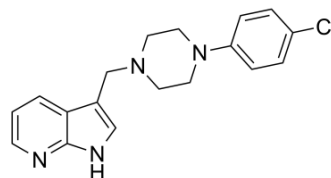


## L-745870

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-14325
<b>CAS No.:</b>	158985-00-3
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	326.82
<b>Target:</b>	Dopamine Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
<b>Storage:</b>	4°C, protect from light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	L-745870 is a potent, selective, brain-penetrant and orally active dopamine D <sub>4</sub> receptor antagonist with a K <sub>i</sub> of 0.43 nM. L-745870 shows weaker affinity for D <sub>2</sub> (K <sub>i</sub> of 960 nM) and D <sub>3</sub> (K <sub>i</sub> of 2300 nM) receptors, and exhibits moderate affinity for 5-HT <sub>2</sub> receptors, sigma sites and α-adrenoceptors <sup>[1][2][3]</sup> .		
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	Human D <sub>4</sub> Receptor 4.3 nM (K <sub>i</sub> )	D <sub>2</sub> Receptor 960 nM (K <sub>i</sub> )	D <sub>3</sub> Receptor 2300 nM (K <sub>i</sub> )
<b>In Vitro</b>	L-745870 is capable of antagonizing the ability of D <sub>4</sub> receptors to inhibit agonist-induced stimulation of [ <sup>35</sup> S]-GTPγS binding; blocking the inhibition of forskolin-stimulated adenylate cyclase activity in transfected human embryonic kidney (HEK293) and Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells; blocking dopamine-induced inhibition of Ca <sup>2+</sup> currents in transfected GH4C1 pituitary cells; inhibiting D <sub>4</sub> activation of cloned G protein-coupled inwardly rectifying K <sup>+</sup> channels; and antagonizing dopamine-induced stimulation of extracellular acidification in transfected cells <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
<b>In Vivo</b>	L-745870 has good pharmacokinetic properties (20-60% oral bioavailability and plasma t <sub>1/2</sub> 2.1-2.8 hours) in both rat and monkey, and excellent brain penetration with high brain to plasma ratios in rat <sup>[2]</sup> . Following oral administration to squirrel monkeys, L745870 (10 mg/kg p.o.) induces mild sedation and extrapyramidal motor symptoms, notably bradykinesia, became apparent at 30 mg/kg. Lower doses of L-745870 has no observable behavioural effects in monkeys <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		

### REFERENCES

- [1]. Bristow LJ, et al. Schizophrenia and L-745,870, a novel dopamine D<sub>4</sub> receptor antagonist. Trends Pharmacol Sci. 1997 Jun;18(6):186-8.
- [2]. Patel S, et al. Biological profile of L-745,870, a selective antagonist with high affinity for the dopamine D<sub>4</sub> receptor. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 1997 Nov;283(2):636-47.
- [3]. Kulagowski JJ, et al. 3-((4-(4-Chlorophenyl)piperazin-1-yl)-methyl)-1H-pyrrolo-2,3-b-pyridine: an antagonist with high affinity and selectivity for the human dopamine D<sub>4</sub> receptor. J Med Chem. 1996 May 10;39(10):1941-2.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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