamine receptor H1 antagonist which can also inhibit the biochemical function of VEGFR-3 and FAK.

99.73% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg Size

Conteltinib

(CT-707) Cat. No.: HY-109084

Conteltinib (CT-707) is a multi-kinase inhibitor targeting FAK, ALK, and Pyk2. Conteltinib exerts significant inhibitory effect on FAK with an IC_{so} of 1.6 nM.

Purity: 99.47% Clinical Data: Phase 1

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

Defactinib

(VS-6063; PF-04554878)

Defactinib (VS-6063; PF-04554878) is a novel FAK inhibitor with potential antiangiogenic and antineoplastic activities.



Cat. No.: HY-12289

99.87% Clinical Data: Phase 2

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg Size:

Defactinib hydrochloride

(VS-6063 hydrochloride; PF 04554878 hydrochloride) Cat. No.: HY-12289A

Defactinib hydrochloride (VS-6063 hydrochloride; PF 04554878 hydrochloride) is a novel FAK inhibitor, which inhibits FAK phosphorylation at the Tyr397 site in a time- and dose-dependent manner

Purity: 98 95% Clinical Data: Phase 2

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

EGFR-IN-46

EGFR-IN-46 is a potent EGFR and FAK dual inhibitor with IC_{so}s of 20.17 nM, 14.25 nM, respectively. EGFR-IN-46 significantly inhibits the growth of cancer cells. EGFR-IN-46 induces cell apoptosis.

>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

FAK inhibitor 2

Cat. No.: HY-128580

FAK inhibitor 2 is a potent focal adhesion kinase (FAK) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.07 nM, with antitumor and anti-angiogenesis activities.

Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

FAK inhibitor 5

FAK inhibitor 5 (compound 2) is a novel allosteric

FAK inhibitor, with IC₅₀ values in the low

micromolar range.



Cat. No.: HY-18928

Cat. No.: HY-144794

Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

FAK PROTAC B5

Cat. No.: HY-143458

FAK PROTAC B5 (Compound B5) is a FAK PROTAC degrader with an IC₅₀ value of 14.9 nM. FAK PROTAC B5 presents strong FAK degradation activity, antiproliferative activity, outstanding plasma stability and moderate membrane permeability. FAK PROTAC B5 inhibits cell migration and invasion.

>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

FAK-IN-1

Cat. No.: HY-145108

FAK-IN-1 is a **FAK** inhibitor with anticancer activities (WO2020231726 (Example 27)).



>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size 1 mg, 5 mg

FAK-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-144448

FAK-IN-2 is a potent and orally active focal adhesion kinase (FAK) inhibitor, with anticancer activity (FAK IC_{so} = 35 nM).

>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

FAK-IN-3

Cat. No.: HY-143407 FAK-IN-3 (Compound 36) is a potent inhibitor of

focal adhesion kinase (FAK). FAK-IN-3 not only decreases migration and invasion of PA-1 cells, but also reduces expression of MMP-2 and MMP-9. FAK-IN-3 inhibits tumor growth and metastasis, and no obvious adverse effects.

Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size 1 mg, 5 mg



FAK-IN-4

Cat. No.: HY-146065

FAK-IN-4 (Compound 7d) is potential FAK inhibitor with anticancer activities. FAK-IN-4 induces cell apoptosis.

Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

FAK-IN-5

Cat. No.: HY-147520

FAK-IN-5 (Compound 8I) is a FAK signaling inhibitor. FAK-IN-5 induces cell apoptosis and

autophagy.

>98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

Fangchinoline

Cat. No.: HY-N1372A

Fangchinoline is isolated from Stephania tetrandra with extensive biological activities, such as enhancing immunity, anti-inflammatory sterilization and anti-atherosclerosis.



Purity: 99 92%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: $10 \text{ mM} \times 1 \text{ mL}, 5 \text{ mg}$

GSK215

GSK215 is a potent and selective PROTAC focal adhesion kinase (FAK) degrader, GSK215 is designed by a binder for the VHL E3 ligase and the FAK inhibitor VS-4718.



Cat. No.: HY-132296

>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

GSK2256098

Cat. No.: HY-100498

GSK2256098 is a selective FAK kinase inhibitor, which inhibits growth and survival of pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma cells.



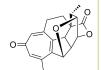
Purity: 99 74% Clinical Data: Phase 2

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Harringtonolide

Cat. No.: HY-N10335

Harringtonolide is a potent RACK1 inhibitor $(IC_{50}=39.66 \mu M \text{ in A375 cells})$. Harringtonolide inhibits the epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) process and cell proliferation by affecting the interaction between FAK and RACK1.



Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

Masitinib

(AB1010) Cat. No.: HY-10209

Masitinib (AB1010) is a potent, orally bioavailable, and selective inhibitor of c-Kit (IC₅₀=200 nM for human recombinant c-Kit). It also inhibits PDGFR α/β (IC₅₀s=540/800 nM), Lyn (IC₅₀= 510 nM for LynB), Lck, and, to a lesser extent, FGFR3 and FAK.

Purity: 99 98% Clinical Data: Phase 3

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

NAMI-A

NAMI-A is a ruthenium-based drug characterised by the selective activity against tumour metastases, inhibits the adhesion and migration. In vitro: NAMI-A can significantly affect tumor cells with metastatic ability.



Cat. No.: HY-19376

≥98.0% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size 10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Nitidine chloride

Cat. No.: HY-N0498

Nitidine chloride, a potential anti-malarial lead compound derived from Zanthoxylum nitidum (Roxb) DC, exerts potent anticancer activity through diverse pathways, including inducing apoptosis, inhibiting STAT3 signaling cascade, DNA topoisomerase 1 and 2A, ERK and...

Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg Size:

NVP-TAE 226

(TAE226) Cat. No.: HY-13203

NVP-TAE 226 (TAE226) is a potent and ATP-competitive dual FAK and IGF-1R inhibitor with IC_{so}s of 5.5 nM and 140 nM, respectively. NVP-TAE 226 (TAE226) also effectively inhibits Pyk2 and insulin receptor (InsR) with IC_{50} s of 3.5 nM and 44 nM, respectively



Purity: 99.92%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg Size

PDZ1i

(113B7)Cat. No.: HY-124813

PDZ1i is a potent, BBB-penetrated and specific MDA-9/Syntenin inhibitor. PDZ1i inhibits crucial GBM (glioblastoma multiforme) signaling involving FAK and EGFRvIII. PDZ1i reduces MMP secretion. PDZ1i can improve survival of brain tumor-bearing mice and reduce tumor invasion.



Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Petunidin chloride

Cat. No.: HY-126410

Petunidin chloride is an O-methylated anthocyanidin derived from delphinidin.

≥98.0%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

5 mg

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 Email: sales@MedChemExpress.com

PF-431396

Cat. No.: HY-10460

PF-431396 is an orally active dual focal adhesion kinase (FAK) and proline-rich tyrosine kinase 2 (PYK2) inhibitor, with IC₅₀ values of 2 nM and 11 nM, respectively.

98 86% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

PF-562271 besylate

(VS-6062 besylate) Cat. No.: HY-10458

PF-562271 (VS-6062) besylate is a potent ATP-competitive, reversible inhibitor of FAK and Pyk2 kinase, with an IC_{so} of 1.5 nM and 13 nM, respectively.

Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

PF-573228

Cat. No.: HY-10461

PF-573228 is a potent and selective FAK inhibitor with IC50 of 4 nM for purified recombinant catalytic fragment of FAK.

99.66% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg

PND-1186 hydrochloride

(VS-4718 hydrochloride; SR-2516 hydrochloride) Cat. No.: HY-13917A

PND-1186 hydrochloride (VS-4718 hydrochloride) is a potent, highly-specific and reversible inhibitor of FAK with an IC_{50} of 1.5 nM. PND-1186 hydrochloride selectively promotes tumor cell apoptosis.

Purity: 98.78%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

SU6656

Cat. No.: HY-B0789

SU6656 is a Src family kinases inhibitor with IC_{so}s of 280, 20, 130, 170 nM for Src, Yes, Lyn, and Fyn, respectively. SU6656 inhibits FAK phosphorylation at Y576/577, Y925, Y861 sites. SU6656 also inhibits p-AKT.

96.87% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

PF-562271

(VS-6062) Cat. No.: HY-10459

PF-562271 (VS-6062) is a potent, ATP-competitive and reversible FAK and Pvk2 kinase inhibitor with IC₅₀s of 1.5 nM and 13 nM, respectively.



99 68% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

PF-562271 hydrochloride

(VS-6062(hydrochloride))

PF-562271 (VS-6062) hydrochloride is a potent, ATP-competitive and reversible FAK and Pyk2 kinase inhibitor with IC₅₀s of 1.5 nM and 13 nM, respectively.

Cat. No.: HY-20403

Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

PND-1186

(VS-4718; SR-2516)

PND-1186 (VS-4718) is a potent, highly-specific and reversible inhibitor of FAK with an IC50 of 1.5 nM. PND-1186 selectively promotes tumor cell apoptosis.



Cat. No.: HY-13917

Purity: 99.80% Clinical Data: Phase 1

Size: $10~\text{mM}\times1~\text{mL},\,5~\text{mg},\,10~\text{mg},\,50~\text{mg},\,100~\text{mg}$

PROTAC FAK degrader 1

PROTAC FAK degrader 1 is a selective and potent von Hippel-Lindau-based focal adhesion kinase (FAK) degrader with an IC_{so} of 6.5 nM, DC_{so} of 3 nM.



Cat. No.: HY-119932

Purity: 99.87%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg

ULK1-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-143466

ULK1-IN-2 (compound 3s) is a potent ULK1 inhibitor. ULK1-IN-2 shows highest cytotoxic effect against cancer cell lines, with ICso of 1.94 μM in A549. ULK1-IN-2 can induce apoptosis and simultaneously block autophagy, and can be used to study NSCLC (Non-small cell lung cancer).



>98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

Y15

(FAK Inhibitor 14) Cat. No.: HY-12444

Y15 is a potent and specific inhibitor of focal adhesion kinase (FAK) that inhibits its autophosphorylation activity, decreases the viability of cancer cells, and blocks tumor growth.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} H_2N & NH_2 \\ \hline \\ H_2N & NH_2 \end{array}$

H-Cl H-Cl H-Cl H-Cl

Purity: 98.22%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

YH-306

YH-306 is an antitumor agent. YH-306 suppresses colorectal tumour growth and metastasis via FAK pathway. YH-306 significantly inhibits the migration and invasion of colorectal cancer cells. YH-306 potently suppresses uninhibited proliferation and induces cell apoptosis.

The Co

Cat. No.: HY-120213

Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 Email: sales@MedChemExpress.com