

# **Product** Data Sheet

## **Feprazone**

Cat. No.:HY-114911CAS No.:30748-29-9Molecular Formula: $C_{20}H_{20}N_2O_2$ Molecular Weight:320.39

Target: COX; Reactive Oxygen Species; MMP

Pathway: Immunology/Inflammation; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; NF-кВ

**Storage:** 4°C, protect from light

\* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)

#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 12.5 mg/mL (39.01 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.1212 mL	15.6060 mL	31.2120 mL
	5 mM	0.6242 mL	3.1212 mL	6.2424 mL
	10 mM	0.3121 mL	1.5606 mL	3.1212 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description

Feprazone (DA2370; Prenazone), an analogue of <u>Phenylbutazone</u> (HY-B0230), is a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agent with analgesic and antipyretic activities. Feprazone acts by inhibiting the activity of cyclooxygenase (COX)-2. Feprazone ameliorates free fatty acid (FFA)-induced oxidative stress by reducing the production of mitochondrial reactive oxygen species (ROS). Feprazone can decrease the expression of MMP-2 and MMP-9. Besides, Feprazone can suppress adipogenesis and increase lipolysis in differentiating 3 T3-L1 cells. Feprazone also can be used to research atherosclerosis and obesity<sup>[1][2]</sup> [3].

IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

COX, Reactive oxygen species, MMP<sup>[1]</sup>

In Vitro

Feprazone (2.5-10 µM; 48 h) rescues cell viability of FFAs-stimulated human aortic endothelial cells (HAECs)<sup>[1]</sup>.

Feprazone (5, 10  $\mu$ M; 24 h) reduces ROS production in HAECs to only 2.4- and 1.6-fold at 5 and 10  $\mu$ M, respectively, while 300  $\mu$ M FFA increases ROS production by 3.4-fold; also decreases the mRNA expression and secretion of cytokines CCL5, IL-6, and IL-8, as well as MMP-2 and MMP-9<sup>[1]</sup>.

Feprazone (5, 10  $\mu$ M; 6 h) decreases TLR4 and MyD88 activities, as well as reduces the phosphorylation of p65 and subsequent activation of NF- $\kappa$ B<sup>[1]</sup>.

Feprazone (30 and 60  $\mu$ M; 7 days) suppresses the adipogenesis in differentiating 3 T3-L1 cells; reduced the triglyceride content and increased lipolysis during 3 T3-L1 adipogenesis<sup>[3]</sup>.

Cell Line:	HAECs (stimulated with 300 μM FFAs)		
Concentration:	2.5, 5 and 10 μM		
Incubation Time:	48 h		
Result:	Rescued cell viability to 81 and 93% of baseline at 5 and 10 $\mu\text{M}$ , while FFAs reduced the cell viability to 63% of baseline.		
RT-PCR <sup>[1]</sup>			
Cell Line:	HAECs (stimulated with 300 μM FFAs)		
Concentration:	5 and 10 μM		
Incubation Time:	24 h		
Result:	Decreased the mRNA expression and secretion of cytokines CCL5, IL-6, and IL-8 in a dose-dependent manner.  Dose-dependently mitigated the VCAM-1 and ICAM-1 expression to only 1.7- and 1.8-fold, respectively, while FFA increased to 2.8- and 3.4-fold, respectively.		
Western Blot Analysis <sup>[1]</sup>			
Cell Line:	HAECs (stimulated with 300 μM FFAs)		
Concentration:	5 and 10 μM		
Incubation Time:	6 h		
Result:	Decreased TLR4 and MyD88 expression, as well as reduced the phosphorylation of p65 and subsequent activation of NF-κB.		

#### In Vivo

Animal Model:	Male C57BL/6 N mice [high-fat diet (HFD) induced obesity model] <sup>[3]</sup>	
Dosage:	75 mg/kg	
Administration:	(no described in the research)	
Result:	The visceral adipocyte tissue weights of mice in the control, HFD, and HFD + Feprazone groups were 0.38, 3.51, and 2.37 g, respectively.  The average bodyweights of mice in the control, HFD, and HFD + Feprazone groups were 29.6, 41.3, and 34.1 g, respectively.	

#### **REFERENCES**

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<sup>[1].</sup> Song M, et al. Feprazone Prevents Free Fatty Acid (FFA)-Induced Endothelial Inflammation by Mitigating the Activation of the TLR4/MyD88/NF-кВ Pathway. ACS Omega. 2021 Feb 9;6(7):4850-4856.

 $<sup>[2]. \</sup> Fletcher \ MR, et al. \ Feprazone, a new anti-inflammatory \ agent. \ Studies \ of \ potency \ and \ gastrointestinal \ tolerance. \ Ann \ Rheum \ Dis. \ 1975 \ Apr; 34(2):190-4.$ 

3]. Che L, et al. Feprazone Displays Antiadipogenesis and Antiobesity Capacities in in Vitro 3 T3-L1 Cells and in Vivo Mice. ACS Omega. 2021 Mar 7;6(10):6674-6680.	
Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.	
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