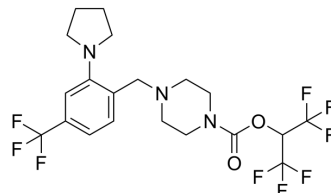


Elcubragistat

Cat. No.:	HY-117632		
CAS No.:	1446817-84-0		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₀ H ₂₂ F ₉ N ₃ O ₂		
Molecular Weight:	507.39		
Target:	MAGL		
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 250 mg/mL (492.72 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	
			1 mg	5 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.9709 mL	9.8544 mL
		5 mM	0.3942 mL	1.9709 mL
		10 mM	0.1971 mL	0.9854 mL
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.			
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.10 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.08 mg/mL (4.10 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.10 mM); Clear solution 			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Elcubragistat (ABX-1431) is a highly potent, selective, and orally available, CNS-penetrant monoacylglycerol lipase (MAGL) inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 14 nM.
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 14 nM (human MGLL) ^[1]
In Vitro	Elcubragistat (ABX-1431) is a potent human MGLL inhibitor (IC ₅₀ =0.014 μM) with >100-fold selectivity against ABHD6 and >200-fold selectivity against PLA2G7. Elcubragistat inhibits human PC3 cells with an IC ₅₀ of 0.0022 μM. In the cell-based

assay, >100-fold selectivity for MGLL over ABHD6 (IC₅₀=0.253 μM) and PLA2G7 (IC₅₀=494 μM) is maintained^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Elcubragistat (ABX-1431) inhibits MGLL activity in rodent brain (ED₅₀=0.5-1.4 mg/kg), increases brain 2-AG concentrations, and suppresses pain behavior in the rat formalin pain model^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay ^[1]

Human prostate cancer PC3 cells are grown in F-12K medium supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum at 37°C with 5% CO₂ to 80% confluency in 100 mm dishes. ABX-1431 is added to cells to give final concentration of 0.1-10 μM compound in serum free media. Cells are incubated for 30 min. Cells are washed, harvested, and lysed by probe sonication. Cell lysates (2mg/mL) are treated with JW912 (1μM) and analyzed by SDS-PAGE and in-gel fluorescence scanning^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Administration ^[1]

Rats^[1]
Elcubragistat is administered in a volume of 5 mL/kg. Male ICR mice or male Sprague Dawley rats 6 to 12 weeks are administered single oral doses of Elcubragistat (0.5-32 mg/kg for mice and 0.03-10 mg/kg for rats). Four hours after Elcubragistat administration, animals are anesthetized. Following blood collection, animals are killed by decapitation and brains are removed, hemisected and frozen in liquid nitrogen for analysis^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Commun. 2022 Feb 25;13(1):1058.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Cisar JS, et al. Identification of ABX-1431, a Selective Inhibitor of Monoacylglycerol Lipase and Clinical Candidate for Treatment of Neurological Disorders. J Med Chem. 2018 Oct 25;61(20):9062-9084.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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