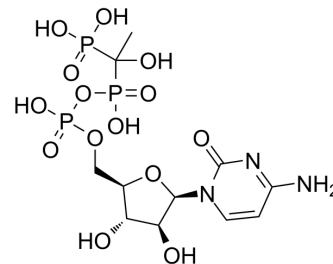


MBC-11

Cat. No.:	HY-107093
CAS No.:	332863-86-2
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₁ H ₂₀ N ₃ O ₁₄ P ₃
Molecular Weight:	511.21
Target:	Others
Pathway:	Others
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	MBC-11 is a first-in-class conjugate of the bone-targeting bisphosphonate etidronate covalently linked to the antimetabolite cytarabine (araC). MBC-11 has the potential for tumor-induced bone disease (TIBD) research ^[1] .								
In Vitro	<p>MBC-11 shows similar activity profiles and significantly inhibits growth of all three cell lines between 10⁻⁸ and 10⁻⁴ M. MBC-11 decreases KAS-6/1 cell growth from approximately 56% at 10⁻⁸ M to 6% at 10⁻⁵ M^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Proliferation Assay^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td><td>Human multiple myeloma cell lines (KAS-6/1, DP-6, KP-6).</td></tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td><td>Between 10⁻⁸ and 10⁻⁴ M.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td><td>48 hours.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td><td>Significantly inhibited multiple myeloma cell proliferation of each cell line at the majority of the tested concentrations.</td></tr> </table>	Cell Line:	Human multiple myeloma cell lines (KAS-6/1, DP-6, KP-6).	Concentration:	Between 10 ⁻⁸ and 10 ⁻⁴ M.	Incubation Time:	48 hours.	Result:	Significantly inhibited multiple myeloma cell proliferation of each cell line at the majority of the tested concentrations.
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In Vivo	<p>MBC-11 (0.04 µg/day, s.c.) has a lower incidence of bone metastases of 40% compared to those treated with PBS (90%) or 0.04 µg/day zoledronate (100%). MBC-11 also significantly decreases bone tumor burden compared to PBS- or zoledronate-treated mice^[1].</p> <p>Weight gained in mice treated with up to 500 µg/day of MBC-11 is similar to the PBS treated group^[1].</p> <p>These results demonstrate that MBC-11 decreases bone tumor burden, maintains bone structure, and may increase overall survival, warranting further investigation as a treatment for tumor-induced bone disease (TIBD)^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td><td>Approximately four-week old female Balb/c mice inoculated (s.c. injection into their mammary fatpads) with 500,000 4T1/luc cells at day 0 (breast tumor model)^[1].</td></tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td><td>0.04, 0.4, or 4.0 µg/day.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td><td>S.C. daily from day 7 to 21.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td><td>The dose of 0.04 µg/day had a lower incidence of bone metastases compared to those</td></tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Approximately four-week old female Balb/c mice inoculated (s.c. injection into their mammary fatpads) with 500,000 4T1/luc cells at day 0 (breast tumor model) ^[1] .	Dosage:	0.04, 0.4, or 4.0 µg/day.	Administration:	S.C. daily from day 7 to 21.	Result:	The dose of 0.04 µg/day had a lower incidence of bone metastases compared to those
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	treated with PBS or 0.04 µg/day zoledronate.
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Animal Model:	Female Balb/c and SCID mice (four-six weeks old) ^[1] .
Dosage:	500, 100, 1, or 0.01 µg/100 µL.
Administration:	S.C. daily for 24 or 49 days.
Result:	Weight gained in MBC-11 treated mice with different doses was similar to the PBS treated group.

REFERENCES

[1]. Reinholz MM, et al. A promising approach for treatment of tumor-induced bone diseases: utilizing bisphosphonate derivatives of nucleoside antimetabolites. Bone. 2010 Jul;47(1):12-22.

[2]. Zinnen SP, et al. First-in-Human Phase I Study of MBC-11, a Novel Bone-Targeted Cytarabine-Etidronate Conjugate in Patients with Cancer-Induced Bone Disease. Oncologist. 2019 Mar;24(3):303-e102.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA