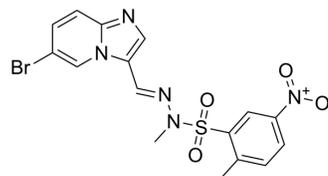


## PIK-75

Cat. No.:	HY-107834
CAS No.:	372196-67-3
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> BrN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>4</sub> S
Molecular Weight:	452.28
Target:	DNA-PK; PI3K; Apoptosis
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; PI3K/Akt/mTOR; Apoptosis
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	PIK-75 is a reversible DNA-PK and p110 $\alpha$ -selective inhibitor, which inhibits DNA-PK, p110 $\alpha$ and p110 $\gamma$ with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 2, 5.8 and 76 nM, respectively. PIK-75 inhibits p110 $\alpha$ >200-fold more potently than p110 $\beta$ (IC <sub>50</sub> =1.3 $\mu$ M) <sup>[1][2]</sup> . PIK-75 induces apoptosis <sup>[3]</sup> .									
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	DNA-PK 2 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	p110 $\alpha$ 5.8 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	p110 $\gamma$ 76 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	p110 $\delta$ 510 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )						
	p110 $\beta$ 1.3 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )	hsVPS34 2.6 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )	PI3KC2 $\beta$ 1 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )	PI3KC2 $\alpha$ 10 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )						
	mTORC1 1 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )	mTORC2 10 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )	ATM 2.3 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )	ATR 21 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )						
	PI4KIII $\beta$ 50 $\mu$ M (IC <sub>50</sub> )									
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>PIK-75 also inhibits p110<math>\delta</math>, PI3KC2<math>\beta</math>, mTORC1, ATM, hsVPS34, PI3KC2<math>\alpha</math>, mTORC2, ATR and PI4KIII<math>\beta</math> with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 510 nM, ~1 <math>\mu</math>M, ~1 <math>\mu</math>M, 2.3 <math>\mu</math>M, 2.6 <math>\mu</math>M, ~10 <math>\mu</math>M, ~10 <math>\mu</math>M, 21 <math>\mu</math>M, ~50 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>PIK-75 alone blocks Thr 308 phosphorylation in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes with IC<sub>50</sub> values of 1.2 and 1.3 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>PIK-75 (1-1000 nM; 5 min) blocks the phosphorylation of PKB induced by insulin on both Ser473 and Thr308 in CHO-IR cells in a dose-dependent manner, with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 78 nM<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>PIK-75 (0.1-1000 nM; 48 hours) inhibits the proliferation and survival of pancreatic cancer cells through apoptotic cell death<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>PIK-75 (0.1-1000 nM) also reduces the colony formation of pancreatic cancer MIA PaCa-2 and AsPC-1 cells<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay<sup>[3]</sup></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Human pancreatic cancer cells (MIA PaCa-2 or AsPC-1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0.1, 0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300, and 1000 nM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>48 hours</td> </tr> </table>				Cell Line:	Human pancreatic cancer cells (MIA PaCa-2 or AsPC-1)	Concentration:	0.1, 0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300, and 1000 nM	Incubation Time:	48 hours
Cell Line:	Human pancreatic cancer cells (MIA PaCa-2 or AsPC-1)									
Concentration:	0.1, 0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300, and 1000 nM									
Incubation Time:	48 hours									

Result:	Submicromolar concentration was sufficient to inhibit the proliferation of pancreatic cancer, MIA PaCa-2 and AsPC-1 cells after 48-h treatment.
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#### Western Blot Analysis<sup>[2]</sup>

Cell Line:	Overnight-starved CHO-IR cells
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Concentration:	1, 10, 100, 1000 nM
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Incubation Time:	5 minutes
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Result:	Blocked the phosphorylation of PKB induced by insulin (1 nM, 10 min) on both Ser473 and Thr308 in a dose-dependent manner. PIK-75 potentiates anticancer activity of Gemcitabine (20 mg/kg) in vivo. Gemcitabine (20 mg/kg) or PIK-75 (2 mg/kg) alone reduces the tumor growth to similar degree. Beneficial effect of PIK-75/Gemcitabine is evident as this combination markedly reduces the tumor growth in vivo without affecting the body weights of mice <sup>[3]</sup> .
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#### In Vivo

PIK-75 (2 mg/kg) potentiates anticancer activity of Gemcitabine (20 mg/kg) in vivo. Gemcitabine (20 mg/kg) or PIK-75 (2 mg/kg) alone reduces the tumor growth to similar degree. Beneficial effect of PIK-75/Gemcitabine is evident as this combination markedly reduces the tumor growth in vivo without affecting the body weights of mice<sup>[3]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Mice bearing tumors of MIA PaCa-2 <sup>[3]</sup>
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Dosage:	2 mg/kg; or combination with Gemcitabine (20 mg/kg)
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Administration:	Administered injection; 5 times per week. 25 days
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Result:	Reduced the tumor growth and enhanced the antitumor effect.
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## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Clin Cancer Res. 2020 Apr 15;26(8):2011-2021.
- Molecules. 2020 Apr 23;25(8):1980.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Knight ZA, et al. A pharmacological map of the PI3-K family defines a role for p110alpha in insulin signaling. Cell. 2006 May 19;125(4):733-47.
- [2]. Chaussade C, et al. Evidence for functional redundancy of class IA PI3K isoforms in insulin signalling. Biochem J. 2007 Jun 15;404(3):449-58.
- [3]. Duong HQ, et al. Inhibition of NRF2 by PIK-75 augments sensitivity of pancreatic cancer cells to gemcitabine. Int J Oncol. 2014 Mar;44(3):959-69.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: [tech@MedChemExpress.com](mailto:tech@MedChemExpress.com)

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA