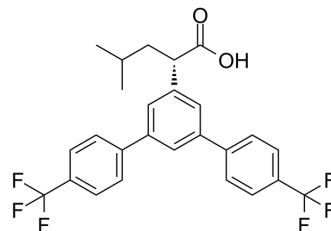


## JNJ-40418677

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-100604		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1146594-87-7		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>22</sub> F <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	480.44		
<b>Target:</b>	γ-secretase; Amyloid-β		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Neuronal Signaling; Stem Cell/Wnt		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	JNJ-40418677 is an orally active modulator of γ-secretase, can cross the blood-brain barrier. JNJ-40418677 inhibits Aβ42 and NS2B-NS3 protease, with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 200 nM and 3.9 μM, respectively. JNJ-40418677 displays good biological tolerance, can be use for Alzheimer's disease research <sup>[1][2][3]</sup> .								
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	IC <sub>50</sub> : 185 nM (rat Aβ42) <sup>[1]</sup> ; 200 nM (human Aβ42) <sup>[2]</sup> ; 3.9 μM (ZIKV NS2B-NS3 protease) <sup>[3]</sup>								
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>JNJ-40418677 (0.2 nM-0.3 mM; 16 h) selectively reduces Aβ42 secretion in cell culture supernatants of human neuroblastoma cells with mean IC<sub>50</sub> of 200 nM and (0.2 nM-0.3 mM; 48 h) of rat primary neurons with mean IC<sub>50</sub> of 185 nM<sup>[1]</sup>. JNJ-40418677 (10 μM, 100 μM; 18 h) does not inhibit Notch processing or (6 nM-20 μM; 18 h) not affect formation of other amyloid precursor protein cleavage (CTF-β, CTF-α) products, and shows no inhibitory activity against COX-1/2 at a high concentration of 60 μM<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>JNJ-40418677 suppresses ZIKV in human neuronal stem cells with an EC<sub>50</sub> value of 3.2 μM, and inhibits ZIKV NS2B-NS3 protease with an IC<sub>50</sub> value of 3.9 μM<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Western Blot Analysis<sup>[1]</sup></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>HEK293 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>10 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>18 h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Resulted Aβ42 decreasing, Aβ38 increasing and Aβ40 levels remained unchanged.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	HEK293 cells	Concentration:	10 μM	Incubation Time:	18 h	Result:	Resulted Aβ42 decreasing, Aβ38 increasing and Aβ40 levels remained unchanged.
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<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>JNJ-40418677 (10-300 mg/kg; p.o.) decreases Aβ42 brain levels in a dose-dependent manner 4 h after treatment, while increasing Aβ38 level in non-transgenic mouse brain<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>JNJ-40418677 (30 mg/kg; p.o.; once) shows the mean brain and plasma levels 4 h after single dose are both 17 μM, indicating good brain penetration in non-transgenic mouse brain<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>JNJ-40418677 (20-120 mg/kg; p.o.; 7 months) has good biological tolerance with no adverse effects in a chronic treatment in Tg2576 mice<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>JNJ-40418677 (20-120 mg/kg; p.o.; 7 months) decreases the plaque number and the area occupied by plaques in Tg2576 mice dose-dependently<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>								

Animal Model:	Non-transgenic mouse (6-month-old) <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	10, 30, 100, 300 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral gavage; once
Result:	Reduced the A $\beta$ 42 brain levels dose-dependently, with 82%, 64%, 39%, and 31% at the doses of 10, 30, 100, 300 mg/kg, respectively.
Animal Model:	Tg2576 mice (6-month-old) <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	20, 60, 120 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral gavage; 7 months
Result:	Exhibited well tolerated activity, without adverse effects on body weight. Showed no influence on the steady state levels of full-length APP, CTF-a, and CTF-b at a dosage of 120 mg/kg. Significantly reduced plaque area fraction and number of plaques.

## REFERENCES

- [1]. Van Broeck B, et al. Chronic treatment with a novel  $\gamma$ -secretase modulator, JNJ-40418677, inhibits amyloid plaque formation in a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. *Br J Pharmacol.* 2011 May;163(2):375-89.
- [2]. Harrie J.M. Gijssen, et al. Chapter Five - Secretase Inhibitors and Modulators as a Disease-Modifying Approach Against Alzheimer's Disease. *Annu Rep Med Chem.* 2012. 47:55-69.
- [3]. Samrat SK, et al. Antiviral Agents against Flavivirus Protease: Prospect and Future Direction. *Pathogens.* 2022 Feb 25;11(3):293.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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