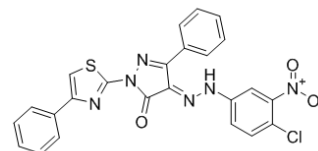


Data Sheet

Product Name:	C 87
Cat. No.:	HY-100735
CAS No.:	332420-90-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₄ H ₁₅ ClN ₆ O ₃ S
Molecular Weight:	502.93
Target:	TNF- α
Pathway:	Apoptosis
Solubility:	DMSO: 9.33 mg/mL



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

C87 is a novel small-molecule **TNF α** inhibitor; potently inhibits TNF α -induced cytotoxicity with an **IC₅₀** of 8.73 μ M.

IC₅₀ & Target: IC₅₀: 8.73 μ M (TNF α -induced cytotoxicity)^[1]

In Vitro: C87 directly binds to TNF α , potently inhibits TNF α -induced cytotoxicity (IC₅₀=8.73 μ M) and effectively blocks TNF α -triggered signaling activities. C87 exhibits good solubility and consistent dose-dependent functions *in vitro*. C87 completely blocks TNF α -induced activation of caspase-3 and caspase-8. The activity of c-Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK) is significantly reduced by C87 in L929 cells. C87 also prevents the degradation of I κ B α in cells treated with TNF α . C87 potently blocks multiple signaling transduction pathways and downstream target gene activation triggered by TNF α ^[1].

In Vivo: C87 attenuates TNF α -induced inflammation, thereby markedly reducing injuries to the liver and improving animal survival. C87 injection delays the incidence of death and increases the survival rate by two folds compared with the vehicle control. The level of alanine transaminase and aspartate transaminase is consistently reduced in mice with C87 treatment^[1].

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Cell Assay: ^[1]The inhibition of the cytotoxic effect of human TNF α by compounds (C87) is measured in L929 cell line. L929 cells are seeded at a density of 10⁴ cells/well in a 96-well plate and incubated for 24 h in RPMI 1640 with 10% FBS at 37 °C. Compounds (C87) are added to the cells with 1 μ g/mL actinomycin D and 1 ng/mL TNF α and then incubated at 37 °C for 20 h before analysis. Cell survival is measured using the MTT method^[1]. **Animal Administration:** C 87 is prepared in DMSO.^[1] BALB/c mice are used in the study. Before LPS/GalN challenge (LPS (50 μ g/kg) and D-GalN (1.2g/kg)), mice are injected intraperitoneally with C87 (12.5 mg/kg), Enbrel (4 mg/kg), or vehicle, respectively, at 1, 8, and 16 h. Blood is collected with retro-orbital sampling. Activities of alanine transaminase and aspartate transaminase are detected. Liver tissues are collected and fixed in 10% formalin, and sections are stained with hematoxylin and eosin^[1].

References:

[1]. Ma L, et al. A novel small-molecule tumor necrosis factor α inhibitor attenuates inflammation in a hepatitis mouse model. J Biol Chem. 2014 May 2; 289(18):12457-66.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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