

Trypsin

Cat. No.:	HY-129047
CAS No.:	9002-07-7
Target:	Protease Activated Receptor (PAR); Ser/Thr Protease
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Store at 4°C, do not freeze

Trypsin

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 50 mg/mL (ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (Infinity mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (Infinity mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (Infinity mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Trypsin is a serine protease enzyme, and hydrolyzes proteins at the carboxyl side of the Lysine or Arginine. Trypsin activates PAR2 and PAR4. Trypsin induces cell-to-cell membrane fusion in PDCoV infection by the interaction of S glycoprotein of PDCoV and pAPN. Trypsin also promotes cell proliferation and differentiation. Trypsin can be used in the research of wound healing and neurogenic inflammation ^{[1][2][3][4][6]} .				
IC ₅₀ & Target	PAR2, PAR4 ^[6]				
In Vitro	<p>Trypsin (5 µg/mL, 24 or 48 h) promotes porcine deltacoronavirus (PDCoV) replication in LLC-PK cells^[2].</p> <p>Trypsin (10 and 50 ng/mL, 12 h) enhances PDCoV cell-to-cell spread in LLC-PK cells by promoting membrane fusion in LLC-PK cells^[2].</p> <p>Trypsin (0.05%, 3 h) promotes C6 glioma cell proliferation in serum-free and growth factor-free medium^[3].</p> <p>Trypsin (20 -150 ng/mL, 5 days) potentiates PBMC differentiation^[4].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Western Blot Analysis^[2]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>LLC-PK cells, ST cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>5 µg/mL</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	LLC-PK cells, ST cells	Concentration:	5 µg/mL
Cell Line:	LLC-PK cells, ST cells				
Concentration:	5 µg/mL				

Incubation Time:	24 or 48 h
Result:	Promoted PDCoV replication in LLC-PK cells but not ST cells.
Immunofluorescence ^[2]	
Cell Line:	LLC-PK cells, ST cells
Concentration:	10 and 50 ng/mL
Incubation Time:	12 h
Result:	Significantly increased cell-to-cell fusion activity during PDCoV infection of LLC-PK cells.

In Vivo

Trypsin (100-500 µg per site in 50 µL saline, intradermal injection) induces scratching behaviour in mice^[5]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Swiss mice ^[5]
Dosage:	100-500 µg per site, in saline (50 µL)
Administration:	Intradermal injection
Result:	Induced pruritus, and was inhibited by trypsin inhibitor.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Neurochirurgie. 2023 Jul 1;101465.
- Gene Rep. 2024 Mar 18, 101908.
- Int J Morphol. 2023 Sep 21.
- Int J Morphol. 2023 Nov, 41(6):1734-1743.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Bhupendra S.Kaphalia. Chapter 16 - Biomarkers of acute and chronic pancreatitis. Biomarkers in Toxicology. 2014, Pages 279-289.
- [2]. Yue-Lin Yang, et al. Trypsin promotes porcine deltacoronavirus mediating cell-to-cell fusion in a cell type-dependent manner. Emerg Microbes Infect. 2020 Feb 24;9(1):457-468.
- [3]. H Amano, et al. Trypsin promotes C6 glioma cell proliferation in serum- and growth factor-free medium. Neurosci Res. 1996 Jul;25(3):203-8.
- [4]. Michael J. V. White, et al. Trypsin Potentiates Human Fibrocyte Differentiation. PLoS One. 2013; 8(8): e70795.
- [5]. R Costa, et al. Evidence for the role of neurogenic inflammation components in trypsin-elicited scratching behaviour in mice. Br J Pharmacol. 2008 Jul;154(5):1094-103.
- [6]. F Schmidlin, et al. Protease-activated receptors: how proteases signal to cells. Curr Opin Pharmacol. 2001 Dec;1(6):575-82.
- [7]. Bhupendra S.Kaphalia, et al. Chapter 16 - Biomarkers of acute and chronic pancreatitis. Biomarkers in Toxicology. 2014, Pages 279-289.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA