AE-ITU dihydrobromide

Cat. No.:	HY-131929	
CAS No.:	56-10-0	
Molecular Formula:	C ₃ H ₁₁ Br ₂ N ₃ S	$H_2N \xrightarrow{NH} S \xrightarrow{NH_2}$
Molecular Weight:	281.01	
Target:	NO Synthase	
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation	H–Br H–Br
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV			
Description	AE-ITU dihydrobromide is the dihydrobromide form of AE-ITU. AE-ITU dihydrobromide is a selective inhibitor for inducible NO synthase (iNOS), and attenuates the liver dysfunction caused by endotoxaemia in rats ^[1] .		
IC ₅₀ & Target	inos		
In Vivo	AE-ITU dihydrobromide (1 mg/kg/h, i.v., for 1 hour) attenuates the delayed hypotension and vascular hyporeactivity, ameliorates liver dysfunction in LPS (HY-D1056)-administrated Wistar rats ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	LPS (HY-D1056)-administrated Wistar rats ^[1]	
	Dosage:	1 mg/kg	
	Administration:	i.v., 1 mg/kg/h for 1 hour	
	Result:	Reduced the serum levels of bilirubin, serum nitrite, GOT, GPT and γGT caused by LPS, inhibited iNOS in lung and liver homogenates.	

REFERENCES

[1]. Thiemermann C, et al., The multiple organ dysfunction syndrome caused by endotoxin in the rat: attenuation of liver dysfunction by inhibitors of nitric oxide synthase. Br J Pharmacol. 1995 Dec;116(7):2845-51.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Product Data Sheet

