Galunisertib

Cat. No.: HY-13226
CAS No.: 700874-72-2
Molecular Formula: C₂₂H₁₉N₅O
Molecular Weight: 369.42
Target: TGF-β Receptor
Pathway: TGF-beta/Smad
Storage:
- Powder -20°C 3 years
- Powder 4°C 2 years
- In solvent -80°C 6 months
- In solvent -20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro
DMSO : 100 mg/mL (270.69 mM; Need ultrasonic)
H₂O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preparing Stock Solutions</th>
<th>Solvent Concentration</th>
<th>Mass 1 mg</th>
<th>Mass 5 mg</th>
<th>Mass 10 mg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 mM</td>
<td>2.7069 mL</td>
<td>13.5347 mL</td>
<td>27.0695 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 mM</td>
<td>0.5414 mL</td>
<td>2.7069 mL</td>
<td>5.4139 mL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 mM</td>
<td>0.2707 mL</td>
<td>1.3535 mL</td>
<td>2.7069 mL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo
1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
   Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.77 mM); Clear solution
2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
   Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.77 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description
Galunisertib (LY2157299) is an oral and selective TGF-β receptor type I (TGF-βRI) kinase inhibitor with an IC₅₀ of 56 nM.

IC₅₀ & Target
IC₅₀: 56 nM (TGF-βRI)[4]

In Vitro
Galunisertib (LY2157299) (0.1, 1, 10, and 100 μM) displays a slight dose-dependent potentiation of Bay 43-9006 in SK-Sora, HepG2, and Hep3B cell lines but not in JHH6, SK-HEP1, and HuH7 cell lines[2].
In Vivo

Human xenografts Calu6 (non-small cell lung cancer) and MX1 (breast cancer) are implanted subcutaneously in nude mice. After oral administration of 75 mg/kg, Galunisertib (LY2157299) induces a 70% decrease in pSmad for both types of cell lines. The time at which pSmad recovered 80% of baseline is approximately 6 h after administration[^3].

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay[^2]

Cell survival is determined using the MTT assay. The conversion of yellow water-soluble tetrazolium MTT into purple insoluble formazan is catalyzed by mitochondrial dehydrogenases and used to estimate the number of viable cells. In brief, cells are seeded in 96-well tissue culture plates at a density of $2 \times 10^3$ cells/well. After drug exposure, cells are incubated with 0.4 mg/mL MTT for 4 hours at 37°C. After incubation, the supernatant is discarded, insoluble formazan precipitates are dissolved in 0.1 mL of DMSO, and the absorbance is measured at 560 nm by use of a microplate reader. Wells with untreated cells or with drug-containing medium without cells are used as positive and negative controls respectively. For proliferation assay, MTT assay is done daily to determine the number of viable cells in untreated control and Galunisertib (LY2157299) (0.1, 1, 10, and 10 μM)-treated group[^2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Administration[^3]

Mice[^3]

Charles River nude mice (weight 25 mg) are used. Galunisertib (LY2157299) is given orally as a single dose or in a multiple dosing design. The value of the dose levels given in a single dose manner is 10 (n=3), 30 (n=8), 50 (n=26), 75 (n=69), 100 (n=3), 150 (n=21) and 300 (n=3) mg/kg. Animals are sacrificed at the following times: 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 4, 8 and 16 h after administration, then the tumor is removed and blood is recovered. In the multiple dosing study, Galunisertib (LY2157299) is administered twice a day (bid) at the dose of 75 mg/kg every 12 h for 20 consecutive days to 31 mice. Animals are sacrificed at 2 h after the last administration at days 10, 15, 20 and 25, and the tumor is removed for pSmad determination and the blood is recovered for determination of drug levels in plasma.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Breast Cancer Res. 2019 Nov.

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REFERENCES


