## Lenumlostat

Cat. No.:	HY-107422	
CAS No.:	2007885-39-2	
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> F <sub>4</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
Molecular Weight:	399.34	HO"
Target:	Monoamine Oxidase	
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling	
Storage:	4°C, stored under nitrogen	
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen)	

## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : ≥ 130 mg/mL (325.54 mM) H <sub>2</sub> O : ≥ 100 mg/mL (250.41 mM) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	2.5041 mL	12.5207 mL	25.0413 mL	
		5 mM	0.5008 mL	2.5041 mL	5.0083 mL	
		10 mM	0.2504 mL	1.2521 mL	2.5041 mL	
	Please refer to the sol	ubility information to select the app	propriate solvent.			
In Vivo	<ol> <li>Add each solvent of Solubility: ≥ 2.17 m</li> <li>Add each solvent of Solubility: ≥ 2.17 m</li> <li>Add each solvent of Solubility: ≥ 2.17 m</li> </ol>	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEC ng/mL (5.43 mM); Clear solution one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20 ng/mL (5.43 mM); Clear solution one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% cor ng/mL (5.43 mM); Clear solution	G300 >> 5% Tween-8 % SBE-β-CD in saline) n oil	0 >> 45% saline		

biologicke Activity					
Description	PAT-1251 is a potent, selective and oral lysyl oxidase-like 2 (LOXL2) inhibitor, with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 0.71 and 1.17 μM for hLOXL2 and hLOXL3, respectively, and also potently inhibits mouse, rat, and dog LOXL2 (IC <sub>50</sub> s, 0.10, 0.12, and 0.16 μM, respectively); PAT-1251 is used in the research of fibrotic diseases <sup>[1]</sup> .				
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	IC50: 0.10 μM (Mouse LOXL2), 0.12 μM (Rat LOXL2), 0.16 μM (Dog LOXL2), 0.71 μM (hLOXL2), 1.17 μM (hLOXL3) <sup>[1]</sup>				
In Vitro	PAT-1251 is a Lysyl Oxidase-Like 2 (LOXL2) inhibitor, with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 0.71 and 1.17 μM for hLOXL2 and hLOXL3, respectively, and				

NH<sub>2</sub>



also potently inhibits mouse, rat, and dog LOXL2 ( $IC_{50}$ s, 0.10, 0.12, and 0.16  $\mu$ M, respectively). PAT-1251 shows highly selective for LOXL2 over other key members of the amine oxidase family, such as the copper-dependent amine oxidases semicarbazide-sensitive amine oxidase (SSAO) and diamine oxidase (DAO), in addition to the flavin-dependent monoamine oxidases A (MAO-A) and B (MAO-B), with <10% inhibition at 10  $\mu$ M<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## REFERENCES

[1]. Rowbottom MW, et al. Identification of 4-(Aminomethyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-2-(phenoxy)pyridine Derivatives as Potent, Selective, and Orally Efficacious Inhibitors of the Copper-Dependent Amine Oxidase, Lysyl Oxidase-Like 2 (LOXL2). J Med Chem. 2017 May 25;60(10):4403-4423.

## Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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