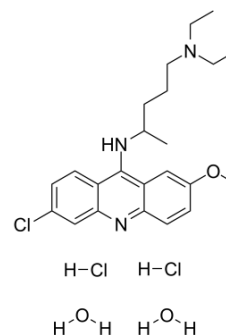


Quinacrine hydrochloride hydrate

Cat. No.:	HY-13735B
CAS No.:	6151-30-0
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₃ H ₃₆ Cl ₃ N ₃ O ₃
Molecular Weight:	508.91
Target:	Parasite; Apoptosis; Autophagy; Mitophagy
Pathway:	Anti-infection; Apoptosis; Autophagy
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Quinacrine hydrochloride hydrate (Mepacrine hydrochloride hydrate) is an antimalarial agent, which possess anticancer effect both in vitro and vivo. Quinacrine hydrochloride hydrate suppresses NF-κB and activates p53 signaling, which results in the induction of the apoptosis ^[1] .																
In Vitro	<p>Quinacrine (5-20 μM; 24 hours) inhibits the growth of SGC-7901 cells^[1].</p> <p>Quinacrine (7.5 and 15 μM; 24 hours) induces apoptosis in SGC-7901 cells, which is associated with mitochondria-dependent signal pathway and involves p53 upregulation and caspase-3 activation pathway^[1].</p> <p>Quinacrine (15 μM; 24 hours) treatment significantly increased the levels of proapoptotic proteins, including cytochrome c, Bax, and p53, and decreased the levels of antiapoptotic protein Bcl-2, thus shifting the ratio of Bax/Bcl-2 in favor of apoptosis^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay^[1]</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Cell Line:</td> <td>SGC-7901 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0, 5, 10, 15, and 20 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>24 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Cell viability was inhibited in a dose-dependent manner, and the mean IC₅₀ value is 16.18 μM.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Apoptosis Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Cell Line:</td> <td>SGC-7901 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>7.5 and 15 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>24 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>The percentage of apoptotic cells, including the early phase and late phase apoptosis, increased to 26.30%, compared with control group of 3.37%.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Western Blot Analysis^[1]</p>	Cell Line:	SGC-7901 cells	Concentration:	0, 5, 10, 15, and 20 μM	Incubation Time:	24 hours	Result:	Cell viability was inhibited in a dose-dependent manner, and the mean IC ₅₀ value is 16.18 μM.	Cell Line:	SGC-7901 cells	Concentration:	7.5 and 15 μM	Incubation Time:	24 hours	Result:	The percentage of apoptotic cells, including the early phase and late phase apoptosis, increased to 26.30%, compared with control group of 3.37%.
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Cell Line:	SGC-7901 cells
Concentration:	15 μ M
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	The relative quantity of cytochrome c protein was upregulated, increased from 0.10 to 0.24. The relative quantity of p53 protein was dramatically increased, from 0.06 to 0.19. The Bax/Bcl-2 ratio was dramatically elevated from 1.21 to 2.59.

In Vivo	<p>Quinacrine (100 mg/kg three times per week for two consecutive weeks) significantly suppresses circulating blast cells at days 30/31 and increases the median survival time (MST). Quinacrine does not decrease the body weight of treated animals at the tested dose^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>	
	Animal Model:	Female SCID mice with acute myeloid leukemia (AML)-PS model ^[2]
	Dosage:	100 mg/kg
	Administration:	Administered by oral gavage (po); three times a week for two consecutive weeks
	Result:	In the first AML mouse in vivo study, evaluation of circulating leukemic cells detected in blood samples (in percent of white blood cells (WBC)) at day 30/31 showed 72% human tumor cells in the control mice, whereas in mice treated with Quinacrine, this was only 2.2%. The MST of control mice was 34 days whereas it was 46 days in Quinacrine-treated mice.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- ACS Nano. 2020 Jun 23;14(6):7639-7650.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Xiaoyang Wu, et al. Quinacrine Inhibits Cell Growth and Induces Apoptosis in Human Gastric Cancer Cell Line SGC-7901. *Curr Ther Res Clin Exp.* 2012 Feb;73(1-2):52-64.
- [2]. Anna Eriksson, et al. Towards repositioning of quinacrine for treatment of acute myeloid leukemia - Promising synergies and in vivo effects. *Leuk Res.* 2017 Dec;63:41-46.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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