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Product Data Sheet

Tenofovir maleate

Cat. No.: HY-13910B CAS No.: 1236287-04

CAS No.: 1236287-04-9 Molecular Formula: $C_{13}H_{18}N_sO_8P$ Molecular Weight: 403.28

Target: HIV; Reverse Transcriptase

Pathway: Anti-infection

Storage: Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of

Analysis.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

DescriptionTenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate is a nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitor to treat HIV and chronic Hepatitis B.

IC₅₀ & Target

HIV-1

In Vitro

Tenofovir shows cytotoxic effects on cell viability in HK-2 cells, with IC $_{50}$ values of 9.21 and 2.77 μ M at 48 and 72 h in MTT assay, respectively. Tenofovir diminishes ATP levels in HK-2 cells. Tenofovir (3.0 to 28.8 μ M) increases oxidative stress and protein carbonylation in HK-2 cells. Furthermore, Tenofovir induces apoptosis in HK-2 cells, and that apoptosis is induced via mitochondrial damage^[1]. Tenofovir and M48U1 formulated in 0.25% HEC each inhibits the replication of both R5-tropic HIV-1_{BaL} and X4-tropic HIV-1_{IIIb} in activated PBMCs, and inhibits several laboratory strains and patient-derived HIV-1 isolates. The combined formulation of M48U1 and tenofovir in 0.25% HEC exhibits synergistic antiretroviral activity against infection with R5-tropic HIV-1_{BaL}, and is not toxic to PBMCs^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate (20, 50, 140, or 300 mg/kg) administered to BLT mice, shows dose dependent activity during vaginal HIV challenge in BLT humanized mice. Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate (50, 140, 300 mg/kg) significantly reduces HIV transmission in BLT mice^[3]. Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate (0.5, 1.5, or 5.0 mg/kg/day, p.o.) induces a dose-dependent decline in serum viremia in woodchucks chronically infected with WHV. Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate administration is safe and effective in the woodchuck model of chronic HBV infection^[4].

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PROTOCOL

Cell Assay [1]

Cells are plated into 48-well tissue culture plates (39,000 cells/mL) and allowed to grow for 48 h followed by treatment with vehicle or Tenofovir. Following the treatment period, cell viability is assessed using the MTT assay. The MTT assay relies on the conversion of tetrazolium dye 3-(4,5-dimethlthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide (MTT) to formazan by NAD(P)H-dependent oxidoreductases^[1].

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Animal Administration [4]

Twenty adult chronic WHV carrier woodchucks are stratified equally by age, sex, body weight, and serum GGT activity into five treatment groups consisting of four animals each: (i) Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate at 15.0 mg/kg once per day, (ii) Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate at 1.5 mg/kg/day, (iv) Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate at 1.5 mg/kg/day, (iv) Tenofovir

Disoproxil Fumarate at 0.5 mg/kg/day, and (v) a placebo control. The woodchucks are treated daily for 4 weeks and observed for an additional 12 weeks following cessation of drug treatment^[4].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Adv Sci (Weinh). 2022 Oct 18;e2203088.
- Int J Antimicrob Agents. 2019 Dec;54(6):814-819.
- Nanoscale. 2017 Jul 13;9(27):9676-9684.
- Antivir Res. 2020 Jun;178:104786.
- Sci Rep. 2017 Mar 15;7:44409.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Murphy RA, et al. Establishment of HK-2 Cells as a Relevant Model to Study Tenofovir-Induced Cytotoxicity. Int J Mol Sci. 2017 Mar 1;18(3).

[2]. Musumeci G, et al. M48U1 and Tenofovir combination synergistically inhibits HIV infection in activated PBMCs and human cervicovaginal histocultures. Sci Rep. 2017 Feb 1;7:41018.

[3]. Wahl A, et al. Predicting HIV Pre-exposure Prophylaxis Efficacy for Women using a Preclinical Pharmacokinetic-Pharmacodynamic In Vivo Model. Sci Rep. 2017 Feb 1;7:41098.

[4]. Menne S, Cote PJ, Korba BE, Antiviral effect of oral administration of tenofovir disoproxil fumarate in woodchucks with chronic woodchuck hepatitis virus infection. Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2005 Jul;49(7):2720-8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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