Tetraconazole

Cat. No.:	HY-117089			
CAS No.:	112281-77-3			
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₃ H ₁₁ Cl ₂ F ₄ N ₃ O			
Molecular Weight:	372.15			
Target:	Fungal			
Pathway:	Anti-infection			
Storage:	Pure form	-20°C	3 years	
		4°C	2 years	
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months	
		-20°C	1 month	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (335.89 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	2.6871 mL	13.4354 mL	26.8709 mL	
		5 mM	0.5374 mL	2.6871 mL	5.3742 mL	
		10 mM	0.2687 mL	1.3435 mL	2.6871 mL	
	Please refer to the so	lubility information to select the app	propriate solvent.			
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.59 mM); Clear solution					
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.59 mM); Clear solution					
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.59 mM); Clear solution					

DIOLOGICAL ACTIV	
Description	Tetraconazole, a chiral triazole fungicide, is widely used for the prevention of plant disease in wheat fields ^[1] . Tetraconazole alters the methionine and ergosterol biosynthesis pathways in Saccharomyces yeasts promoting changes on volatile derived compounds ^[2] .

REFERENCES

Product Data Sheet

? >	MCE	®
	MedChemExpres	ss



[1]. Tong Z, et al. Enantioselective effects of the chiral fungicide tetraconazole in wheat: Fungicidal activity and degradation behavior. Environ Pollut. 2019;247:1-8.

[2]. Sieiro-Sampedro T, et al. Tetraconazole alters the methionine and ergosterol biosynthesis pathways in Saccharomyces yeasts promoting changes on volatile derived compounds. Food Res Int. 2020;130:108930.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA