ML327

**Cat. No.:** HY-103038  
**CAS No.:** 1883510-31-3  
**Molecular Formula:** C₁₉H₁₈N₄O₄  
**Molecular Weight:** 366.37  
**Target:** c-Myc; Autophagy  
**Pathway:** Apoptosis; Autophagy  
**Storage:** Powder  
-4°C  2 years  
-20°C  3 years

### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

**DMSO:** 32 mg/mL (87.34 mM; Need ultrasonic and warming)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preparing Stock Solutions</th>
<th>Solvent Concentration</th>
<th>1 mg</th>
<th>5 mg</th>
<th>10 mg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 mM</td>
<td>2.7295 mL</td>
<td>13.6474 mL</td>
<td>27.2948 mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 mM</td>
<td>0.5459 mL</td>
<td>2.7295 mL</td>
<td>5.4590 mL</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 mM</td>
<td>0.2729 mL</td>
<td>1.3647 mL</td>
<td>2.7295 mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.*

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

**Description:** ML327 is a blocker of MYC which can also de-repress E-cadherin transcription and reverse Epithelial-to-Mesenchymal Transition (EMT).

**IC₅₀ & Target:** MYC

**In Vitro:** Treatment with ML327 induces an elongated morphology in neuroblastoma cells. BE(2)-C cells treated with ML327 demonstrates G1 cell cycle arrest with a concordant decrease in S phase population, and a significant increase in the sub G0 population. ML327 induces the expression of CDH1 in all seven of the neuroblastoma cell lines with a 50 to 1,400-fold induction of CDH1 mRNA expression. ML327 blocks the expression of MYC family of oncogenic transcription factors in all tested neuroblastoma cell lines. Immunoblotting time course demonstrates early repression of N-MYC expression within 2 h of treatment with ML327 (10 µM). p53 levels are also suppressed by treatment with ML327. ML327-pretreated cells demonstrates reduced proliferative potential in both tetrazolium-based (p<0.0001) and adherent 2D colony formation (41 vs. 400; p<0.0001)  
ML327 reduces SW620inv cell invasion through Matrigel by ~60% and reduces H520 cell invasion by ~30% in these in vitro assays. ML327 partially restores E-cadherin.

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expression at the plasma membrane in NMuMG cells induced to undergo Epithelial-to-Mesenchymal Transition (EMT) by TGF-β1 treatment\(^\text{[2]}\).

| In Vivo | ML327 treatment significantly reduces tumor volume by three-fold over the two-week treatment period (\(p=0.02\)). Tumor explant weights are approximately three-fold smaller in the ML327-treated mice (\(p=0.01\)). Mice treated with ML327 lost 12% more body weight than vehicle treated mice. ML327 treatment results in a two-fold decrease in \(\text{MYCN} \) expression, confirming that ML327 inhibits xenograft \(\text{MYCN} \) expression (\(p=0.0035\))\(^\text{[1]}\). |

### PROTOCOL

**Cell Assay**\(^\text{[1]}\)

Cells are seeded onto 96-well plates at equivalent density (3,000 to 10,000 depending upon cell line), permitted to attach overnight, and treated with either ML327 (10 \(\mu\text{M}\)) or vehicle. Daily absorbance measurements (450 nm) using the cell counting kit are obtained. For estimation of IC\(_{50}\) values, cells are plated at equal density, permitted to attach, and baseline absorbance is obtained using cell counting kit. Cells are then treated with varying doses of ML327 (0.1 to 30 \(\mu\text{M}\)) and cell viability is measured 72 h after treatment\(^\text{[1]}\).

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

**Animal Administration**\(^\text{[1]}\)

Male athymic nude mice (4 to 6 weeks old) are maintained as described. BE(2)-C cells xenografts are established as previously described. Briefly, 1×10\(^6\) cells/100 \(\mu\text{L}\) of HBSS are injected subcutaneously into flanks using a 26-gauge needle (\(n=10\) per group). Mice are monitored daily for xenograft formation and assessed by measuring the two greatest perpendicular tumor diameter with venier calipers. Xenograft volumes are estimated using the following formula \([\text{length}\times\text{width}^2]/2\). Once tumors reach 75 to 100 mm\(^3\), mice are randomized to receive either 50 mg/kg of ML327 or control vehicle (70% polyethylene glycol) via intraperitoneal injection twice daily for 14d. Weight and tumor volume are recorded daily. After completion of two weeks of treatment, mice are euthanized and tumors are excised, weighed, and RNA is isolated\(^\text{[1]}\).

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### REFERENCES


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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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