

## IRE1

#### Inositol requiring enzyme 1

Inositol-requiring enzyme 1 (IRE1) is a bifunctional serine/threonine kinase and endoribonuclease that is a major mediator of the unfolded protein response (UPR) during endoplasmic reticulum (ER) stress. It represents a potential therapeutic target for a number of diseases associated with endoplasmic reticulum stress.

IRE1 is the only identified ER stress sensor in yeast and essential for UPR in animals and plants. As an ER transmembrane protein, IRE1 monitors ER homeostasis through an ER luminal stress-sensing domain and triggers UPR through a cytoplasmic kinase domain and an RNase domain. Upon ER stress, IRE1 RNase is activated through conformational change, autophosphorylation, and higher order oligomerization. Mammalian IRE1 initiates diverse downstream signaling of the UPR either through unconventional splicing of the transcription factor Xbp-1 or and through posttranscriptional modifications via Regulated IRE1-Dependent Decay (RIDD) of multiple substrates.

### **IRE1 Inhibitors & Antagonists**

#### 3,6-DMAD hydrochloride

3,6-DMAD hydrochloride is a inhibitor of the IRE1α-XBP1 pathway of the unfolded protein

Cat. No.: HY-U00460

98 88% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 5 mg

#### 4µ8C

(IRE1 Inhibitor III)

4μ8C (IRE1 Inhibitor III) is a small-molecule

inhibitor of IRE1α.



Cat. No.: HY-19707

98 78% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

#### 6-Bromo-2-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde (NSC95682)

6-Bromo-2-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde (NSC95682) is an IRE-1 $\alpha$  inhibitor with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.08  $\mu$ M, extracted from patent WO 2008154484 A1, IRE-la

inhibitor compound 3-5.

Cat. No.: HY-107371

**Purity:** 99 55%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg

#### APY29

APY29, an ATP-competitive inhibitor, is an allosteric modulator of  $IRE1\alpha$  which inhibits  $IRE1\alpha$ autophosphorylation by binding to the ATP-binding pocket with  $IC_{so}$  of 280 nM. APY29 acts as a ligand that allosterically activates IRE1α adjacent RNase

domain.

**Purity:** 

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg

Cat. No.: HY-17537

### **B I09**

Cat. No.: HY-107400

B IO9 is an IRE-1 RNase inhibitor, with an IC<sub>so</sub> of

1230 nM.

Purity: 99.60%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

#### GSK2850163

Cat. No.: HY-U00459

GSK2850163 is a novel inhibitor of

inositol-requiring enzyme-1 alpha (IRE1 $\alpha$ ) which can inhibit IRE1α kinase activity and RNase activity with IC<sub>so</sub>s of 20 and 200 nM, respectively.

98.48% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

#### GSK2850163 hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-U00459B

GSK2850163 hydrochloride is a novel inhibitor of inositol-requiring enzyme-1 alpha (IRE1a) which can inhibit IRE1α kinase activity and RNase activity with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 20 and 200 nM, respectively.

>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 ma, 5 ma

#### IRE1α kinase-IN-1

Cat. No.: HY-136735  $\text{IRE1}\alpha$  kinase-IN-1 is a highly selective  $\text{IRE1}\alpha$ 

(ERN1) inhibitor, with an  $IC_{50}$  of 77 nM. IRE1 $\alpha$ kinase-IN-1 displays 100-fold selectivity for IRE1 $\alpha$  over the IRE1 $\beta$  isoform.



99.44% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

#### IRE1α kinase-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-18509

IRE1 $\alpha$  kinase-IN-2 is a potent IRE1 $\alpha$  kinase inhibitor, with an  $EC_{50}$  of 0.82  $\mu$ M. IRE1 $\alpha$ kinase-IN-2 inhibits IRE1α kinase autophosphorylation (IC  $_{\text{50}}\text{=-}3.12~\mu\text{M}$  ). IRE1  $\alpha$ kinase-IN-2 inhibits XBP1 mRNA splicing in the WT cell lines.

Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg Size:

## IRE1α kinase-IN-6

IRE1α kinase-IN-6 is a potent IRE1α inhibitor with an IC<sub>so</sub> value of 4.4 nM.

Cat. No.: HY-142659

>98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

Tel: 609-228-6898 Email: sales@MedChemExpress.com Fax: 609-228-5909

#### IXA4

IXA4 is a highly selective, non-toxic IRE1/XBP1s activator. IXA4 activates IRE1/XBP1s signaling without globally activating the unfolded protein response (UPR) or other stress-responsive signaling pathways (e.g., the heat shock response or oxidative stress response).

Purity: 99 16%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

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Cat. No.: HY-139214

#### KIRA-7

KIRA-7, an imidazopyrazine compound, binds the IRE1 $\alpha$  kinase (IC<sub>50</sub> of 110 nM) to allosterically inhibit its RNase activity. KIRA-7 has an anti-fibrotic effect.

>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg



Cat. No.: HY-124646

#### KIRA6

Cat. No.: HY-19708

KIRA6 is an advanced small-molecule  $IRE1\alpha$  RNase kinase inhibitor with an  $IC_{50}$  of 0.6  $\mu M$ . KIRA6 can trigger an apoptotic response.

Purity: 99.86%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg

#### Kira8

(AMG-18)

Kira8 (AMG-18) is a mono-selective IRE1 $\alpha$  inhibitor that allosterically attenuates  $IRE1\alpha$  RNase activity with an  $IC_{50}$  of 5.9 nM.



Cat. No.: HY-114368

Purity: 99.74%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

#### Kira8 Hydrochloride

(AMG-18 Hydrochloride) Cat. No.: HY-114368A

Kira8 Hydrochloride (AMG-18 Hydrochloride) is a mono-selective  $IRE1\alpha$  inhibitor that allosterically attenuates IRE1 $\alpha$  RNase activity with an IC<sub>so</sub> of 5.9

Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

#### KIRA9

KIRA9 is a potent IRE1 inhibitor (IC<sub>50</sub>=4.8  $\mu$ M in INS-1 cells). KIRA9 is able to fully engage the ATP-binding site of IRE1α. KIRA9 can block ER-localized mRNA decay and apoptosis.



Cat. No.: HY-145422

>98% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size 1 mg, 5 mg

#### MKC3946

Cat. No.: HY-19710

MKC3946 is a potent IRE1 $\alpha$  inhibitor, used for cancer research.

99.68% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg Size:

#### MKC8866

MKC8866, a salicylaldehyde analog, is a potent,

selective IRE1 RNase inhibitor with an IC<sub>so</sub> of  $0.29 \mu M$  in human vitro.

Cat. No.: HY-104040

99.87% Purity:

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg Size:

#### MKC9989

Cat. No.: HY-12399

MKC9989 is a Hydroxy aryl aldehydes (HAA) inhibitor and also inhibits  $IRE1\alpha$  with an  $IC_{so}$  of 0.23 to 44 μM.

Purity: 98.36%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

#### PAIR2

PAIR2 is a potent and selective partial antagonist of IRE1α RNase. PAIR2 can completely occupy IRE1 $\alpha$ 's ATP-binding site in cells and block the ability of a potent KIRA to inhibit XBP1 splicing.



Cat. No.: HY-145425

>98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

#### STF-083010

Cat. No.: HY-15845

STF-083010 is a specific IRE1 $\alpha$  inhibitor. STF-083010 inhibits Ire1 endonuclease activity. without affecting its kinase activity, after endoplasmic reticulum stress.

 $0=\dot{S}=0$ 

Purity: >98.0%

(SU 11248 Malate)

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg Size:

#### **Sunitinib Malate**

Sunitinib Malate (SU 11248 Malate) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>so</sub>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFRβ, respectively.

Cat. No.: HY-10255

**Purity:** 99.47% Clinical Data: Launched

10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

#### Sunitinib-d4

Cat. No.: HY-10255AS1

Sunitinib-d4 (SU 11248-d4) is the deuterium labeled Sunitinib. Sunitinib (SU 11248) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFRβ, respectively.

Purity:

Clinical Data:

Size: 2.5 mg, 1 mg, 25 mg

#### Sunitinib

(SU 11248) Cat. No.: HY-10255A

Sunitinib (SU 11248) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>so</sub>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFRβ, respectively.

98 96% Purity: Clinical Data: Launched

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

#### Sunitinib-d10

(SU 11248-d10) Cat. No.: HY-10255AS

Sunitinib D10 (SU 11248 D10) is a deuterium labeled Sunitinib. Sunitinib is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFRβ, respectively.

Purity: 99.89%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

1 mg, 5 mg

#### Toyocamycin

(Vengicide) Cat. No.: HY-103248

Toyocamycin (Vengicide) is an adenosine analog produced by Actinomycete, acts as an XBP1 inhibitor, inhibits IRE1α-induced ATP-dependent XBP1 mRNA cleavage, with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 80 nM. Toyocamycin (Vengicide) induces apoptosis.

Purity: 99.78%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg Size: