

Smoothened (Smo), a class Frizzled G protein-coupled receptor (class F GPCR), transduces the Hedgehog (Hh) signal across the cell membrane. The Hh signaling pathway includes both canonical and noncanonical pathways. The canonical Hh pathway functions through major Hh molecules such as Hh ligands, PTCH, Smo, and GLI, whereas the noncanonical Hh pathway involves the activation of Smo or GLI through other pathways.

The Hh signaling cascade is initiated by the binding of the Hh protein ligand to its cellular membrane receptor, Patched (PTCH), which relieves PTCH-mediated repression of the seven-transmembrane (7TM) protein Smo. Activated Smo transduces the signal to the GLI family of transcription factors, which translocate to the nucleus to regulate numerous gene products involved in tissue patterning and cell differentiation.

## Smo Inhibitors, Agonists, Antagonists & Activators

20(S)-Hydroxycholesterol		ALLO-2	
(20α-Hydroxycholesterol)	Cat. No.: HY-12316		Cat. No.: HY-117407
20(S)-hydroxyCholesterol (20 $\alpha$ -Hydroxycholesterol) is an allosteric activator of the <b>oncoprotein</b> <b>smoothened (Smo)</b> that activates the hedgehog (Hh) signaling pathway with an EC <sub>s0</sub> of 3 $\mu$ M in a gene transcription reporter assay using NIH3T3 cells.		ALLO-2 is a potent drug-resistant <b>Smoothened</b> ( <b>Smo</b> ) mutant antagonist that inhibits Smo agonist Hh-Ag1.5-induced luciferase expression in TM3-Gli-Luc cells with <b>IC</b> <sub>50</sub> of 6 nM.	FOR THE STREET
Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg		Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
BMS-833923 (XL-139)	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13809	CUR61414	<b>Cat. No.</b> : HY-113965
BMS-833923 (XL-139) is an orally bioavailable small-molecule inhibitor of Smoothened with potential antineoplastic activity; inhibits BODIPY cyclopamine binding to SMO in a dose-dependent manner with an IC50 of 21 nM.		CUR61414 is a novel, potent and cell permeable Hedgehog signaling pathway inhibitor (IC <sub>50</sub> =100-200 nM). CUR61414 is a small-molecule aminoproline class compound and selectively binds to <b>smoothened (Smo)</b> with a K <sub>i</sub> value of 44 nM.	
Purity:     98.21%       Clinical Data:     Phase 2       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity: ≥99.0%   Clinical Data: No Development Reported   Size: 10 mg	
		DV121	
Cyclopamine (11-Deoxoiervine)	Cat. No : HY-17024	(GSK 9089)	Cat No: HY-15483
Cyclopamine is a <b>Hedgehog</b> ( <b>Hh</b> ) pathway antagonist with an $IC_{so}$ of 46 nM in the Hh cell assay. Cyclopamine is also a selective <b>Smo</b> inhibitor.		DY131 (GSK 9089) is a potent and selective ERRy and ERR $\beta$ agonist. DY131displays inactive against ERR $\alpha$ , ER $\alpha$ and ER $\beta$ . DY131 also inhibits Smo signaling.	
Purity:99.97%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity:     99.72%       Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
Glasdagih		654.10	
(PF-04449913)	Cat. No.: HY-16391	USA-IV	Cat. No.: HY-12317
Glasdegib (PF-04449913) is a potent and orally bioavailable <b>smoothened</b> inhibitor. Glasdegib (PF-04449913) binds to human <b>SMO</b> (amino acids 181-787) with an $IC_{s0}$ of 4 nM.		GSA-10 is a potent agonist of <b>Smoothened (Smo)</b> receptor with an $EC_{so}$ of 1.2 $\mu$ M. GSA-10 is a novel quinolinecarboxamide derivative. GSA-10 acts at <b>Smo</b> to promote the differentiation of multipotent mesenchymal progenitor cells into osteoblasts.	
Purity:     99.31%       Clinical Data:     Launched       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity: >98%   Clinical Data: No Development Reported   Size: 1 mg, 5 mg	
Halcinonide (SQ-18566)	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0877	HhAntag	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15412
Halcinonide (SQ-18566) is a high potency corticosteroid used topically in the treatment of certain skin conditions.		HhAntag is a specific, potent and orally active small molecule <b>SMO</b> antagonist of the Hh pathway.	
Purity:     99.87%       Clinical Data:     Launched       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg		Purity:     98.70%       Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	-

IHR-1	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-110240	IHR-Cy3	<b>Cat. No.</b> : HY-131016
IHR-1 is a cell membrane impermeable <b>Smo</b> antagonist.		IHR-Cy3 is a potent fluorescent ${\rm Smo}$ antagonist with an ${\rm IC}_{\rm S0}$ of 100 nM.	
Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	CI NH CI	Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg	
Jervine (11-Ketocyclopamine)	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0836	KAAD-Cyclopamine (Cyclopamine-KAAD)	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-100535
Jervine (11-Ketocyclopamine) is a potent Hedgehog     (Hh) inhibitor with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 500-700 nM.     Jervine is a natural teratogenic sterodial     alkaloid from rhizomes of Veratrum album.     Jervine has anti-inflammatory and antioxidant     properties.     Purity:   99.03%     Clinical Data:   No Development Reported     Size:   5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		KAAD-Cyclopamine, a hedgehog signaling inhibitor, is a smoothened antagonist.     Purity:   >98%     Clinical Data:   No Development Reported     Size:   1 mg, 5 mg	<sup>0</sup> ملیکر برتیکر شوحسیه
LEQ506 (NVP-LEQ506)	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-18636	MK-4101	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-100036
LEQ506 is a second-generation inhibitor of <b>smoothened (Smo)</b> with <b>IC</b> <sub>50</sub> s of 2 and 4 nM in human and mouse, respectively.		MK-4101 is a <b>Smoothened (SMO)</b> antagonist ( $IC_{s_0}$ of 1.1 $\mu$ M for 293 cells ) and also a potent inhibitor of the <b>hedgehog pathway</b> ( $IC_{s_0}$ of 1.5 $\mu$ M for mouse cells; $IC_{s_0}$ of 1 $\mu$ M for KYSE180 oesophageal cancer cells).	
Purity:98.15%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity:     98.31%       Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50	o−↓ <sub>F</sub> F mg, 100 mg
MRT-10	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-108507	MRT-14	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-145918
MRT-10 is a seven-transmembrane <b>receptor</b> <b>smoothened</b> (Smo) antagonist with an IC <sub>so</sub> of 0.65 $\mu$ M in the micromolar range in various Hedgehog (Hh) assays. MRT-10 binds to the Smo receptor at the level of the Bodipycyclopamine binding site. Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg 10 mg 25 mg 50 mg		MRT-14 is a potent antagonist of <b>Smo</b> . Smo is the major component involved in signal transduction of the Hedgehog (Hh) morphogens. MRT-14 has the potential for the research of several types of cancers linked to abnormal Hh signaling. Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg 5 mg	
MRT-81	Cat. No.: HY-145387	MRT-83	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-18287
MRT-81 is a potent antagonist of human and rodent smoothened (Smo) receptors, with an $IC_{s0}$ value of 41 nM in the Shh-light2 cells. MRT-81 has potent hedgehog inhibiting activity. MRT-81 can be used for the research of cancer.		MRT-83 is a potent antagonist of <b>Smo</b> , with an $IC_{so}$ in the nanomolar range. MRT-83 also blocks Hedgehog (Hh) signaling.	
Purity:98.87%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg		Purity:     99.16%       Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	

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MRT-83 hydrochloride	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-18287A	PF-5274857	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13459
MRT-83 (hydrochloride) is the potent antagonist of Smoothened ( <b>Smo</b> ) receptor. MRT-83 (hydrochloride) inhibits the Hedgehog (Hh) signaling pathway and BODIPY-cyclopamine binding to human Smo. MRT-83 (hydrochloride) has the potential for researching cancer disease. <b>Purity:</b> 99.60% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	HCI	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
PF-5274857 hydrochloride	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13459A	Purmorphamine	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15108
PF-5274857 hydrochloride is a potent, selective, orally active and brain-penetrant antagonist of Smo, with an $IC_{s0}$ of 5.8 nM and $K_i$ of 4.6 nM.		Purmorphamine is a smoothened/Smo receptor agonist with an $\text{EC}_{\text{so}}$ of 1 $\mu\text{M}.$	NH NH NH NH NH
Purity: >98%   Clinical Data: No Development Reported   Size: 1 mg, 5 mg		Purity:99.89%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg	
SAG	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12848	SAG dihydrochloride	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12848C
SAG is a potent <b>Smoothened (Smo) receptor</b> agonist ( $EC_{s0}$ =3 nM; $K_{d}$ =59 nM). SAG activates the Hedgehog signaling pathway and counteracts Cyclopamine (HY-17024) inhibition of Smo.		SAG dihydrochloride is a potent <b>Smoothened</b> (Smo) receptor agonist ( $EC_{so}$ =3 nM; $K_a$ =59 nM). SAG dihydrochloride activates the Hedgehog signaling pathway and counteracts Cyclopamine (HY-17024) inhibition of Smo.	
Purity:     99.88%       Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50	mg	Purity:>98%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg	U.
SAG hydrochloride	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12848B	SAG-d3	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-12848S
SAG hydrochloride is a potent <b>Smoothened (Smo)</b> receptor agonist ( $EC_{so}$ =3 nM; $K_d$ =59 nM). SAG hydrochloride activates the Hedgehog signaling pathway and counteracts Cyclopamine (HY-17024) inhibition of Smo.		SAG-d3 is deuterium labeled SAG. SAG is a potent <b>Smoothened (Smo) receptor</b> agonist ( $EC_{50}$ =3 nM; $K_{d}$ =59 nM).	
Purity:99.58%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50	ci Hui	Purity:98.77%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg	Ċ
Saikosaponin B1	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-N0247	SANT-1	<b>Cat. No.</b> : HY-100224
Saikosaponin B1 is a bioactive constituent of Radix Bupleuri with anticancer activity. Saikosaponin B1 significantly inhibits tumor growth in Medulloblastoma (MB) model by inhibiting the Hedgehog pathway through targeting SMO.	HO_ OH HO_ OH HO_ OH HO_ OH HO_ OH HO_ OH OH OH OH OH OH OH OH	SANT-1, a potent <b>Smo</b> antagonist, inhibits <b>Hedgehog</b> signaling. SANT-1 shows $IC_{so}$ of 20 nM and 30 nM in Shh-LIGHT2 and SmoA1-LIGHT2 assay, respectively.	
Purity:99.42%Clinical Data:No Development ReportedSize:5 mg, 10 mg		Purity:     99.88%       Clinical Data:     No Development Reported       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	

Saridegib (IPI-926; Patidegib)	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-16587	Sonidegib (Erismodegib; LDE225; NVP-LDE225)	<b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-16582A
Saridegib is a potent and specific inhibitor of Smoothened <b>(Smo)</b> , a key signaling transmembrane protein in the Hedgehog (Hh) pathway.	O'HON- H H H H H H	Sonidegib (Erismodegib) is a potent and selective Smo antagonist with $IC_{50}$ of 1.3 nM and 2.5 nM for mouse and human Smo in binding assay, respectively.	
Purity:     ≥99.0%       Clinical Data:     Phase 3       Size:     5 mg		Purity:     99.64%       Clinical Data:     Launched       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	
Sonideaib diphosphate (Erismodeaib diphosphate: Ll	DE225	Taladegib	
diphosphate; NVP-LDE225 diphosphate)	Cat. No.: HY-16582	(LY2940680)	Cat. No.: HY-13242
Sonidegib diphosphate (Erismodegib diphosphate) is a potent and selective <b>Smo</b> antagonist with $IC_{50}$ of 1.3 nM and 2.5 nM for mouse and human Smo in binding assay, respectively.		Taladegib (LY2940680) is an antagonist of the <b>smoothened</b> receptor.	
Purity:     99.80%       Clinical Data:     Launched       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	оор но-р-он но-р-он он он	Purity:     99.93%       Clinical Data:     Phase 2       Size:     10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg	<sup>−</sup>