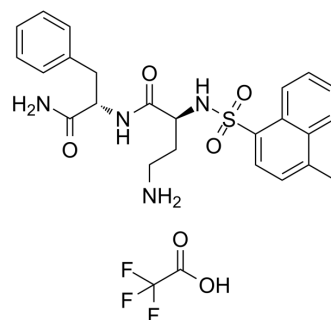


J-2156 TFA

Cat. No.:	HY-111615A
CAS No.:	2387505-73-7
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₆ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₄ O ₆ S
Molecular Weight:	582.59
Target:	Somatostatin Receptor
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	Protect from light, stored under nitrogen Powder -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year



* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light, stored under nitrogen)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H₂O : 100 mg/mL (171.65 mM; Need ultrasonic)
DMSO : 100 mg/mL (171.65 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.7165 mL	8.5824 mL	17.1647 mL
	5 mM	0.3433 mL	1.7165 mL	3.4329 mL
	10 mM	0.1716 mL	0.8582 mL	1.7165 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.29 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.29 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.29 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

J-2156 TFA is a high potent, selective somatostatin receptor type 4 (SST₄ receptor) agonist with IC₅₀s of 0.05 nM and 0.07 nM for human and rat SST₄ receptors, respectively. J-2156 TFA has anti-inflammatory activity and it is used for the relief of mechanical allodynia and mechanical hyperalgesia in the ipsilateral hindpaws in rats^{[1][2]}.

IC₅₀ & Target

IC₅₀: 0.05 nM (human SST₄) and 0.07 nM (rat SST₄)^[1]

In Vitro	<p>J-2156 TFA binds with nanomolar affinity to the human somatostatin receptor subtype 4 (hsst₄: K_i=1.2 nM) and is over 400-fold subtype-selective against the other somatostatin receptors (hsst₁: K_i=0.5 μM; hsst₂: K_i>5 μM; hsst₃: K_i=1.4 μM; hsst₅: K_i=0.54 μM) in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>								
In Vivo	<p>J-2156 TFA (1-10 mg/kg; i.p.; for 3 hours) of single bolus doses has anti-allodynic effect on ipsilateral and contralateral in BCIBP-rats^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Breast cancer-induced bone pain (BCIBP)-rats^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>1, 3, 10 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>IP; for 3 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Had anti-allodynic effect on ipsilateral and contralateral in BCIBP-rats.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Breast cancer-induced bone pain (BCIBP)-rats ^[1]	Dosage:	1, 3, 10 mg/kg	Administration:	IP; for 3 hours	Result:	Had anti-allodynic effect on ipsilateral and contralateral in BCIBP-rats.
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Dosage:	1, 3, 10 mg/kg								
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REFERENCES

[1]. Shenoy PA, et al. The Somatostatin Receptor-4 Agonist J-2156 Alleviates Mechanical Hypersensitivity in a Rat Model of Breast Cancer Induced Bone Pain. *Front Pharmacol.* 2018 May 15;9:495.

[2]. Mia Engström, et al. Superagonism at the Human Somatostatin Receptor Subtype 4. *J Pharmacol Exp Ther.* 2005 Jan;312(1):332-8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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