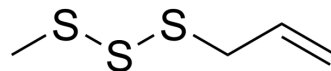


Allyl methyl trisulfide

Cat. No.:	HY-134900
CAS No.:	34135-85-8
Molecular Formula:	C ₄ H ₈ S ₃
Molecular Weight:	152.3
Target:	Reactive Oxygen Species
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; NF-κB
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Allyl methyl trisulfide is a volatile organic compound and a component of garlic (<i>Allium sativum</i> L.) essential oil, which has antibacterial, antioxidant and antitumor activities ^[1] .								
In Vivo	<p>Allyl methyl trisulfide (AMS) (50-200 mg/kg, orally, daily, 30 days) has protective effect in STZ-induced hyperglycemia rats. It can lead to a significant decrease in the expression of blood glucose and pro-inflammatory markers TNF-α, IL-6, and NF-κB p65, while increasing plasma insulin levels, and has some antioxidant activity^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Male Wistar rats (170-190 g)^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>50, 100 and 200 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>orally in the daily morning for 30 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td> <p>Enhanced body, organ weight and reduced food, water intake.</p> <p>Dose-dependently decreased plasma glucose and enhanced insulin.</p> <p>Attenuated the oxidative stress stimulated by STZ in hepatocytes.</p> <p>Increased activity of hepatotoxicity markers AST, ALT and ALP.</p> <p>Significantly downregulated the expression of pro-inflammatory proteins, cytokines (TNF-α and IL-6) and transcription factors (NF-κB p65).</p> </td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Male Wistar rats (170-190 g) ^[1]	Dosage:	50, 100 and 200 mg/kg	Administration:	orally in the daily morning for 30 days	Result:	<p>Enhanced body, organ weight and reduced food, water intake.</p> <p>Dose-dependently decreased plasma glucose and enhanced insulin.</p> <p>Attenuated the oxidative stress stimulated by STZ in hepatocytes.</p> <p>Increased activity of hepatotoxicity markers AST, ALT and ALP.</p> <p>Significantly downregulated the expression of pro-inflammatory proteins, cytokines (TNF-α and IL-6) and transcription factors (NF-κB p65).</p>
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REFERENCES

[1]. Kathirolu Sujithra, et al. Allyl methyl sulfide, an organosulfur compound alleviates hyperglycemia mediated hepatic oxidative stress and inflammation in streptozotocin - induced experimental rats. *Biomed Pharmacother.* 2018 Nov;107:292-302.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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