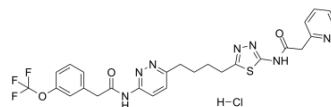


Telaglenastat hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-12248A
CAS No.:	1874231-60-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₆ H ₂₅ ClF ₃ N ₇ O ₃ S
Molecular Weight:	608.04
Target:	Glutaminase; Autophagy
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Autophagy
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Telaglenastat (CB-839) hydrochloride is a first-in-class, selective, reversible and orally active glutaminase 1 (GLS1) inhibitor. Telaglenastat hydrochloride selectively inhibits GLS1 splice variants KGA (kidney-type glutaminase) and GAC (glutaminase C) compared to GLS2. The IC ₅₀ s are 23 nM and 28 nM for endogenous glutaminase in mouse kidney and brain, respectively. Telaglenastat hydrochloride induces autophagy and has antitumor activity ^[1] .																
In Vitro	<p>Telaglenastat (CB-839) (0.1-1000 nM; 72 hours) has antiproliferative activity in HCC1806 and MDA-MB-231 cells with IC₅₀s of 49 nM and 26 nM, respectively^[1].</p> <p>Telaglenastat (CB-839) (1 μM; 72 hours) activates caspase 3/7 and induces apoptosis in MDA-MB-231 and HCC1806 cells^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Proliferation Assay^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>HCC1806, MDA-MB-231 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000 nM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>72 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Has a potent effect on the proliferation of the two TNBC cell lines (IC₅₀ of 49 nM and 26 nM for HCC1806 and MDA-MB-231 cells).</td> </tr> </table> <p>Apoptosis Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>MDA-MB-231, HCC1806 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>1 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>72 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Caspase 3/7 activation.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	HCC1806, MDA-MB-231 cells	Concentration:	0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000 nM	Incubation Time:	72 hours	Result:	Has a potent effect on the proliferation of the two TNBC cell lines (IC ₅₀ of 49 nM and 26 nM for HCC1806 and MDA-MB-231 cells).	Cell Line:	MDA-MB-231, HCC1806 cells	Concentration:	1 μM	Incubation Time:	72 hours	Result:	Caspase 3/7 activation.
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In Vivo	Telaglenastat (CB-839) (200 mg/kg; p.o.; twice daily for 28 days) has antitumor activity in xenograft models of TNBC ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.																

Animal Model:	Female nu/nu mice with age 4–6 weeks (TNBC patient-derived xenograft model) ^[1]
Dosage:	200 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral administration; twice daily for 28 days
Result:	Suppressed tumor growth by 61% relative to vehicle control at the end of study.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cancer Discov. 2017 Apr;7(4):380-390.
- Mol Cell. 2019 Oct 3;76(1):148-162.e7.
- Clin Cancer Res. 2019 Jul 1;25(13):4079-4090.
- Theranostics. 2020 Feb 10;10(8):3488-3502.
- Elife. 2020 Nov 2;9:e60151.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Gross MI, et al. Antitumor activity of the glutaminase inhibitor CB-839 in triple-negative breast cancer. Mol Cancer Ther. 2014 Apr;13(4):890-901.

[2]. Biancur DE, et al. Compensatory metabolic networks in pancreatic cancers upon perturbation of glutaminemetabolism. Nat Commun. 2017 Jul 3;8:15965.

[3]. Zhou WJ, et al. Estrogen inhibits autophagy and promotes growth of endometrial cancer by promoting glutamine metabolism. Cell Commun Signal. 2019 Aug 20;17(1):99.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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