Product Data Sheet

Asukamycin

Cat. No.: HY-118893 CAS No.: 61116-33-4 Molecular Formula: $C_{31}H_{34}N_2O_7$ Molecular Weight: 546.61

Target: Molecular Glues; Bacterial; Antibiotic; Fungal

Pathway: PROTAC; Anti-infection

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

> In solvent -80°C 6 months

> > -20°C 1 month

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Asukamycin, a manumycin-type metabolite, could be isolated from Streptomyces nodosus subsp. asukaensis. Asukamycin is an antibiotic and has antimicrobial activity. Asukamycin inhibits growth of various tumor cell lines^{[1][2]}.

In Vitro

Asukamycin (1-50 μM; 24 h) in a concentration-dependent manner reduces viability of five different human cell lines with IC $_{50}$ of 1-5 μ M^[1].

Asukamycin (50 µM; 24 and 72 h; THP-1 cells) causes a significant increase in intracellular caspase 8 and caspase 3 activity^[1]. Asukamycin (0-100 mcg/mL; bacteria, 18 h; fungus, 72 h) has antimicrobial activity. Asukamycin inhibits the growth of Grampositive bacteria within a concentration range of 0.78-12.5 mcg/mL and inhibits the growth of Trichophyton mentagrophytes at a concentration of 25 mcg/ mL^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Viability Assay^[1]

Cell Line:	Human myeloid THP-1, HL-60, U-118 MG, U-87 MG and U-937 cells
Concentration:	1-50 μΜ
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Reduced viability of five different cell lines in a concentration-dependent manner.

In Vivo

Asukamycin (0-450 mg/kg; i.p.; mice) has low toxicity in vivo. Asukamycin has acute toxicity with an LD₅₀ value of 48.5 mg/kg by intraperitoneal injection^[2].

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Animal Model:	Mice ^[2]
Dosage:	0-450 mg/kg
Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection
Result:	Had no effect on mice when administered by 450 mg/kg and the acute toxicity (LD $_{50}$) was 48.5 mg/kg by intraperitoneal injection.

REFERENCES	
[1]. Shipley PR, et, al. Antitumor activity of asukamycin, a secondary metabolite from the actinomycete bacterium Streptomyces nodosus subspecies asukaensis. Int J Mol Med. 2009 Nov;24(5):711-5.	
[2]. Omura S, et, al. A new antibiotic,, asukamycin, produced by Streptomyces. J Antibiot (Tokyo). 1976 Sep;29(9):876-81.	

 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$

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