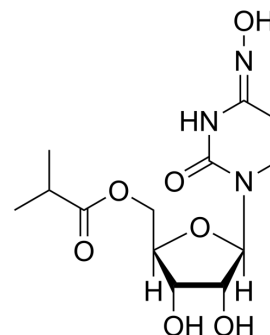


Molnupiravir

Cat. No.:	HY-135853	
CAS No.:	2492423-29-5	
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₃ H ₁₉ N ₃ O ₇	
Molecular Weight:	329.31	
Target:	Influenza Virus; SARS-CoV	
Pathway:	Anti-infection	
Storage:	Powder	-20°C 3 years
		4°C 2 years
	In solvent	-80°C 6 months
		-20°C 1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 50 mg/mL (151.83 mM; Need ultrasonic)
 H₂O : 12.5 mg/mL (37.96 mM; Need ultrasonic)

	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	3.0367 mL	15.1833 mL	30.3665 mL
	5 mM	0.6073 mL	3.0367 mL	6.0733 mL
	10 mM	0.3037 mL	1.5183 mL	3.0367 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 50% PEG300 >> 50% saline
 Solubility: 25 mg/mL (75.92 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% PEG400 >> 2.5% Ethoxylated hydrogenated castor oil >> 87.5% water
 Solubility: 12.05 mg/mL (36.59 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.59 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.59 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.59 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Molnupiravir (EIDD-2801) is an orally bioavailable proagent of the ribonucleoside analog EIDD-1931. Molnupiravir has broad spectrum antiviral activity against influenza virus and multiple coronaviruses, such as SARS-CoV-2, MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV.

Molnupiravir has the potential for the research of COVID-19, and seasonal and pandemic influenza^{[1][2]}.

In Vivo

Molnupiravir (50-500 mg/kg; p.o.; every 12 hours for 3 days) is robustly antiviral and able to prevent SARS-CoV replication and disease^[1].

Molnupiravir (7 mg/kg; p.o.; twice daily for 3.5 days) significantly reduces shed virus load and duration of fever^[2].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	C57BL/6 mice (intranasal infection with SARS-CoV) ^[1]
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Dosage:	50, 150, 500 mg/kg
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Administration:	Oral; every 12 hours for 3 days
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Result:	Body weight loss is significantly diminished or prevented.
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Animal Model:	Ca/09-infected female ferrets ^[1]
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Dosage:	7 mg/kg
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Administration:	Oral; twice daily for 3.5 days
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Result:	Shed virus load and duration of fever were significantly reduced.
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CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- N Engl J Med. 2023 Jan 5;388(1):89-91.
- Nature. 2022 Apr;604(7904):134-140.
- Cell. 2022 Nov 10;185(23):4347-4360.e17.
- Nat Microbiol. 2022 Jun 15.
- Nat Commun. 2023 Jul 4;14(1):3952.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Toots M, et al. Characterization of orally efficacious influenza drug with high resistance barrier in ferrets and human airway epithelia. Sci Transl Med. 2019 Oct 23;11(515). pii: eaax5866.

[2]. Sheahan TP, et al. An orally bioavailable broad-spectrum antiviral inhibits SARS-CoV-2 in human airway epithelial cell cultures and multiple coronaviruses in mice. Sci Transl Med. 2020 Apr 6. pii: eabb5883.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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