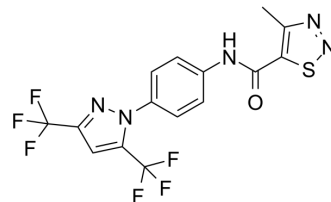


## YM-58483

|                           |   |       |          |
|---------------------------|---|-------|----------|
| <b>Cat. No.:</b>          | HY-100831   |       |          |
| <b>CAS No.:</b>           | 223499-30-7   |       |          |
| <b>Molecular Formula:</b> | C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>9</sub> F <sub>6</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS |       |          |
| <b>Molecular Weight:</b>  | 421.32  |       |          |
| <b>Target:</b>            | CRAC Channel  |       |          |
| <b>Pathway:</b>           | Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel                                |       |          |
| <b>Storage:</b>           | Powder  | -20°C | 3 years  |
|                           |   | 4°C   | 2 years  |
|                           | In solvent  | -80°C | 6 months |
|                           |   | -20°C | 1 month  |



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

|   |   |                          |            |            |
|---|---|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| <b>In Vitro</b>   | DMSO : 125 mg/mL (296.69 mM; Need ultrasonic)   |                          |            |            |
|   |   | Solvent<br>Concentration | Mass       |            |
|   |   |                          | 1 mg       | 5 mg       |
|   |   |                          | 10 mg      |            |
| <b>Preparing Stock Solutions</b>  | <b>1 mM</b>   | 2.3735 mL                | 11.8675 mL | 23.7349 mL |
|   | <b>5 mM</b>   | 0.4747 mL                | 2.3735 mL  | 4.7470 mL  |
|   | <b>10 mM</b>  | 0.2373 mL                | 1.1867 mL  | 2.3735 mL  |
| Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent. |   |                          |            |            |
| <b>In Vivo</b>  | 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline<br>Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.93 mM); Clear solution<br><br>2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil<br>Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.93 mM); Clear solution |                          |            |            |

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b> | YM-58483 (BTP2) is the first selective and potent inhibitor of CRAC channels and subsequent Ca <sup>2+</sup> signals <sup>[1]</sup> . YM-584832 is a blocker of store-operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry (SOCE) <sup>[2]</sup> .  |
| <b>In Vitro</b>    | YM-58483 can decrease the levels of P-ERK and P-CREB, without affecting the expression of CD11b and GFAP. YM-58483 also inhibits the release of spinal cord IL-1β, TNF-α, and PGE <sub>2</sub> <sup>[1]</sup> . YM-58483 and cyclosporine A inhibits T cell proliferation in a one-way mixed lymphocyte reaction (mLR) with IC <sub>50</sub> values of 330 and 12.7 nM, respectively <sup>[2]</sup> . YM-58483 inhibits DNP antigen-induced histamine release from and leukotrienes (LTs) production in IgE-primed RBL-2H3 cells, a rat basophilic leukemia cell line, with IC <sub>50</sub> values of 460 and 310 nM, respectively. YM-58483 also inhibits phytohemagglutinin-P (PHA)-stimulated IL-5 and IL-13 production in human peripheral blood cells with IC <sub>50</sub> values of 125 and 148 nM, respectively, which is approximately 5 times less potent than prednisolone <sup>[3]</sup> . YM-58483 inhibits IL-4 and IL-5 production in a conalbumine- |

stimulated murine Th2 T cell clone (D10.G4.1), and IL-5 production in phytohemagglutinin-stimulated human whole blood cells with IC<sub>50</sub> values comparable to those reported for its CRAC channel inhibition (around 100 nM)<sup>[4]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

Intrathecal YM-58483 at the concentration of 300 μM (1.5 nmol) and 1000 μM (10 nmol) produces a significant central analgesic effect on the SNL rats<sup>[1]</sup>. In the mouse graft-versus-host disease (GVHD) model, YM-58483 (1-30 mg/kg, p.o.) and cyclosporine A (1-30 mg/kg, p.o.) inhibit donor anti-host cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity and IFN-γ production, and also reduce the number of donor T cells, especially donor CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells, in the spleen. YM-58483 (1-10 mg/kg, p.o.) and cyclosporine A (2, 10 mg/kg, p.o.) inhibit the sheep red blood cell (SRBC)-induced delayed type hypersensitivity (DTH) response<sup>[2]</sup>. M-58483 (30 mg/kg, p.o.) significantly suppresses ovalbumin (OVA)-induced bronchoconstriction in OVA-sensitized guinea pigs, whereas prednisolone does not. YM-58483 (3-30 mg/kg, p.o.) and prednisolone (100 mg/kg, p.o.) both significantly and completely suppress airway hyperresponsiveness (AHR) caused by OVA exposure<sup>[3]</sup>. YM-58483 inhibits antigen-induced eosinophil infiltration into airways, and decreases IL-4 and cysteinyl-leukotrienes content in inflammatory airways induced in actively sensitized Brown Norway rats. Orally administered YM-58483 prevents antigen-induced late phase asthmatic bronchoconstriction and eosinophil infiltration in actively sensitized guinea pigs<sup>[4]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## PROTOCOL

#### Animal Administration <sup>[2]</sup>

Male Balb/c mice are immunized by subcutaneous injection of SRBC ( $2 \times 10^7$  cells) on day 0. Immunized mice are challenged with 30 μL of  $1 \times 10^8$  SRBC into the left hind footpad on day 5. Footpad swelling is measured 24 h after the challenge using a thickness gauge and expressed as the difference between the thickness of the left footpad and that of the right one, which receives an equal volume of 0.9% saline. As a negative control, male Balb/c mice are injected with 0.9% saline and challenged with SRBC. YM-58483 and cyclosporine A are administered orally once daily from day 0 to day 5 (6 consecutive days).

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- J Hazard Mater. 2021, 126025.
- Front Mol Biosci. 2021 Sep 14;8:646730.
- Sci Rep. 2017 Oct 16;7(1):12881.
- J Pain Res. 24 September 2021.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Qi Z, et al. The Central Analgesic Mechanism of YM-58483 in Attenuating Neuropathic Pain in Rats. *Cell Mol Neurobiol*. 2016 Oct;36(7):1035-43
- [2]. Ohga K, et al. Characterization of YM-58483/BTP2, a novel store-operated Ca<sup>2+</sup> entry blocker, on T cell-mediated immune responses in vivo. *Int Immunopharmacol*. 2008 Dec 20;8(13-14):1787-9
- [3]. Ohga K, et al. The suppressive effects of YM-58483/BTP-2, a store-operated Ca<sup>2+</sup> entry blocker, on inflammatory mediator release in vitro and airway responses in vivo. *Pulm Pharmacol Ther*. 2008;21(2):360-9
- [4]. Yoshino T, et al. YM-58483, a selective CRAC channel inhibitor, prevents antigen-induced airway eosinophilia and late phase asthmatic responses via Th2 cytokine inhibition in animal models. *Eur J Pharmacol*. 2007 Apr 10;560(2-3):225-33

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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