

# **Product** Data Sheet

## Betrixaban maleate

Cat. No.:HY-10268ACAS No.:936539-80-9Molecular Formula: $C_{27}H_{26}ClN_5O_7$ Molecular Weight:567.98

Target: Factor Xa

**Pathway:** Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

Storage: Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of

Analysis.

#### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description	Betrixaban (PRT054021) maleate is a highly potent, selective, and orally efficacious factor Xa (fXa) inhibitor with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 1.5 nM. Betrixaban maleate shows antithrombotic effect $[1][3]$ .
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	IC $_{50}$ : 1.5 nM (fXa) $^{[1]}$ K $_{i}$ : 0.117 nM (fXa), 1.8 $\mu$ M (hERG) $^{[1]}$
In Vitro	Betrixaban (PRT054021) shows IC $_{50}$ of 8.9 $\mu$ M in patch clamp hERG assays $^{[1]}$ . Betrixaban shows an IC $_{50}$ and a K $_{i}$ of 6.3 $\mu$ M and 3.5 $\mu$ M for the plasma kallikrein, respectively $^{[1]}$ . Betrixaban (hERG K $_{i}$ 1.8 $\mu$ M) exhibits significantly lower hERG activity than all the others (hERG K $_{i}$ 0.5 $\mu$ M) $^{[1]}$ . Betrixaban (5-25 ng/mL) inhibits thrombin generation $^{[3]}$ . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	Betrixaban (0.5 mg/kg, i.v.; 2.5 mg/kg, p.o.) has oral bioavailability of 51.6% in dog <sup>[1]</sup> .  Betrixaban (0.75 mg/kg, i.v.; 7.5 mg/kg, p.o.) has oral bioavailability of 58.7% in monkey <sup>[1]</sup> .  Betrixaban mediated whole-blood INR increase is reversed by r-Antidote. After i.v. infusion for 30 min, the total plasma concentrations of Betrixaban is 0.2±0.01 μM, and the percentages of unbound inhibitor is 40%±7.2%. After administration of r-Antidote, the total plasma concentration increased to 2.0±0.4 μM, and the percentage of unbound inhibitor declined to 0.3%±0.1% <sup>[2]</sup> .  Betrixaban (3 mg/kg) shows nearly comparable inhibition of thrombus mass to enoxaparin 1.6 mg/kg (76% vs 96% inhibition) in the rabbit abdominal vena cava model of clot accretion on cotton threads <sup>[3]</sup> .  Betrixaban (19.1 mg/kg) is at least as effective at maintaining patency as enoxaparin 7.6 mg/kg and clopidogrel 3 mg/kg/d (90% vs 70% vs 80% patency, respectively) in the ferric chloride injury model of rodent carotid artery <sup>[3]</sup> .  MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- Thromb Haemost. 2018 Jul;118(7):1203-1214.
- Int J Lab Hematol. 2019 Apr;41(2):250-261.

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#### **REFERENCES**

- [1]. Chan NC, et al. Profile of betrixaban and its potential in the prevention and treatment of venous thromboembolism. Vasc Health Risk Manag. 2015 Jun 26;11:343-51.
- [2]. Zhang P, et al. Discovery of Betrixaban (PRT054021), N-(5-chloropyridin-2-yl)-2-(4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamimidoyl)benzamido)-5-methoxybenzamide, a highly potent, selective, and orally efficacious factor Xa inhibitor. Bioorg Med Chem Lett. 2009 Apr 15;19(8):21.
- [3]. Lu G, et al. A specific antidote for reversal of anticoagulation by direct and indirect inhibitors of coagulation factor Xa. Nat Med. 2013 Apr;19(4):446-51.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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