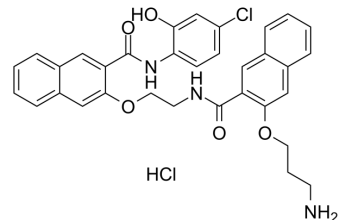


666-15

Cat. No.:	HY-101120
CAS No.:	1433286-70-4
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₃ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₅
Molecular Weight:	620.52
Target:	Epigenetic Reader Domain
Pathway:	Epigenetics
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (201.44 mM); ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		Concentration				
		1 mM		1.6116 mL	8.0578 mL	16.1155 mL
		5 mM		0.3223 mL	1.6116 mL	3.2231 mL
	10 mM		0.1612 mL	0.8058 mL	1.6116 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.35 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.08 mg/mL (3.35 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.35 mM); Clear solution 					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	666-15 is a potent and selective CREB inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 81 nM. 666-15 suppresses tumor growth in a breast cancer xenograft model ^{[1][2]} .
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 81 nM (CREB) ^[1]
In Vitro	666-15 (73 nM; for 12 hours) significantly blocks the effects caused by MSN overexpression, including cell proliferation, invasion, soft agar colony formation ability, and the expression of CREB downstream genes. 666-15 inhibits MSN overexpression-induced CREB phosphorylation ^[2] . 666-15 (1 μM; pretreated 2 hour) effectively inhibits PE-induced CREB phosphorylation. 666-15 significantly decreases the

protein expression of ANP and β -MHC and inhibits the activation of ER stress, including the expression of GRP78, CHOP, ATF6, and the phosphorylation of IRE1 in PE + siRNA + 666-15 group and PE + si-CTRP3 + 666-15 group^[3]. 666-15 potently inhibits cancer cell growth. In MDA-MB-231 and MDA-MB-468 cells, the GI₅₀ for 666-15 is 73 and 46 nM, respectively. In A549 and MCF-7 cells, it exhibits robust activity as well with GI₅₀ of 0.47 and 0.31 μ M. 666-15 is also found to be a rather weak inhibitor of CREB-CBP interaction with IC₅₀ of 18.27 μ M. 666-15 inhibits CREB's transcription activity in living cells independent of direct CREB or CBP binding interaction. 666-15 is very potent in inhibiting CREB's transcription activity. 666-15 also inhibits endogenous CREB target gene expression, the transcript level of nuclear receptor related 1 protein (Nurr1/NR4A2)^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay^[2]

Cell Line:	CTRL or MSN-overexpressing MDA-MB-231 cells
Concentration:	73 nM
Incubation Time:	For 12hours
Result:	Significantly blocked the cell proliferation caused by MSN overexpression.

Western Blot Analysis^[3]

Cell Line:	NRCMs
Concentration:	1 μ M
Incubation Time:	2 hour (pretreated)
Result:	Effectively inhibited PE-induced CREB phosphorylation.

In Vivo

666-15 (10 mg/kg; IP; once a week; for 11 weeks) alone can play a good role in inhibiting the growth of breast cancer, and the combination with RP-56976 (DOC) shows a better effect^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	1-month-old female nude mice with MDA-MB-231 or T47D cells ^[2]
Dosage:	10 mg/kg
Administration:	IP; once a week; for 11 weeks
Result:	Played a good role in inhibiting the growth of breast cancer.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Sci Adv. 2020 Feb 19;6(8):eaaw9960.
- Nat Commun. 2022 Apr 26;13(1):2256.
- J Immunother Cancer. 2022 May;10(5):e003793.
- J Am Soc Nephrol. 2021 Jun 23;ASN.2021010101.
- Br J Pharmacol. 2020 Jan;177(2):432-448.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Xie F, et al. Identification of a Potent Inhibitor of CREB-Mediated Gene Transcription with Efficacious in Vivo Anticancer Activity. *J Med Chem.* 2015 Jun 25;58(12):5075-87.
- [2]. Zhang B, et al. C1q-TNF-related protein-3 attenuates pressure overload-induced cardiac hypertrophy by suppressing the p38/CREB pathway and p38-induced ER stress. *Cell Death Dis.* 2019 Jul 8;10(7):520.
- [3]. Qin Y, et al. Interfering MSN-NONO complex-activated CREB signaling serves as a therapeutic strategy for triple-negative breast cancer. *Sci Adv.* 2020 Feb 19;6(8):eaaw9960.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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