SRI-37330

Cat. No.:	HY-142114	, O
CAS No.:	2322245-42-9	Ś
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₆ H ₁₉ F ₃ N ₄ O ₂ S	Ó H
Molecular Weight:	388.41	F
Target:	Others	F
Pathway:	Others	F
Storage:	4°C, stored under nitrogen	Į.
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen)	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	2.5746 mL	12.8730 mL	25.7460 mL	
		5 mM	0.5149 mL	2.5746 mL	5.1492 mL	
		10 mM	0.2575 mL	1.2873 mL	2.5746 mL	
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (12.87 mM); Clear solution					
		2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (12.87 mM); Clear solution				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY			
Description	SRI-37330 is an orally active TXNIP inhibitor. SRI-37330 decreases glucagon secretion and action and blocks hepatic glucose output. SRI-37330 can be used in the research of obesity and diabetes ^[1] .		
IC ₅₀ & Target	TXNIP ^[1]		
In Vitro	 SRI-37330 (1 μM, 24 h) inhibits the activity of the human TXNIP promoter in INS-1 cells^[1]. SRI-37330 (1 μM, 24 h) inhibits Mrna and protein levels of TXNIP in INS-1 cells^[1]. SRI-37330 (5 μM, 24 h) inhibits polymerase II (Pol II) binding to the E-box motif region of the TXNIP promoter^[1]. SRI-37330 (5 μM, 24 h) lowers glucagon secretion in TC1-6 cells^[1]. SRI-37330 (0-5 μM, 24 h) inhibits glucagon-induced glucose output from primary hepatocytes^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. 		

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	RT-PCR ^[1]	RT-PCR ^[1]				
	Cell Line:	INS-1 cells				
	Concentration:	1 μΜ				
	Incubation Time:	24 h				
	Result:	Inhibited endogenous TXNIP mRNA expression with an IC $_{50}$ of 0.64 $\mu\text{M}.$				
	SRI-37330 (100 mg/kg, p mice ^[1] .	SRI-37330 (100 mg/kg, p.o., in drinking water, 3 weeks) is well tolerated in male C57BL/6J mice ^[1] . SRI-37330 (100 mg/kg, p.o., in drinking water, 3 weeks) reverses obesity- and STZ-induced diabetes and hepatic steatosis in mice ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.				
	Animal Model:	C57BL/6J mice ^[1]				
	Dosage:	100 mg/kg				
	Administration:	Oral administration (p.o.), in drinking water, 3 weeks.				
	Result:	Lowered serum glucagon levels, inhibited hepatic glucose production and improved glucose homeostasis in mice.				

REFERENCES

[1]. Thielen LA, et al. Identification of an Anti-diabetic, Orally Available Small Molecule that Regulates TXNIP Expression and Glucagon Action. Cell Metab. 2020 Sep 1;32(3):353-365.e8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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