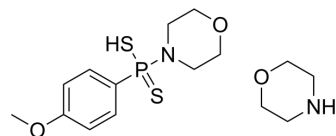


## GY4137

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-107632
<b>CAS No.:</b>	106740-09-4
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>25</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> PS <sub>2</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	376.47
<b>Target:</b>	Others
<b>Pathway:</b>	Others
<b>Storage:</b>	-20°C, stored under nitrogen * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen)



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

<b>In Vitro</b>	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (265.63 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	H <sub>2</sub> O : 19.23 mg/mL (51.08 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	<b>Preparing Stock Solutions</b>	<b>Solvent</b>	<b>Mass</b>	<b>1 mg</b>	<b>5 mg</b>	<b>10 mg</b>
		<b>Concentration</b>				
		<b>1 mM</b>		2.6563 mL	13.2813 mL	26.5625 mL
<b>5 mM</b>			0.5313 mL	2.6563 mL	5.3125 mL	
<b>10 mM</b>		0.2656 mL	1.3281 mL	2.6563 mL		
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
<b>In Vivo</b>	1. Add each solvent one by one: PBS Solubility: 50 mg/mL (132.81 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic					
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.64 mM); Clear solution					
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.64 mM); Clear solution					
	4. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.64 mM); Clear solution					

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	GY4137 is a slow releasing H <sub>2</sub> S donor with vasodilator and antihypertensive activity. GY4137 also exhibits anti-inflammatory and anticancer activity <sup>[1][2][3]</sup> .
<b>In Vitro</b>	GY4137 (400-800 μM) causes concentration-dependent killing of seven different human cancer cell lines (HeLa, HCT-116, Hep G2, HL-60, MCF-7, MV4-11 and U2OS) but did not affect survival of normal human lung fibroblasts (IMR90, WI-38) <sup>[2]</sup> . ?GY4137 (0.1-0.5 mM) decreases LPS-induced production of nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ), PGE <sub>2</sub> , TNF-α and IL-6 from human synoviocytes

(HFLS) and articular chondrocytes (HAC), reduces the levels and catalytic activity of inducible nitric oxide synthase (iNOS) and cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) and reduced LPS-induced NF- $\kappa$ B activation<sup>[3]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### Cell Viability Assay<sup>[2]</sup>

Cell Line:	HeLa, HCT-116, Hep G2, HL-60, MCF-7, MV4-11 and U2OS
Concentration:	400 or 800 $\mu$ M
Incubation Time:	5 days
Result:	Significantly affected cancer cell survivability.

#### In Vivo

GY4137 (100-300 mg/kg; i.p.; daily for 14 days) significantly reduces the tumor volume in both animal models, in a dose-dependent manner<sup>[2]</sup>.

?In the complete Freund's adjuvant (CFA)-treated mouse, GY4137 (50 mg/kg, i.p.) injected 1 hr prior to CFA increased knee joint swelling while an anti-inflammatory effect, as demonstrated by reduced synovial fluid myeloperoxidase (MPO) and N-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucosaminidase (NAG) activity and decreased TNF- $\alpha$ , IL-1 $\beta$ , IL-6 and IL-8 concentration, was apparent when GY4137 was injected 6 hrs after CFA<sup>[3]</sup>.

?GY4137 significantly inhibited tumor growth in the subcutaneous HepG2 xenograft model by inhibiting STAT3 activation and its target gene expression<sup>[4]</sup>.

?GY4137 prevents oxidative stress and  $\alpha$ -synuclein nitration in an MPTP mouse model of parkinson's disease<sup>[5]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Female, severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) mice (bearing HL-60 or MV4-11 cells) [2]
Dosage:	100, 200 and 300 mg/kg
Administration:	i.p.; daily for 14 days
Result:	Reduced tumor volume by 52.5 $\pm$ 9.2% and 55.3 $\pm$ 5.7% in HL-60 and MV4-11 injected animals.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Molecules. 2023 Jun 14, 28(12), 4770.
- Nitric Oxide. 8 October 2022.

See more customer validations on [www.MedChemExpress.com](http://www.MedChemExpress.com)

## REFERENCES

[1]. Li L, et al. Characterization of a novel, water-soluble hydrogen sulfide-releasing molecule (GY4137): new insights into the biology of hydrogen sulfide. *Circulation*. 2008;117(18):2351-2360.

[2]. Lee ZW, et al. The slow-releasing hydrogen sulfide donor, GY4137, exhibits novel anti-cancer effects in vitro and in vivo. *PLoS One*. 2011;6(6):e21077.

[3]. Li L, et al. The complex effects of the slow-releasing hydrogen sulfide donor GY4137 in a model of acute joint inflammation and in human cartilage cells. *J Cell Mol Med*. 2013;17(3):365-376.

[4]. Lu S, Gao Y, et al. GY4137, a hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) donor, shows potent anti-hepatocellular carcinoma activity through blocking the STAT3 pathway. *Int J Oncol*.

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2014;44(4):1259-1267.

[5]. Hou X, et al. GYY4137, an H<sub>2</sub>S Slow-Releasing Donor, Prevents Nitrate Stress and  $\alpha$ -Synuclein Nitration in an MPTP Mouse Model of Parkinson's Disease. *Front Pharmacol.* 2017;8:741. Published 2017 Oct 30.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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