## L-365260 hemihydrate

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| Cat. No.:          | HY-106840A   | ~                    |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|
| Molecular Formula: | $C_{24}H_{24}N_4O_3$   |                      |
| Molecular Weight:  | 407.47   |                      |
| Target:            | Cholecystokinin Receptor   | N<br>NH              |
| Pathway:           | GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling   | NH                   |
| Storage:           | 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture<br>* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture) |                      |
|                    |  | 1/2 H <sub>2</sub> O |

| BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY       |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Description               | L-365260 hemihydrate is an orally active and selective antagonist of non-peptide gastrin and brain cholecystokinin receptor (CCK-B), with K <sub>i</sub> s of 1.9 nM and 2.0 nM, respectively. L-365260 hemihydrate interacts in a stereoselective and competitive manner with guinea pig stomach gastrin and brain CCK receptors <sup>[1][2][3]</sup> .   |  |  |  |
| IC <sub>50</sub> & Target | Ki: 1.9 nM (gastrin); 2.0 nM (CCK-B) <sup>[1]</sup> .  |  |  |  |
| In Vitro                  | L-365260 hemihydrate exhibits a similar high affinity for brain CCK-B receptors of rats, mice and man, and a lower affinity for gastrin and brain CCK-B (IC <sub>50</sub> =20-40 nM) receptors in dog tissues <sup>[1]</sup> .<br>L-365260 (1 μM) hemihydrate strongly attenuates the CCK8S- and CCK4-mediated depolarization in a different neuron <sup>[2]</sup> .<br>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.  |  |  |  |
| In Vivo                   | L-365260 hemihydrate (0.1-30 mg/kg; p.o.) antagonizes gastrin-stimulated acid secretion in mice (ED <sub>50</sub> =0.03 mg/kg), rats (ED         50=0.9 mg/kg) and guinea pigs (ED <sub>50</sub> =5.1 mg/kg) <sup>[1]</sup> .         L-365260 hemihydrate (0.01-10 mg/kg; s.c.) enhances analgesia induced by a submaximal dose of Morphine (4 mg/kg) in rats         [3]         L-365260 hemihydrate (0.2 mg/kg; s.c. twice daily for 5 days) significantly prolongs the duration of Morphine analgesia in rats <sup>[3]</sup> .         MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.         Animal Model:       Male Sprague-Dawley rats (300-350 g; Morphine- injected) <sup>[3]</sup> .         Dosage:       0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.75, 1.0, 10.0 mg/kg         Administration:       S.c. 10 min prior to i.p. injection of 4 mg/kg Morphine         Result:       Enhanced morphine analgesia. |  |  |  |

## REFERENCES

[1]. Lotti VJ, et, al. A new potent and selective non-peptide gastrin antagonist and brain cholecystokinin receptor (CCK-B) ligand: L-365,260. Eur J Pharmacol. 1989 Mar 21;162(2):273-80.

[2]. Dourish CT, et, al. The selective CCK-B receptor antagonist L-365,260 enhances morphine analgesia and prevents morphine tolerance in the rat. Eur J Pharmacol. 1990 Jan 25;176(1):35-44.

[3]. Lotti VJ, et, al. A new potent and selective non-peptide gastrin antagonist and brain cholecystokinin receptor (CCK-B) ligand: L-365,260. Eur J Pharmacol. 1989 Mar 21;162(2):273-80.

## Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA