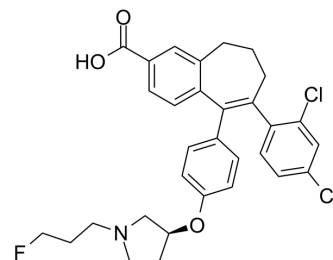


## Amcnestrant

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-133017		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	2114339-57-8		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>31</sub> H <sub>30</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> FNO <sub>3</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	554.48		
<b>Target:</b>	Estrogen Receptor/ERR		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

<b>In Vitro</b>	DMSO : 83.33 mg/mL (150.28 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)				
		Solvent Concentration	Mass 1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	<b>Preparing Stock Solutions</b>	1 mM	1.8035 mL	9.0175 mL	18.0349 mL
		5 mM	0.3607 mL	1.8035 mL	3.6070 mL
10 mM		0.1803 mL	0.9017 mL	1.8035 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
<b>In Vivo</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 40% PEG300 &gt;&gt; 5% Tween-80 &gt;&gt; 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 8.33 mg/mL (15.02 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 8.33 mg/mL (15.02 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 8.33 mg/mL (15.02 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>				

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	SAR439859 (compound 43d) is an orally active, nonsteroidal and selective estrogen receptor degrader (SERD). SAR439859 is a potent ER antagonist and has ER degrading activity with an EC <sub>50</sub> of 0.2 nM for ERα degradation <sup>[1]</sup> . SAR439859 demonstrates robust antitumor efficacy and limited cross-resistance in ER <sup>+</sup> breast cancer <sup>[2]</sup> .
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	ERα 0.2 nM (EC50)

<b>In Vitro</b>	SAR439859 (compound 43d) induces strong in vivo antitumor activity against a variety of BC cell lines and patient-derived xenografts, including models that harbor ER $\alpha$ mutations <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.																
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>SAR439859 (compound 43d; orally; 2.5-25 mg/kg; twice daily for 30 days) exhibits substantial tumor-growth inhibition and displays tumor regression at the dose of 25 mg/kg/BID<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>SAR439859 (3 mg/kg for iv and 10 mg/kg for po) shows a low to moderate clearance in the three animal species tested (0.03-1.92 L/h•kg), low to moderate volume of distribution (<math>V_{ss}</math>=0.5-6.1 L/kg), and good bioavailability (54-76%) across species. It is noticed that <math>T_{1/2}</math> was variable across species (1.98 h in mouse, 4.13 h in rat and 9.80 h in dog)<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Nu/nu mouse with MCF7 tumor xenograft model<sup>[1]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>2.5, 5, 12.5, 25 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Orally; twice daily for 30 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Exhibited substantial tumor-growth inhibition and displayed tumor regression at the dose of 25 mg/kg/BID.</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Mouse, rat and dog<sup>[1]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>3 mg/kg (iv) and 10 mg/kg (po) (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Iv or po</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Showed a low to moderate clearance in the three animal species tested (0.03-1.92 L/h•kg), low to moderate volume of distribution (<math>V_{ss}</math>=0.5-6.1 L/kg), and good bioavailability (54-76%) across species.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Nu/nu mouse with MCF7 tumor xenograft model <sup>[1]</sup>	Dosage:	2.5, 5, 12.5, 25 mg/kg	Administration:	Orally; twice daily for 30 days	Result:	Exhibited substantial tumor-growth inhibition and displayed tumor regression at the dose of 25 mg/kg/BID.	Animal Model:	Mouse, rat and dog <sup>[1]</sup>	Dosage:	3 mg/kg (iv) and 10 mg/kg (po) (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)	Administration:	Iv or po	Result:	Showed a low to moderate clearance in the three animal species tested (0.03-1.92 L/h•kg), low to moderate volume of distribution ( $V_{ss}$ =0.5-6.1 L/kg), and good bioavailability (54-76%) across species.
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## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- bioRxiv. 2024 Jun 2:2024.05.28.596307.
- Res Sq. 2024 Jun 04.
- Harvard University. 2023 Mar. 30487357.

See more customer validations on [www.MedChemExpress.com](http://www.MedChemExpress.com)

## REFERENCES

[1]. El-Ahmad Y, et al. Discovery of 6-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-5-[4-[(3S)-1-(3-fluoropropyl)pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxyphenyl]-8,9-dihydro-7H-benzo[7]annulene-2-carboxylic acid (SAR439859), a Potent and Selective Estrogen Receptor Degradar (SERD) for the Treatment of Est

[2]. Monsif Bouaboula, et al. Abstract 943: SAR439859, an orally bioavailable selective estrogen receptor degrader (SERD) that demonstrates robust antitumor efficacy and limited cross-resistance in ER<sup>+</sup> breast cancer.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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