# PRT-060318

Cat. No.: HY-12974 CAS No.: 1194961-19-7 Molecular Formula:  $C_{18}H_{24}N_{6}O$ Molecular Weight: 340.42 Target: Syk

Pathway: Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years In solvent -80°C 2 years

-20°C 1 year

**Product** Data Sheet

## **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

H<sub>2</sub>O: 25 mg/mL (73.44 mM; Need ultrasonic)

| Preparing<br>Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass<br>Concentration | 1 mg      | 5 mg       | 10 mg      |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
|                              | 1 mM                          | 2.9375 mL | 14.6877 mL | 29.3755 mL |
|                              | 5 mM                          | 0.5875 mL | 2.9375 mL  | 5.8751 mL  |
|                              | 10 mM                         | 0.2938 mL | 1.4688 mL  | 2.9375 mL  |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

1. Add each solvent one by one: PBS

Solubility: 25 mg/mL (73.44 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic

# **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

| Description               | PRT-060318 (PRT318) is a novel selective inhibitor of the tyrosine kinase Syk with an IC $_{50}$ of 4 nM.   |
|---------------------------|---|
| IC <sub>50</sub> & Target | IC50: 4 nM (Syk) <sup>[1]</sup>   |
| In Vitro                  | PRT318 is a potent inhibitor of purified Syk kinase with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 4 nM. Syk kinase is inhibited by 92%, whereas all other kinases retains more than 70% at a concentration of 50 nM of PRT318 <sup>[1]</sup> . PRT318 and P505-15 effectively antagonize CLL cell survival after B-cell receptor (BCR) triggering and in nurse-like cell-co-cultures. They inhibit BCR-dependent secretion of the chemokines CCL3 and CCL4 by CLL cells, and leukemia cell migration toward the tissue homing chemokines CXCL12, CXCL13, and beneath stromal cells. PRT318 and P505-15 inhibit Syk and extracellular signal-regulated kinase phosphorylation after BCR triggering <sup>[2]</sup> .  MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. |

#### In Vivo

PRT318 completely inhibits HIT immune complex-induced aggregation of both human and transgenic HIT mouse platelets. Pretreatment of mice with PRT318 markedly reduces HIT IC-induced thrombosis in the lungs. The Thrombosis Score is significantly lower for PRT318-treated mice compared with control<sup>[1]</sup>.

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## **PROTOCOL**

## Cell Assay [2]

PRT318 is dissolved in DMSO. Cells are incubated for 14 days in 24-well plates. CLL cells are cultured under standardized conditions on NLC or in suspension, in the presence or absence of PRT318 and P505-15. At 24, 48, 72 h, CLL cells are collected and assayed for cell viability<sup>[2]</sup>.

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# Animal Administration [1]

Mice: Heparin-induced thrombocytopenia (HIT) model mice are treated with KKO (20 mg/kg body weight, intraperitoneally) on day 0. The mice are divided into sex- and weight-matched experimental and control groups. On days 1 to 7, experimental mice (n=6) receives PRT318 (30 mg/kg body weight) orally via gavage twice a day, whereas control mice (n=6) receives vehicle only (sterile water). Both groups receives heparin (1600 U/kg body weight, subcutaneously) once daily. Mice are anesthetized by isoflurane inhalation for injections and blood collections<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

· bioRxiv. 2019 Jan.

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#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Reilly MP, et al. PRT-060318, a novel Syk inhibitor, prevents heparin-induced thrombocytopenia and thrombosis in a transgenic mouse model. Blood. 2011 Feb 17;117(7):2241-6.

[2]. Hoellenriegel J, et al. Selective, novel spleen tyrosine kinase (Syk) inhibitors suppress chronic lymphocytic leukemia B-cell activation and migration. Leukemia. 2012 Jul;26(7):1576-83.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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