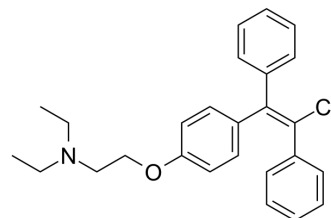


Enclomiphene

Cat. No.:	HY-118861
CAS No.:	15690-57-0
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₆ H ₂₈ ClNO
Molecular Weight:	405.96
Target:	Estrogen Receptor/ERR
Pathway:	Others
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Enclomiphene ((E)-Clomiphene) is a potent and orally active non-steroidal estrogen receptor antagonist, with antioestrogenic property. Enclomiphene can be used for the research of ovarian dysfunction, testosterone deficiency, male hypogonadism and type 2 diabetes ^[1] .																
In Vitro	<p>Enclomiphene (0-100 μM, 6 h) dose-dependently inhibits basal and gonadotrophin-stimulated small and large ovine luteal cell progesterone secretion^[2].</p> <p>Enclomiphene (0-100 μg/mL, 24 h) dose-dependently inhibits fertilization rates, blastocyst formation rates, and degeneration rates in mouse oocytes^[3].</p> <p>Enclomiphene (1 nM-10 μM, 6 h) dose-dependently decreases E2-induced inhibition of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) secretion in primary sheep pituitary cells^[4].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>																
In Vivo	<p>Enclomiphene (subcutaneous injection, 0.25 and 0.5 mg/animal, daily) inhibits spermatogenesis and decreases serum luteinizing hormone (LH) and testosterone levels in intact or castrated rats^[5].</p> <p>Enclomiphene (oral administration, 0.03-3 mg/kg, daily for 90 days) reduces body weight to sham levels, and reduced serum cholesterol^[6].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Animal Model:</td> <td>21 days-old Charles River male rats^[5]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>0.25 and 0.5 mg/animal, daily for 24 days.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Subcutaneous injection</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Decreased LH and testosterone levels in the serum.</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Animal Model:</td> <td>OVX (ovariectomy) rat model^[6]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>0.03, 1, and 3 mg/kg, daily for 90 days.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral administration</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Reduced body weight to sham levels, and reduced serum cholesterol.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	21 days-old Charles River male rats ^[5]	Dosage:	0.25 and 0.5 mg/animal, daily for 24 days.	Administration:	Subcutaneous injection	Result:	Decreased LH and testosterone levels in the serum.	Animal Model:	OVX (ovariectomy) rat model ^[6]	Dosage:	0.03, 1, and 3 mg/kg, daily for 90 days.	Administration:	Oral administration	Result:	Reduced body weight to sham levels, and reduced serum cholesterol.
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Showed dose-dependent effects on the proximal tibia with BMD and BMC approaching posttreatment Sham levels.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Viruses. 2021 Jun 28;13(7):1255.

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REFERENCES

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- [6]. R T Turner, et al. Differential responses of estrogen target tissues in rats including bone to clomiphene, enclomiphene, and zuclomiphene. *Endocrinology*. 1998 Sep;139(9):3712-20.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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