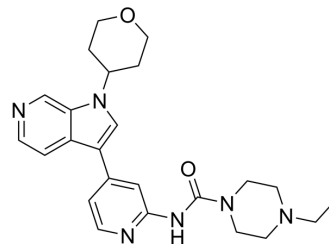


## GNF2133

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-142295		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	2561414-56-8		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	434.53		
<b>Target:</b>	DYRK		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 4 mg/mL (9.21 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Concentration	Mass		
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	2.3013 mL	11.5067 mL	23.0134 mL
5 mM	0.4603 mL	2.3013 mL	4.6027 mL
10 mM	---	---	---

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

GNF2133 is a potent, selective and orally active DYRK1A inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 0.0062, >50 μM for DYRK1A and GSK3β, respectively. GNF2133 shows good proliferation potency and efficacy on rat and human primary β-cell. GNF2133 significantly improves glucose disposal capacity and increases insulin secretion. GNF2133 has the potential for the research of type 1 diabetes<sup>[1]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

DYRK1A	GSK3β
0.0062 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	>50 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )

#### In Vivo

GNF2133 (30 mg/kg; p.o.) shows good oral absorption with oral bioavailability of 22.3%<sup>[1]</sup>.  
 GNF2133 (30 mg/kg; p.o.; once a day for 5 days) shows the ability to proliferate β-cells in vivo<sup>[1]</sup>.  
 GNF2133 (3, 10, 30 mg/kg) significantly improves glucose disposal capacity and increased insulin secretion in RIP-DTA mice [1].  
 Pharmacokinetic Parameters of GNF2133 in CD-1 mice<sup>[1]</sup>.

	plasma (iv)	plasma (po)	pancreas (po)
CL (mL/min/kg)	23.5	/	/
V <sub>ss</sub> (L/kg)	11	/	/
AUC (h·nM)	3268	10974	144420
C <sub>max</sub> (nM)	1977	1675	13319
t <sub>max</sub> <(h)	0.03	3.0	3.0
C <sub>last</sub> (nM)	36.6	19	1324
t <sub>1/2</sub> <(h)	6.6	3.4	6.6
F (%)	/	22.3	/

CD-1 mice; 30 mg/kg; p.o.<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	CD-1 mice <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	30 mg/kg
Administration:	P.o.
Result:	Showed good oral absorption and moderate plasma exposure with oral bioavailability of 22.3%.

Animal Model:	Wistar Han rat <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	30 mg/kg (0.5% methylcellulose + Tween-80)
Administration:	P.o.; once a day for 5 days
Result:	Increased cyclin D1 levels and overall cell density, and increased in cell proliferation marker Ki67 and insulin.

Animal Model:	Diphtheria toxin A (RIP-DTA) mice <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	3, 10, 30 mg/kg (20 mg/kg doxycycline (Dox) for 5 days)
Administration:	P.o., once a day for 35 days
Result:	Significantly improves glucose disposal capacity and increased insulin secretion.

## REFERENCES

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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