Phenaglycodol

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVIT

Description

In Vivo

| Cat. No.: | HY-105845 | |
|--------------------|---|-----------------|
| CAS No.: | 79-93-6 | |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₁₁ H ₁₅ ClO ₂ | Cl |
| Molecular Weight: | 214.69 | [|
| Target: | Others | \sim |
| Pathway: | Others | [/] OH |
| Storage: | Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis. | |

| ase store the product unde | r the recommended conditions in the Certificate of | Proteins |
|--|---|----------|
| Phenaglycodol belongs to orally bioactivity ^[1] . | the group of butanediolsa with anxiolytic and anticonvulsant porperties. Phenaglycodol has | |
| Phenaglycodol (20 mg/kg, Phenaglycodol (55-80 mg/l Phenaglycodol (50-100 mg Phenaglycodol (130mg/kg, MCE has not independently | i.p.,1 time) has antiepileptic activity in cat ^[1] . kg, i.p., 1 time) has antiepileptic activity in mice ^[1] . /kg, i.g., 1 time) has antiepileptic activity in monkey ^[1] . , i.p., 1 time) lowers the concentration of Meprobamate in serum and brain ^[2] . y confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. | |
| Animal Model: | Cat ^[1] | |
| Dosage: | 20 mg/kg | |
| Administration: | Intraperitoneal Injection (i.p.) | |
| Result: | Showed that cat became quiet. | |
| Animal Model: | Monkey ^[1] | |
| Dosage: | 50-100 mg/kg | |

| Administration: | Intragastric Gavage (i.g.) |
|-----------------|---|
| Result: | Showed that monkey became less aggressive or less fearful. |
| | |
| Animal Model: | Mice ^[1] |
| Dosage: | 55-80 mg/kg |
| Administration: | Intraperitoneal Injection (i.p.) |
| Result: | Showed a reduction in spontaneous activity and sit quietly. |

Product Data Sheet

| Animal Model: | Female Rats(Sprague-Dawley, 170g) ^[2] |
|-----------------|---|
| Dosage: | 130 mg/kg |
| Administration: | Intraperitoneal Injection (i.p.) |
| Result: | Showed that the decrease of Meprobamate concentration in the serum and brain of the pretrealed rats was more rapid than that in control rats. |

REFERENCES

[1]. G T JONES, et al. Mode of action of phenaglycodol, a new neurosedative agent. Proc Soc Exp Biol Med. 1956 Dec;93(3):528-31.

[2]. R. KATO, et al. Induced Increase of M eprobam ate M etabolism in R ats T reated with P hénobarbital or Phenaglycodol. Pharmacology (1970) 3 (2): 95–100.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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